

Installation/Owner's Manual

1601 / 1602

Barrier Gate Operator

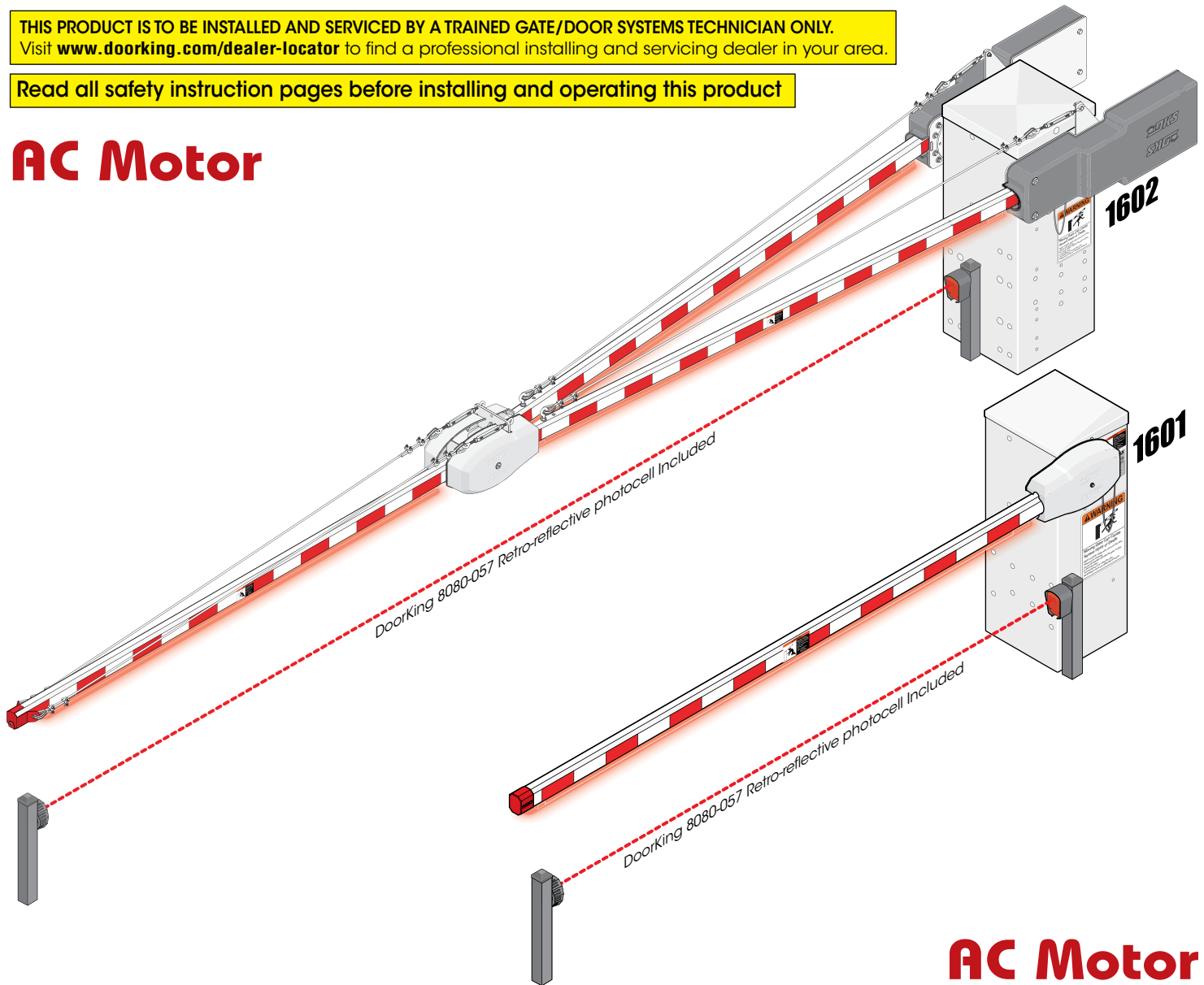
Use this manual for circuit board 1601-010 Revision AK or higher.

1601-065-M-7-26

THIS PRODUCT IS TO BE INSTALLED AND SERVICED BY A TRAINED GATE/DOOR SYSTEMS TECHNICIAN ONLY.
Visit www.doorking.com/dealer-locator to find a professional installing and servicing dealer in your area.

Read all safety instruction pages before installing and operating this product

AC Motor



AC Motor

Date Installed: _____

Installer/Company Name: _____

Phone Number: _____

Circuit Board
Serial Number
and Revision Letter: _____

Leave Manual with Property Owner or Management

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Listed to ANSI/CAN/UL 325



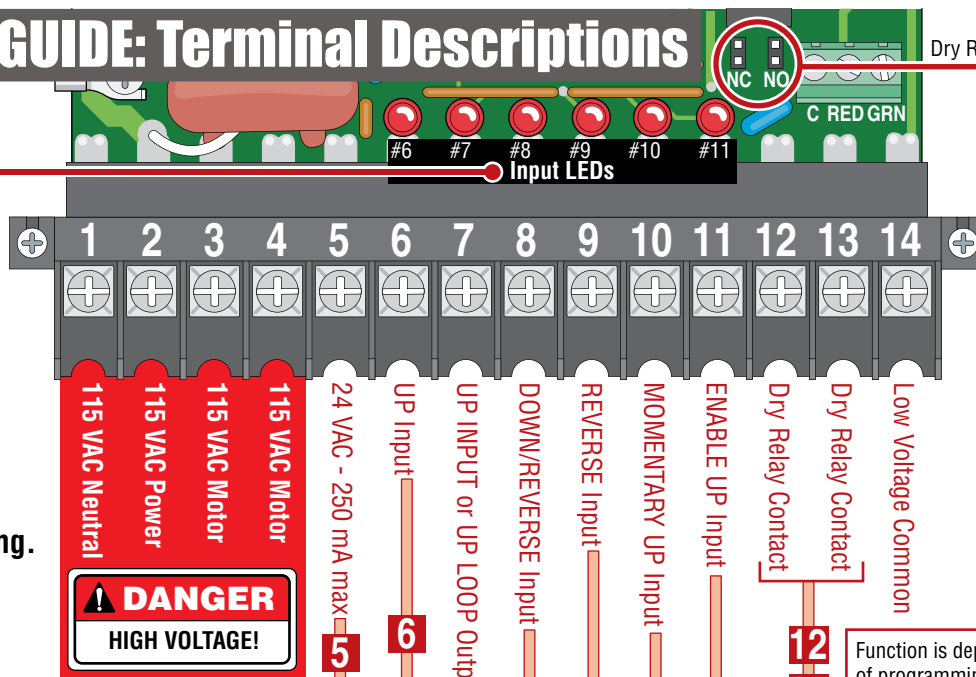
QUICK GUIDE: Terminal Descriptions

Dry Relay Contacts

Input LEDs:

The LED that is above the terminal wiring input will light when that terminal input gets activated.

See pages 21 and 22 for terminal wiring.

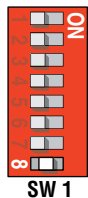


Exceeding 250 mA of power from this terminal may cause the circuit board transformer to **overheat**, causing intermittent problems.

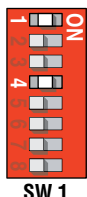
Function is dependent on the setting of programming SW 1, switch 6. When switch 6 is **OFF**, this input will cause the operator to rotate the arm to the up position. If the arm is in the down cycle, this input will reverse the arm to the up position. If this terminal has a constant input, the arm will remain in the up position regardless of any down input or timer command to rotate down. When switch 6 is **ON**, this input will cause the operator to rotate the arm to the up position when it is down, and will cause the operator to rotate the arm to the down position when it is up. If the auto timer is turned ON (Not recommended if switch 6 is ON), this input will override the timer and rotate the arm to the down position. If the arm is in the down cycle, this input will reverse the arm to the up position.



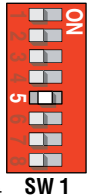
Function is dependent on the setting of programming SW 1, switch 8. When switch 8 is **ON**, the function of this input is identical to terminal 6. When switch 8 is **OFF**, this terminal becomes the logic output of the up loop detector.



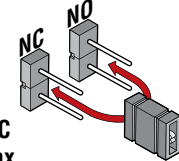
Function is dependent on the setting of programming SW 1, switches 1 and 4. With switch 1 **OFF** and switch 4 **ON**, activation and then deactivation of this input will rotate the arm to the down position, provided that the deactivation of the input happens while the arm is in the full up position. This input will override the auto timer if it is turned **ON**. If the arm is in the down position, traveling in the down cycle, or traveling in the up cycle, activation and deactivation of this input has no effect on the arm. With switches 1 and 4 are **ON**, activation and then deactivation of this input will rotate the arm to the down position after it reaches the full up position regardless of when the deactivation of the input occurred. When switch 4 is **OFF**, this input is identical to the reverse input, terminal 9.



Function is dependent on the setting of programming SW 1, switch 5. When switch 5 is **OFF**, activation of the down loop will activate the relay. When switch 5 is **ON**, activation of the UP loop will activate the relay.



Relay contacts can be set for Normally Open (NO) or Normally Closed (NC) operation. Contact rating is **24V AC or DC @ 1 amp max.**



This input is used when sequencing the 1601 with a slide or swing gate operator in **PAMS** applications. This input is only active after a MOMENTARY UP input is received. Activation of this input will rotate the arm to the up position or reverse an arm in the down cycle to the up position.

This input is used when sequencing the 1601 with a slide or swing gate operator in **PAMS** applications. Activation of this input will rotate the arm to the up position one time, and activates the enable up input.

When the arm is in the down position, activation of this input has no effect. When the arm is in the up position, activation of this input will prevent the arm from rotating to the down position. If the arm is in the down cycle, activation of this input will reverse the arm to the up position. This input can be controlled to allow the arm to lower for tailgating vehicles but **NOT** get lowered when a pedestrian is underneath it. The 9411 plug-in loop detector must be installed for this function, see page 22 for more information about controlled non-contact sensors, pedestrian protection system.

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1/2 HP 115 VAC Lane Barrier OR 1 HP 115 VAC Wedge Barrier	49

1601 SPECIFICATIONS

Class of Operation - UL 325 Class II, III, IV – ETL Listed

Type of Gate - Single Traffic Lane Vehicular Barrier Gate Only

Arm Types - Wood/Plastic/Round/Octagon Arm – Straight, Folding or Octagon/Round Break-Away Arm

Gate Cycles - High Cycle

Pedestrian Protection -

Inherent entrapment sensing system - **Type A**

Provision for connection of a non-contact sensor - **Type B1**

and/or contact sensor - **Type B2**

Model #	Convenience Open	Manual Release	Horsepower - Volts	Amp	Max Arm Length	Speed 90°
White Cabinet						
1601-380	No	Optional	1/2 HP - 115 VAC	5.7	14 Ft	2.5 Sec
1601-381	Yes	Optional	1/2 HP - 115 VAC	5.7	14 Ft	2.5 Sec
Gray Cabinet						
1601-480	No	Optional	1/2 HP - 115 VAC	5.7	14 Ft	2.5 Sec
1601-481	Yes	Optional	1/2 HP - 115 VAC	5.7	14 Ft	2.5 Sec
1603-580	Lane Barrier Operator ONLY - see page 4 and 1620-065.PDF					

Manual Release Note: A operator ordered from the factory **WITH** a Manual Release is shipped with a **Kit** which gets installed in the field.

Power Note: 208/230/460/575 VAC input voltage can be connected to the operator by installing an **"Optional"** High Voltage Kit (P/N 2600-266).

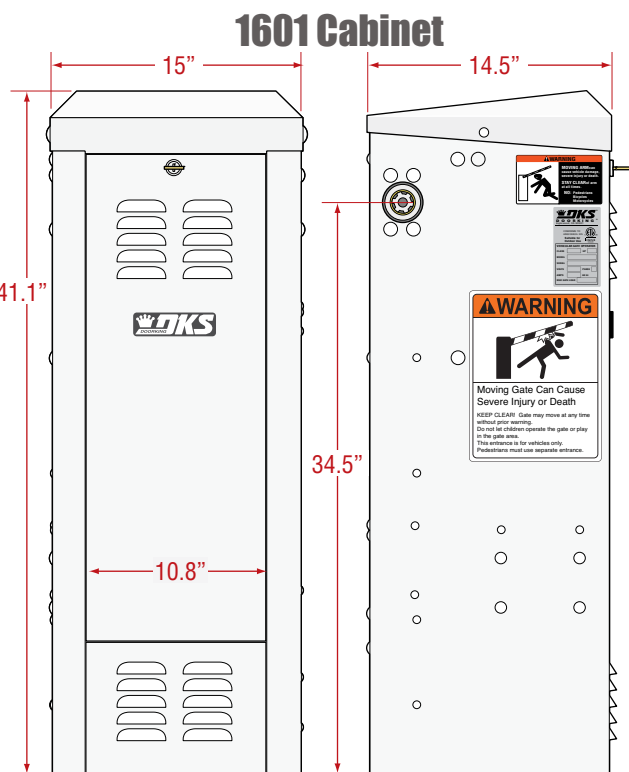
Type of wiring to be used on ALL external devices:

A) Type CL2, CL2P, CL2R, or CL2X.

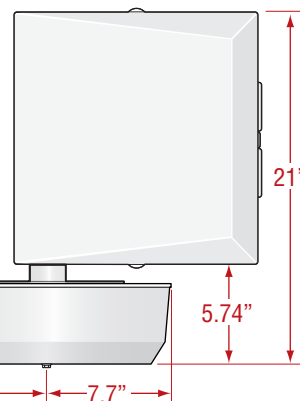
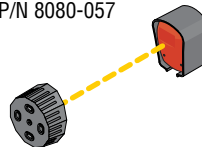
B) Other cable with **equivalent** or **better** electrical, mechanical, and flammability ratings.

Break-Away Round/Octagon Arm Convenience Open Sensor Wire Harness (Included with models 1601-381 and 1601-481 ONLY)

P/N 1601-401



DKS Reflective Photocell (Included with All Models)
P/N 8080-057



Cabinet & Arm Cover Dimensions

1601 Barrier Arm Options

1620 Lane Barrier or 1625 Wedge Barrier **CANNOT** use Plastic or WOOD Arms

Plastic Arm

12 Ft Plastic Arm Only P/N 1601-571

Plastic Arm Hardware Kit (Required)

P/N 1601-241



Plastic Folding Arm

Plastic FOLDING Arm Kit (With Arm)

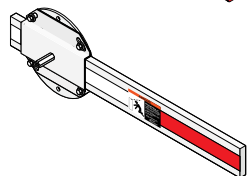
P/N 1601-383



Wood Arm

14 Ft Wood Arm Only P/N 1601-348

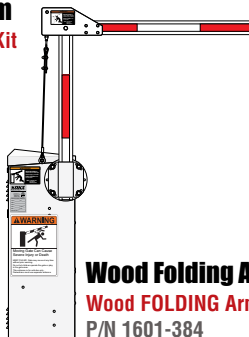
Wood Arm Hardware Kit (Required) P/N 1601-240



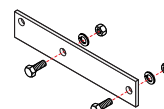
Wood Folding Arm

Wood FOLDING Arm Kit (With Arm)

P/N 1601-384



ALL arms shown without the plastic cover installed.

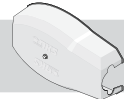


REVERSE Direction of FOLDING Arm Kit
Reverses any style FOLDING arm's horizontal direction from the factory setup.
P/N 1601-545

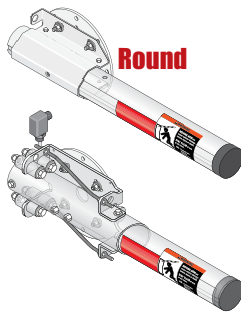
(Arms continued on next page.)

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1601 BARRIER ARM OPTIONS CONTINUED



ALL arms shown without the plastic cover installed.



Round

1620 Lane Barrier or 1625 Wedge Barrier CANNOT use a ROUND Arm

Round Standard Arm

Choose { 14 Ft 1-Piece Aluminum Arm Only P/N 1601-516
14 Ft 2-Piece Aluminum Arm Only P/N 1601-524
Arm Hardware Kit (Required) P/N 1601-242

Round Break-Away Arm

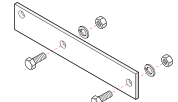
Choose { 14 Ft 1-Piece Aluminum Break-Away Arm Only P/N 1601-522
14 Ft 2-Piece Aluminum Break-Away Arm Only P/N 1601-528
Break-Away Arm Hardware Kit (Required) P/N 8080-295

Contact Sensor for ROUND Arm Note:
See page 38 for Reverse edge OPTIONS.



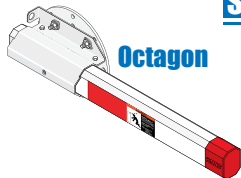
Round Folding Arm

Round FOLDING Arm Kit (With Arms)
P/N 1601-610



REVERSE Direction of FOLDING Arm Kit
Reverses any style FOLDING arm's horizontal direction from the factory setup.
P/N 1601-545

STANDARD Bracket Octagon Arm OPTIONS



Octagon

Octagon Arm

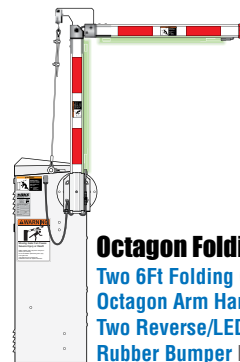
Choose { 14 Ft 1-Piece Octagon Arm Only P/N 1601-555
14 Ft 2-Piece Octagon Arm Only P/N 1601-567
Octagon Arm Hardware Kit (Required) P/N 1601-242
Rubber Bumper P/N 8080-089

Octagon Reverse Edge Arm

Choose { 14 Ft 1-Piece Octagon Arm Only P/N 1601-555
14 Ft 2-Piece Octagon Arm Only P/N 1601-567
Octagon Arm Hardware Kit (Required) P/N 8080-235
Reverse Edge (Required) different lengths available
Reverse Edge 5 Ft P/N 8080-605
Reverse Edge 6 Ft P/N 8080-606
Reverse Edge 9 Ft P/N 8080-609
Reverse Edge 12 Ft P/N 8080-612

Octagon Reverse/LED Edge Arm

Choose { 14 Ft 1-Piece Octagon Arm Only P/N 1601-555
14 Ft 2-Piece Octagon Arm Only P/N 1601-567
Octagon Arm Hardware Kit (Required) P/N 8080-235
Reverse/LED Edge (Required) different lengths available
Reverse/LED Edge 5 Ft P/N 8080-905
Reverse/LED Edge 6 Ft P/N 8080-906
Reverse/LED Edge 9 Ft P/N 8080-909
Reverse/LED Edge 12 Ft P/N 8080-912

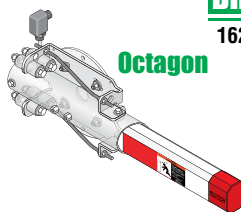


Octagon Folding Arm

Two 6Ft Folding Octagon Arms Only P/N 1601-812
Octagon Arm Hardware Kit (Required) P/N 1601-242
Two Reverse/LED Edges Kit P/N 8080-922
Rubber Bumper P/N 8080-089

BREAK-AWAY Bracket Octagon Arm OPTIONS

1620 Lane Barrier or 1625 Wedge Barrier CANNOT use a Break-Away Arm



Octagon

Octagon Break-Away Arm

Choose { 14 Ft 1-Piece Octagon Arm Only P/N 1601-555
14 Ft 2-Piece Octagon Arm Only P/N 1601-567
Break-Away Arm Hardware Kit (Required) P/N 8080-295
Rubber Bumper P/N 8080-089

Octagon Break-Away Reversing Edge Arm

Choose { 14 Ft 1-Piece Octagon Arm Only P/N 1601-555
14 Ft 2-Piece Octagon Arm Only P/N 1601-567
Break-Away Arm Hardware Kit (Required) P/N 8080-295
Reverse Edge (Required) different lengths available
Reverse Edge 5 Ft P/N 8080-605
Reverse Edge 6 Ft P/N 8080-606
Reverse Edge 9 Ft P/N 8080-609
Reverse Edge 12 Ft P/N 8080-612

Octagon Break-Away Reversing/LED Edge Arm

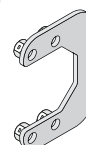
Choose { 14 Ft 1-Piece Octagon Arm Only P/N 1601-555
14 Ft 2-Piece Octagon Arm Only P/N 1601-567
Break-Away Arm Hardware Kit (Required) P/N 8080-295
Reverse/LED Edge (Required) different lengths available
Reverse/LED Edge 5 Ft P/N 8080-905
Reverse/LED Edge 6 Ft P/N 8080-906
Reverse/LED Edge 9 Ft P/N 8080-909
Reverse/LED Edge 12 Ft P/N 8080-912

Contact Sensor Note: A reverse edge is NOT to be used as a replacement, or in lieu of, in-ground loops or non-contact sensor (photocell) that protect vehicles passing underneath the barrier arm. A moving vehicle coming in contact with a downward moving barrier arm WILL result in damage to the vehicle and the barrier arm/reversing edge if NOT using in-ground loops or non-contact sensor (Photocell).

Break-Away Bracket Stiffener for High Winds

This bracket will stiffen the release rollers to prevent unwanted arm release that may occur during high winds. The kit provides a bracket for an existing WHITE break-away arm bracket ONLY.

High Wind Bracket Kit P/N 1601-297



LANE BARRIER OPTIONS

1603-580 Lane Barrier Operator

Class of Operation - UL 325 Class II, III, IV – ETL Listed

Type of Gate - Use with 1620 Series Lane Barriers Only

Arm Types - Octagon Arm ONLY – Straight or Folding (NO Break-Away)

Gate Cycles - High Cycle

Pedestrian Protection -

Inherent entrapment sensing system - **Type A**

Provision for connection of a non-contact sensor - **Type B1**

and/or contact sensor - **Type B2**

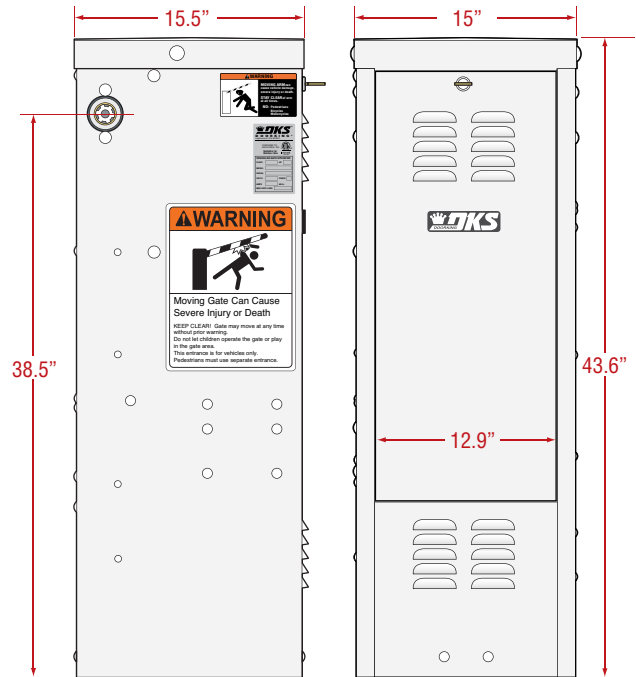
Model #	Convenience Open	Manual Release	Horsepower - Volts	Amp	Max Arm Length	Speed 90°
1603-580	No	Yes	1/2 HP - 115 VAC	5.7	14 Ft	2.5 Sec

Note: 208/230/460/575 VAC input voltage can be connected to the operator by installing an "Optional" High Voltage Kit (P/N 2600-266).

Type of wiring to be used on ALL external devices:

A) Type CL2, CL2P, CL2R, or CL2X.

B) Other cable with equivalent or better electrical, mechanical, and flammability ratings.



1620 Lane Barrier

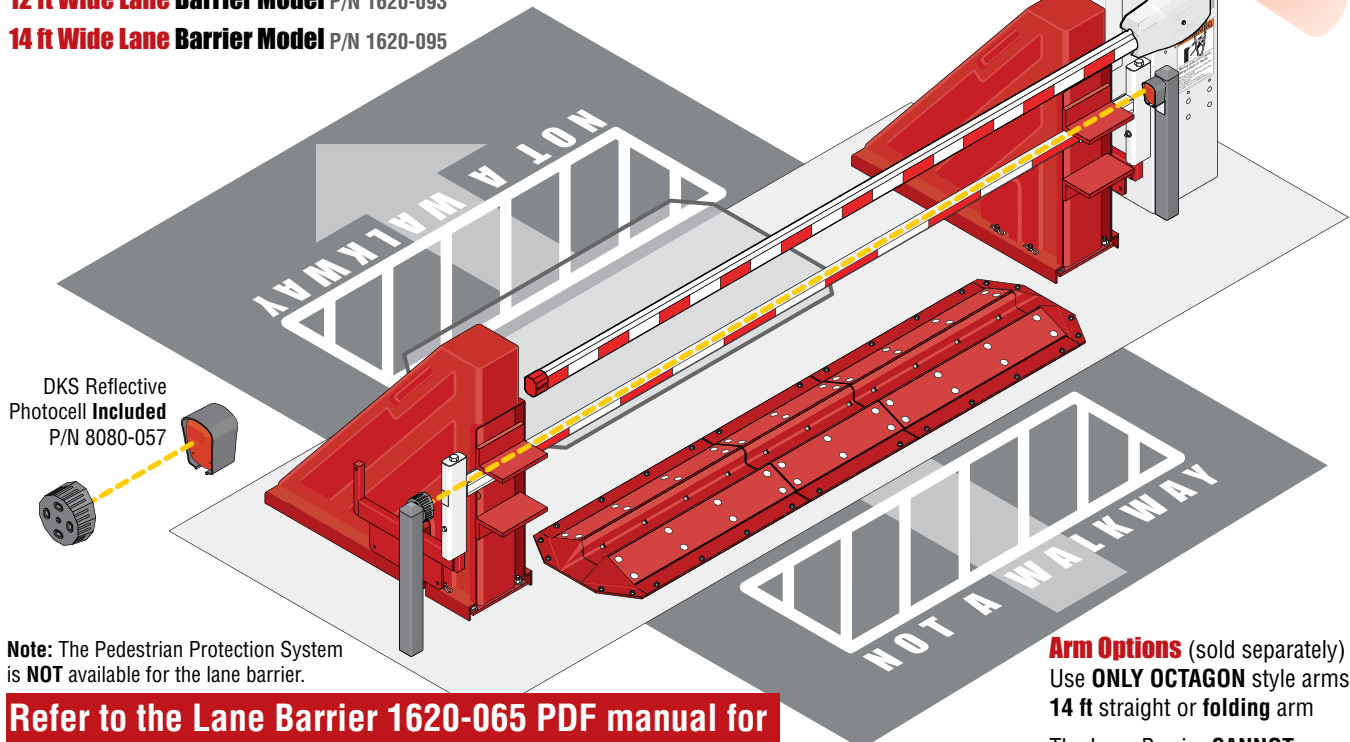
1620 Lane Barrier is NOT a stand-alone system. It MUST use the 1603-580 Barrier Operator.
(sold separately)

9 ft Wide Lane Barrier Model P/N 1620-090

10 ft Wide Lane Barrier Model P/N 1620-091

12 ft Wide Lane Barrier Model P/N 1620-093

14 ft Wide Lane Barrier Model P/N 1620-095



Note: The Pedestrian Protection System is **NOT** available for the lane barrier.

Refer to the Lane Barrier 1620-065 PDF manual for more information about the Installation and Safety

Arm Options (sold separately)

Use **ONLY OCTAGON** style arms
14 ft straight or **folding** arm

The Lane Barrier **CANNOT** use a
Break-Away or a **17 Ft** Arm

1602 SPECIFICATIONS

Class of Operation - UL 325 Class II, III, IV – ETL Listed

Type of Gate - Wide Traffic Lane Vehicular Barrier Gate Only

Arm Types - 17 ft Straight/Break-Away Octagon Arms or Wood/Round/Octagon 3-Piece Counter-balanced Arms

Gate Cycles - Low Cycle

Pedestrian Protection -

Inherent entrapment sensing system - **Type A**

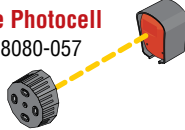
Provision for connection of a non-contact sensor - **Type B1**

and/or contact sensor - **Type B2**

Model #	Convenience Open	Manual Release	Horsepower - Volts	Amp	Max Arm Length	Speed 90°
1602-090	No	Yes	1 HP - 115 VAC	9.7	27 Ft	5.5 Sec
1602-091	Yes	Yes	1 HP - 115 VAC	9.7	27 Ft	5.5 Sec
1602-590	Wedge Barrier Operator ONLY - see page 7 and 1625-065.PDF					

Note: 208/230/460/575 VAC input voltage can be connected to the operator by installing an “Optional” High Voltage Kit (P/N 2600-266).

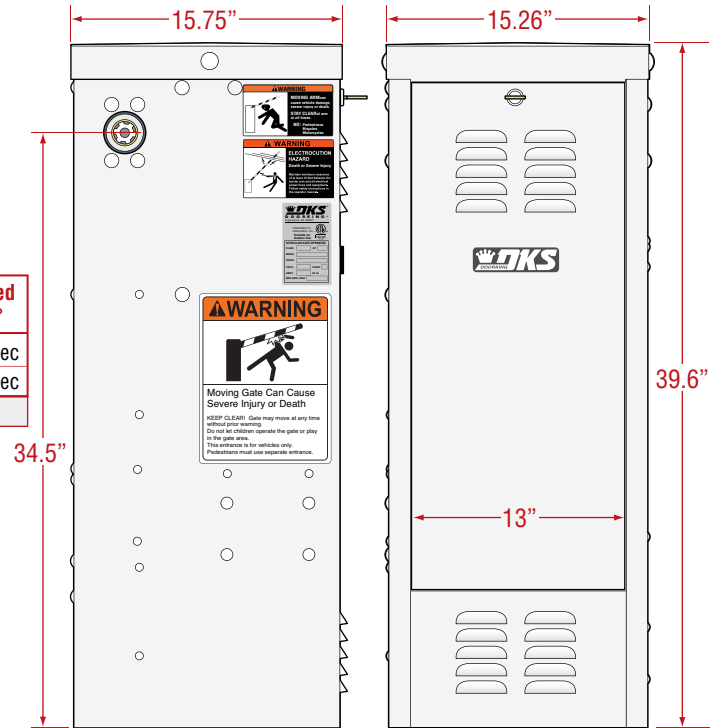
DKS Reflective Photocell (Included) P/N 8080-057



2 Warning Signs (Included) Warning signs are to be permanently installed in the area of the gate in such a manner that at least one warning sign is visible by persons located on each side of the gate, for both the secure and unsecure sides of the gate.



1602 Cabinet



Type of wiring to be used on ALL external devices:

A) Type **CL2**, **CL2P**, **CL2R**, or **CL2X**.

B) Other cable with **equivalent** or **better** electrical, mechanical, and flammability ratings.

Drawings not to scale

1602 Barrier Arm Options

Contact Sensor Note: A reverse edge is **NOT** to be used as a replacement, or in lieu of, in-ground loops or non-contact sensor (photocell) that protect vehicles passing underneath the barrier arm. A **moving** vehicle coming in contact with a downward moving barrier arm **WILL** result in **damage to the vehicle** and the barrier arm/reversing edge if **NOT** using in-ground loops or non-contact sensor (Photocell).

Wood Arm

ONLY used on the 1602-090 or 1602-091 Barrier Models

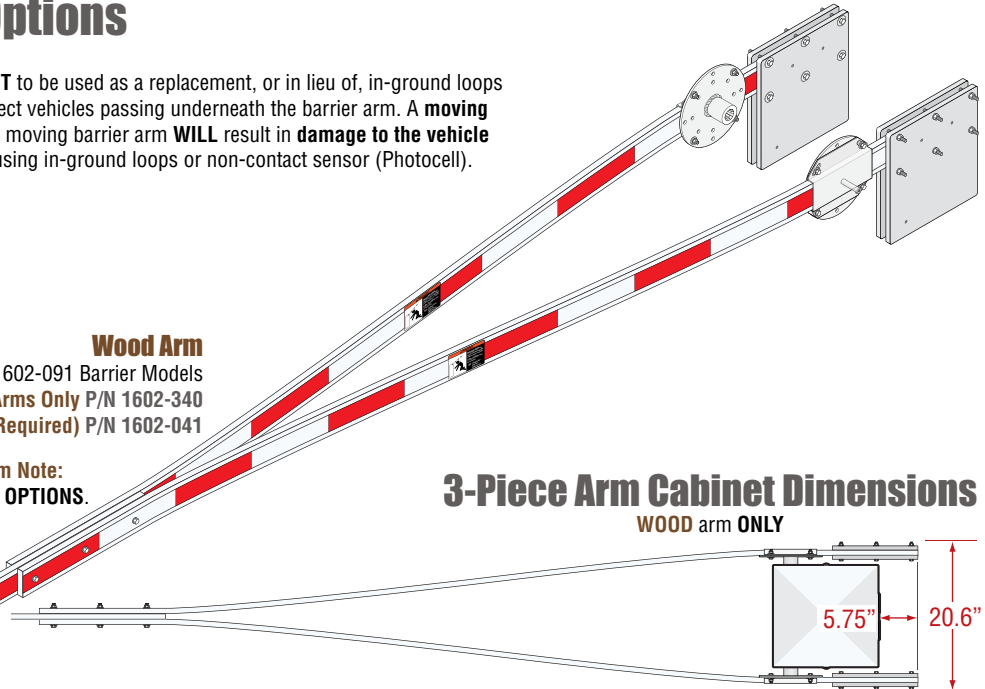
3-Piece 20 Ft Wood Arms Only P/N 1602-340

3-Piece 20 Ft Wood Arms Hardware Kit (Required) P/N 1602-041

Contact Sensor for WOOD Arm Note:
See page 38 for Reverse edge **OPTIONS**.

3-Piece Arm Cabinet Dimensions

WOOD arm ONLY



(Arms continued on next page.)

1602 BARRIER ARM OPTIONS CONTINUED

1625 Wedge Barrier (Model 1602-580) CANNOT use a 3-Piece Arm

3-Piece ROUND Arm

ONLY used on the 1602-090 or 1602-091 Barrier Models

3-Piece 20 Ft Round Arm Kit P/N 1602-162

3-Piece 24 Ft Round Arm Kit P/N 1602-164

3-Piece 27 Ft Round Arm Kit P/N 1602-166

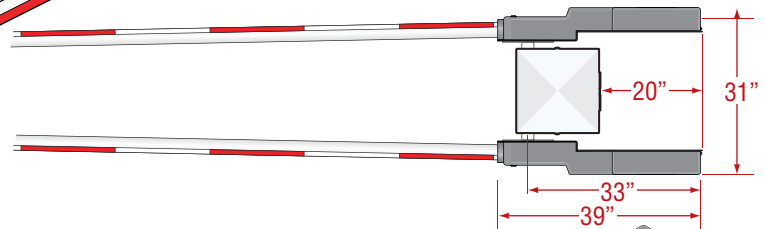
(All hardware included in kits)

Refer to the 1602-149 PDF for 3-Piece ROUND arm Installation

Contact Sensor for ROUND Arm Note:
See page 38 for Reverse edge OPTIONS.

3-Piece Arm Cabinet Dimensions

ROUND or OCTAGON arms ONLY



3-Piece OCTAGON Arm, WITHOUT Reverse/LED Edge

ONLY used on the 1602-090 or 1602-091 Barrier Models

3-Piece 20 Ft Octagon Arms Only P/N 1602-282

3-Piece 24 Ft Octagon Arms Only P/N 1602-284

3-Piece 27 Ft Octagon Arms Only P/N 1602-287

(All hardware included with Octagon arms Only kit)

Refer to the 1602-158 PDF for 3-Piece OCTAGON arm installation WITHOUT Reverse/LED Edge installation pages 7-9

3-Piece OCTAGON Arm WITH Reverse/LED Edge

ONLY used on the 1602-090 or 1602-091 Barrier Models

3-Piece 20 Ft Reverse/LED Edge Kit P/N 1602-982

(Fits on P/N 1602-282 arms only)

3-Piece 24 Ft Reverse/LED Edge Kit P/N 1602-984

(Fits on P/N 1602-284 arms only)

3-Piece 27 Ft Reverse/LED Edge Kit P/N 1602-987

(Fits on P/N 1602-287 arms only)

Refer to the 1602-158 PDF for 3-Piece OCTAGON arm WITH Reverse/LED Edge installation pages 1-6

17 Ft OCTAGON Standard Bracket Reverse/LED Edge Arm

ONLY used on the 1602-090, 1602-091 or 1602-590-Wedge Barrier Models

14 Ft 1-Piece Octagon Arm Only P/N 1601-555

3 Ft Octagon Arm Extension Kit P/N 1602-303

Octagon Arm Hardware Kit (Required) P/N 8080-235

15 FT Reverse/LED Edge (Optional) P/N 8080-915

17 Ft OCTAGON Arm Reference:

1601-268 PDF for STANDARD bracket installation

1601-269 PDF for BREAK-AWAY bracket installation

1620 Lane Barrier CANNOT use a 17 Ft Arm

1625 Wedge Barrier CAN use a 17 Ft Standard Arm

It CANNOT use a Break-Away Arm

Contact Sensor Note: A reverse edge is NOT to be used as a replacement, or in lieu of, in-ground loops or non-contact sensor (photocell) that protect vehicles passing underneath the barrier arm. A moving vehicle coming in contact with a downward moving barrier arm WILL result in damage to the vehicle and the barrier arm/reversing edge if NOT using in-ground loops or non-contact sensor (Photocell).

17 Ft OCTAGON Break-Away Bracket Reverse/LED Edge Arm

for 1602-090 or 1602-091 Barrier Models

14 Ft 1-Piece Octagon Arm Only P/N 1601-555

3 Ft Octagon Arm Extension Kit P/N 1602-303

Break-Away Arm Hardware Kit (Required) P/N 8080-295

15 FT Reverse/LED Edge (Optional) P/N 8080-915

Note: P/N 1601-401 Convenience Open Sensor Wire Harness will be included when installing Break-Away Arm on 1602-091 Barrier Model

WEDGE BARRIER OPTIONS

1602-590 Wedge Barrier Operator

Class of Operation - UL 325 Class II, III, IV – ETL Listed

Type of Gate - Use with 1625 Series Wedge Barriers Only

Arm Types - **Octagon Arm ONLY** – Straight or Folding
(NO Break-Away or 3-Piece Arm)

Gate Cycles - Low Cycle

Pedestrian Protection -

Inherent entrapment sensing system - **Type A**

Provision for connection of a non-contact sensor - **Type B1**

and/or contact sensor - **Type B2**

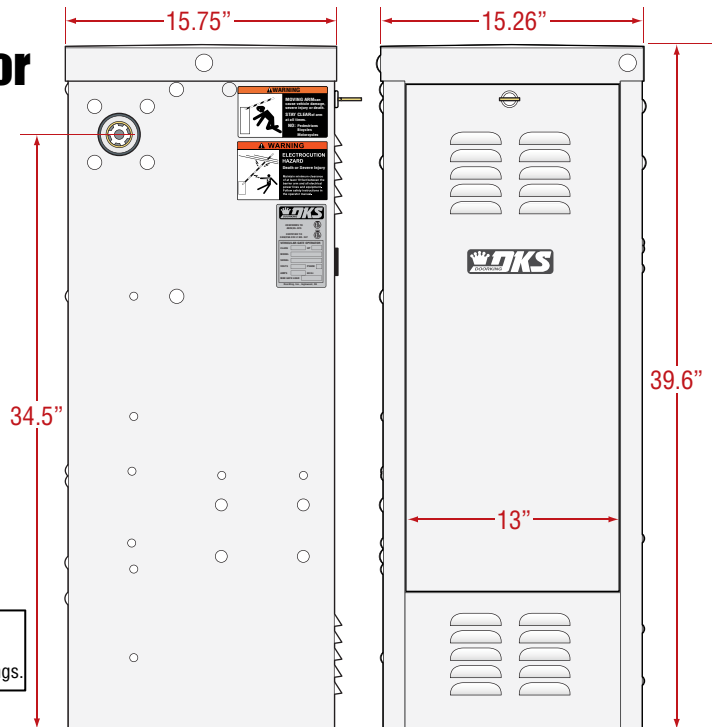
Model #	Convenience Open	Manual Release	Horsepower - Volts	Amp	Max Arm Length	Speed 90°
1602-590	No	Yes	1 HP - 115 VAC	9.7	17 Ft	3.5 Sec

Note: 208/230/460/575 VAC input voltage can be connected to the operator by installing an “Optional” High Voltage Kit (P/N 2600-266).

Type of wiring to be used on ALL external devices:

A) Type CL2, CL2P, CL2R, or CL2X.

B) Other cable with **equivalent** or **better** electrical, mechanical, and flammability ratings.



1625 Wedge Barrier

1625 Wedge Barrier is NOT a stand-alone system. It MUST use the 1602-590 Barrier Operator.
(sold separately)

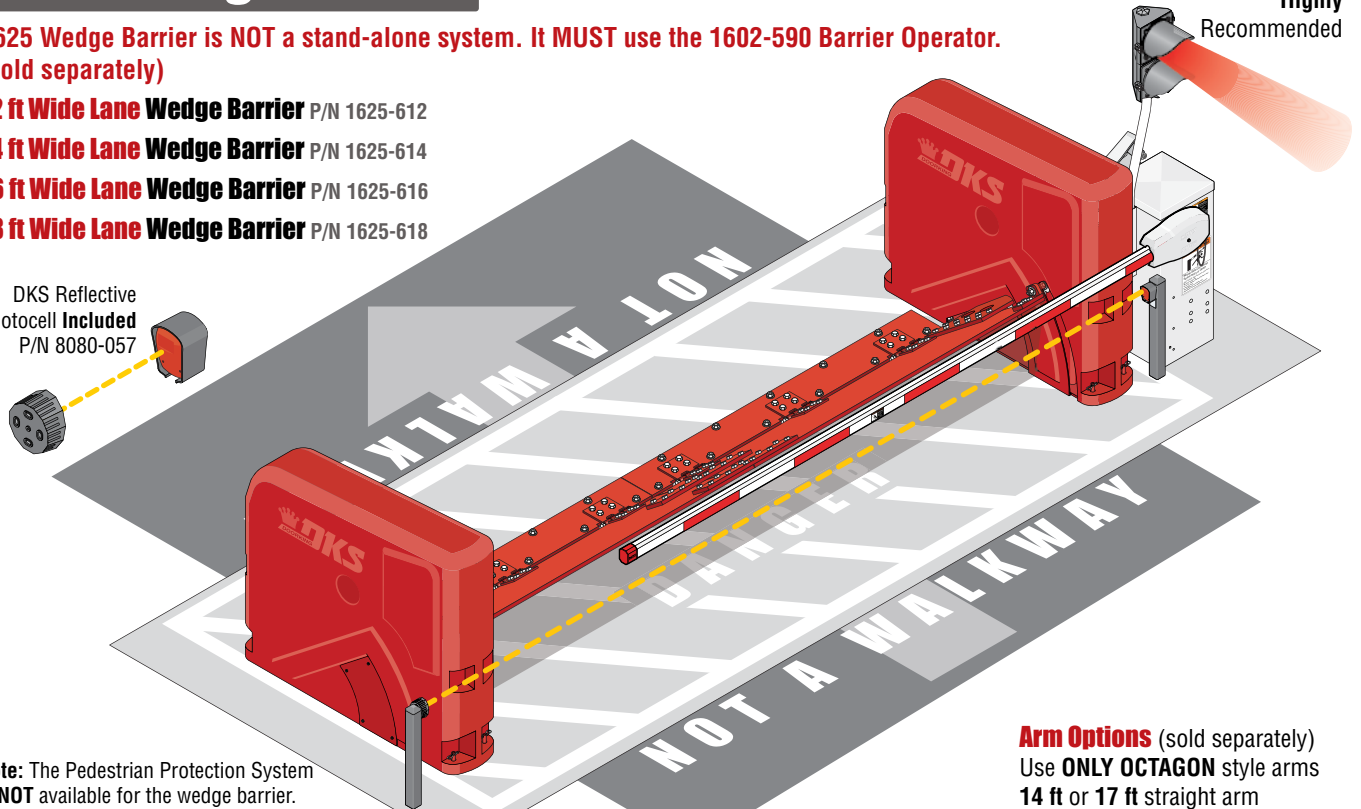
12 ft Wide Lane Wedge Barrier P/N 1625-612

14 ft Wide Lane Wedge Barrier P/N 1625-614

16 ft Wide Lane Wedge Barrier P/N 1625-616

18 ft Wide Lane Wedge Barrier P/N 1625-618

DKS Reflective
Photocell **Included**
P/N 8080-057



Note: The Pedestrian Protection System is **NOT** available for the wedge barrier.

Refer to the Wedge Barrier 1625-065 PDF manual for more information about the Installation and Safety

Traffic Light (sold separately)
Highly Recommended

Arm Options (sold separately)
Use **ONLY OCTAGON** style arms
14 ft or **17 ft** straight arm

The Wedge Barrier **CANNOT**
use a **Break-Away** Arm or
3-Piece Arm.

SECTION 1 - IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

1.1 UL 325 Entrapment Protection for Vertical Barrier Arm

UL 325 Classifications



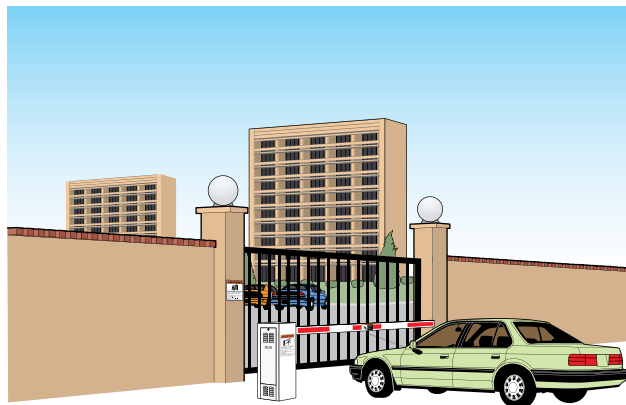
Class I - Residential Vehicular Gate Operator

A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in garages or parking areas associated with a residence of one-to four single families. This does **NOT** apply to a vertical barrier arm.



Class III - Industrial/Limited Access Vehicular Gate Operator

A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in an industrial location or building such as a factory or loading dock area or other locations not accessible by or intended to service the general public.



Class II - Commercial/General Access Vehicular Gate Operator

A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a commercial location or building such as a multi-family housing unit (five or more single family units), hotel, garages, retail store, or other buildings accessible by or servicing the general public.



Class IV - Restricted Access Vehicular Gate Operator

A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a guarded industrial location or building such as an airport security area or other restricted access locations not servicing the general public, in which unauthorized access is prevented via supervision by security personnel.

Gate Operator Category	Horizontal Slide, Vertical Lift, Vertical Pivot, Horizontal Bifold	Swing, Vertical Barrier (Arm)
Entrapment Protection Types	A, B1*, B2* or D	A, B1*, B2*, C or D

Type A - Inherent entrapment protection system.

Type B1 - Non-contact sensor (photoelectric sensor or the equivalent).

Type B2 - Contact sensor (edge device or equivalent).

Type C - Inherent force limiting, inherent adjustable clutch or inherent pressure relief device.

Type D - Actuating device requiring constant pressure to maintain opening or closing motion of the gate.

* **B1** and **B2** means of entrapment protection must be **MONITORED**.

Vertical Barrier Note: Barrier gate operators (arm) that is not intended to move toward a rigid object **closer than 16 inches** (406 mm) are **NOT** required to be provided with a means of entrapment protection.

1.2 Important Safety Instructions

English	French
IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS WARNING – To reduce the risk of severe injury or death: 1. READ AND FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS. 2. Never let children operate or play with gate controls. Keep the remote control away from children. 3. Always keep people and objects away from the gate. NO ONE SHOULD CROSS THE PATH OF THE MOVING GATE. 4. Test the gate operator monthly. The gate MUST reverse on contact with a rigid object or stop when an object activates the non-contact sensors. After adjusting the force or the limit of travel, retest the gate operator. Failure to adjust and retest the gate operator properly can increase the risk of injury or death. 5. Use the manual release only when the gate is not moving. 6. KEEP GATES PROPERLY MAINTAINED. Read the user's manual. Have a qualified service person make repairs to gate hardware. 7. The entrance is for vehicles only. Pedestrians must use separate entrance. 8. SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.	AVERTISSEMENT DE CONSIGNES DE SÉCURITÉ IMPORTANTES – Pour réduire le risques de blessures graves ou mortelles : 1. LIRE ET SUIVRE TOUTES LES INSTRUCTIONS. 2. Ne jamais laisser les enfants faire fonctionner la porte ou jouer avec les commandes de la barrière. Garder la télécommande hors de la portée des enfants. 3. Toujours garder les personnes et les objets loin de la barrière. PERSONNE NE DEVRAIT FRANCHIR LA BARRIÈRE EN MOUVEMENT. 4. Vérifier l'ouvre-barrière une fois par mois. La barrière DOIT inverser son mouvement au contact d'un objet rigide, lorsque celui-ci active les capteurs sans contact. Après avoir réglé la force ou la limite du déplacement, vérifier de nouveau l'ouvre-barrière. Si l'ouvre-barrière est mal réglé ou n'est pas vérifié de manière appropriée, le risque de ou de blessures graves ou mortelles est accru. 5. Utiliser le dispositif de dégagement manuel uniquement si la barrière est immobilisée. 6. ASSURER L'ENTRETIEN ADÉQUAT DE LA BARRIÈRE. Lire le guide d'utilisation. Demander à un professionnel qualifié de réparer la quincaillerie de la barrière . 7. L'entrée est réservée aux véhicules . Les piétons doivent avoir une entrée distincte. 8. CONSERVER CES INSTRUCTIONS.

1.3 Instructions regarding intended UL 325 installation:

English	French
a) Install the gate operator only when: 1) The operator is appropriate for the construction of the gate and the usage Class of the gate, 2) All openings of a horizontal slide gate are guarded or screened from the bottom of the gate to a minimum of 1.83 m (6 ft) above the ground to prevent a 57.2 mm (2-1/4 inch) diameter sphere from passing through the openings anywhere in the gate, and in that portion of the adjacent fence that the gate covers in the open position, 3) All areas of the moving vertical pivot gate panel from the bottom of the gate to the top of the gate or a minimum of 1.83 m (72 in) above grade, whichever is less, that pass by a fixed stationary object, and in the area of the adjacent fence that the gate covers during the travel of the gate, shall be designed, guarded or screened to prevent a 57 mm (2-1/4 in) diameter sphere from passing through such areas. 4) All exposed pinch points are eliminated or guarded, and 5) Guarding is supplied for exposed rollers. 6) The operator instructions shall list the maximum number of open and close entrapment protection devices capable of being connected to the operator.	a) Installer l'ouvre-barrière uniquement si : 1) L'ouvre-barrière convient à la construction et la classe d'utilisation de la barrière. 2) Toutes les ouvertures de la barrière coulissante horizontale sont protégées ou grillagées du bas de la barrière jusqu'à au moins 1,83 m (6 pi) du sol si bien qu'une sphère de 57,2 mm (2 1/4 po) de diamètre ne peut passer par aucune ouverture dans la barrière ou dans la portion de la clôture adjacente que la barrière couvre en position ouverte. 3) Toutes les zones du panneau d'une barrière à pivot verticale du bas jusqu'au haut de la barrière ou jusqu'à au moins 1,83 m (72 po) au-dessus du sol (la hauteur la plus basse prévalant) qui passe par un objet immobile et dans la portion de la clôture adjacente que la barrière couvre pendant sa course sont conçues, protégées ou grillagées si bien qu'une sphère de 57 mm (2 1/4 po) de diamètre ne peut passer par de telles zones. 4) Tous les points de pincement sont éliminés ou protégés . 5) Des protections sont fournies pour les galets exposés. 6) Les instructions de l'ouvre-barrière doivent indiquer le nombre maximal de dispositifs de protection contre le coincement à l'ouverture ou à la fermeture.

1.3 Instructions regarding UL 325 installation cont:

English	French
b) The operator is intended for installation only on gates used for vehicles. Pedestrians must be supplied with a separate access opening. The pedestrian access opening shall be designed to promote pedestrian usage. Locate the gate such that persons will not come in contact with the vehicular gate during the entire path of travel of the vehicular gate. c) The gate must be installed in a location so that enough clearance is supplied between the gate and adjacent structures when opening and closing to reduce the risk of entrapment. Swinging gates shall not open into public access areas. d) The gate must be properly installed and work freely in both directions prior to the installation of the gate operator. Do not over-tighten the operator clutch or pressure relief valve to compensate for an improperly installed, improperly functioning, or damaged gate. e) For a gate operator utilizing Type D entrapment protection: 1) The gate operator controls must be placed so that the user has full view of the gate area when the gate is moving, 2) The placard shall be placed adjacent to the controls, 3) An automatic closing device (such as a timer, loop sensor, or similar device) shall not be employed, and 4) No other activation device shall be connected. f) Permanently mounted controls intended for user activation must be located at least 1.83 m (6 ft) away from any moving part of the gate and where the user is prevented from reaching over, under, around or through the gate to operate the controls. Exception: Emergency access controls only accessible by authorized personnel (e.g. fire, police, EMS) may be placed at any location in the line-of-sight of the gate. g) The Stop and/or Reset button must be located in the line-of-sight of the gate. Activation of the reset control shall not cause the operator to start. h) A minimum of two (2) WARNING SIGNS shall be installed, in the area of the gate. Each placard is to be visible by persons located on the side of the gate on which the placard is installed. i) For a gate operator utilizing Type B1, non-contact entrapment protection: 1) See instructions on the placement of non-contact sensors for each Type of application, 2) Care shall be exercised to reduce the risk of nuisance tripping, such as when a vehicle, trips the sensor while the gate is still moving, and 3) One or more non-contact sensors shall be located where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exists, such as the perimeter reachable by a moving gate or barrier. j) For a gate operator utilizing Type B2, contact entrapment protection: 1) One or more contact sensors shall be located where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exists, such as at the leading edge, trailing edge, and postmounted both inside and outside of a vehicular horizontal slide gate.	b) L'ouvre-barrière doit être installé uniquement sur des barrières utilisées pour les véhicules. Les piétons doivent avoir une entrée distincte. Celle-ci doit être conçue pour inciter les piétons à l'utiliser. L'accès doit se trouver dans un endroit où les piétons n'entreront pas en contact avec une barrière pour véhicules en mouvement pendant le déplacement de la barrière. c) Pour réduire le risque de coincement lors de l'ouverture et de la fermeture, la barrière doit être installée dans un endroit où elle est suffisamment éloignée des structures avoisinantes. Les barrières basculantes ne doivent pas s'ouvrir dans des endroits accessibles au public. d) S'assurer que la barrière est bien installée et fonctionne librement dans les deux directions avant d'entreprendre l'installation de l'ouvre-barrière. Ne pas trop serrer l'embrayage de l'ouvre-barrière ou la soupape de décharge de l'ouvre-barrière pour compenser une barrière mal installée, qui ne fonctionne pas correctement ou qui est endommagée. e) Pour un ouvre-barrière utilisant une protection contre le coincement de type D: 1) les commandes de l'ouvre-barrière doivent être placées de sorte que l'utilisateur voit l'ensemble de la zone de la barrière lorsque cette dernière est en mouvement. 2) La plaque exigée doit être placée à côté des commandes. 3) Ne pas utiliser de dispositif de fermeture automatique (comme une minuterie, une boucle de détection ou un dispositif similaire). 4) Ne brancher aucun autre dispositif d'activation. f) Les commandes permanentes destinées à l'activation par l'utilisateur doivent être situées à au moins 1,83 m (6 pi) des pièces mobiles de la barrière et à un endroit que l'utilisateur ne peut atteindre pour actionner les commandes par-dessus ou sous la barrière, ou à côté ou au travers de la barrière. Exception: Les commandes d'accès d'urgence accessibles au personnel autorisé seulement (p. ex. pompiers, policiers, ambulanciers) peuvent être placées n'importe où, du moment qu'elles sont en vue de la barrière. g) Le bouton d'arrêt, ou de réinitialisation doit être situé en vue de la barrière. L'activation de la commande de réinitialisation ne doit pas entraîner l'activation de l'ouvre-barrière. h) Au moins deux (2) PANNEAUX D'AVERTISSEMENT doivent être installés dans la zone de la barrière. Toutes les plaques d'avertissement doivent être visibles des personnes situées à côté de la barrière sur laquelle les plaques sont installées. i) Pour un ouvre-barrières utilisant un capteur sans contact pour la protection contre le coincement de type B1: 1) Voir les instructions sur l'emplacement des capteurs sans contact pour chaque type d'application. 2) Des précautions doivent être prises pour réduire les risques de déclenchement inutile, comme lorsqu'un véhicule déclenche le capteur pendant que la barrière est encore en mouvement. 3) Au moins un capteur sans contact ou plus doit être situé où il existe un risque de coincement ou d'obstruction, comme dans l'espace que peuvent atteindre le bras et la barrière lorsqu'ils sont en mouvement. j) Pour un ouvre-barrière utilisant un capteurs de contact pour la protection contre le coincement de type B2: 1) Au moins un capteur de contact doit être situé où il existe un risque de coincement ou d'obstruction, comme sur le bord d'attaque, sur le bord de fuite et sur les poteaux montés sur l'intérieur et l'extérieur d'une barrière coulissante horizontale pour véhicules.

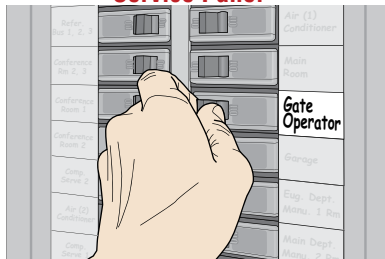
1.3 Instructions regarding UL 325 installation cont:

English	French
2) One or more contact sensors shall be located at the bottom edge of a vehicular vertical lift gate. 3) One or more contact sensors shall be located at the pinch point of a vehicular vertical pivot gate. 4) A hardwired contact sensor shall be located and its wiring arranged so that the communication between the sensor and the gate operator is not subjected to mechanical damage. 5) A wireless device such as one that transmits radio frequency (RF) signals to the gate operator for entrapment protection functions shall be located where the transmission of the signals are not obstructed or impeded by building structures, natural landscaping or similar obstruction. A wireless device shall function under the intended end-use conditions. 6) One or more contact sensors shall be located on the inside and outside leading edge of a swing gate. Additionally, if the bottom edge of a swing gate is greater than 101.6 mm (4 in) but less than 406 mm (16 inches) above the ground at any point in its arc of travel, one or more contact sensors shall be located on the bottom edge. 7) For a vertical barrier (arm) operator utilizing Type B2 contact entrapment protection, one or more contact sensors shall be located at the bottom edge of a vertical barrier (arm). 8) One or more contact sensors shall be located where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exists on a bifold gate, such as: i) At the inner and outer leading edge, ii) Between the outer column panel and the inner bifold panel of an opening bifold gate, iii) Between the outer/column panel and any obstruction within 406mm (16 in) of the gate panel when it is in the fully open position, iv) At hinge points depending on the construction of the gate, v) On the bottom edge(s), if the bottom edge(s) of a bifold gate is/are greater than 152 mm (4 in) but less than 406 mm (16 in) above the ground at any point in its arc of travel.	2) Au moins un capteur de contact doit être situé sur le bord inférieur d'une barrière levante verticale pour véhicules. 3) Au moins un capteur de contact doit être situé au point de pincement d'une barrière à pivot vertical pour véhicules. 4) Un capteur de contact doit être installé et câblé de sorte à éviter que la communication entre le capteur et l'ouvre-barrière soit gênée par des dommages mécaniques. 5) Un dispositif sans fil, comme un appareil qui transmet des signaux de radiofréquence (RF) à l'ouvre-barrière pour prévenir le coincement, doit être situé à un endroit où la transmission des signaux ne sera pas obstruée ou gênée par des structures, des arbres ou d'autres obstacles similaires. Un dispositif sans fil doit fonctionner dans les conditions pour lesquelles il a été conçu. 6) Au moins un capteur de contact doit être situé à l'intérieur et à l'extérieur du bord d'attaque d'une barrière battante. De plus, si le bord inférieur de la barrière battante est situé à plus de 101,6 mm (4 po), mais à moins de 406 mm (16 po) du sol à l'un des points de sa trajectoire, au moins un capteur de contact doit être situé sur le bord inférieur. 7) Pour un ouvre-barrière à bras levant utilisant un capteur de contact pour la protection contre le coincement de type B2, au moins un capteur de contact doit être situé sur le bord inférieur de la barrière à bras levant. 8) Au moins un capteur de contact doit être situé où il existe un risque de coincement ou d'obstruction sur une barrière pliante, comme : i) Au bord d'attaque intérieur et extérieur; ii) Entre le panneau de colonne extérieur et le panneau interne à deux volets d'une barrière pliante; iii) Entre le panneau de colonne extérieur et tout obstacle se trouvant à moins de 406 mm (16 po) du panneau de barrière lorsqu'il est en position complètement ouverte; iv) Aux points de charnière selon la construction de la barrière; v) Sur les bords inférieurs d'une barrière pliante, s'ils sont situés à plus de 152 mm (4 po), mais à moins de 406 mm (16 po) du sol à l'un des points de la trajectoire de la barrière.

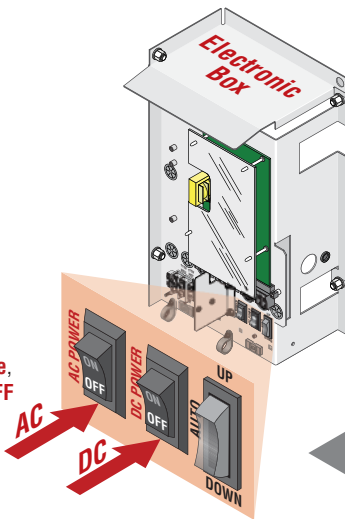
1.4 IMPORTANT Safety Information for Vertical Barrier Arm

Shut OFF Power

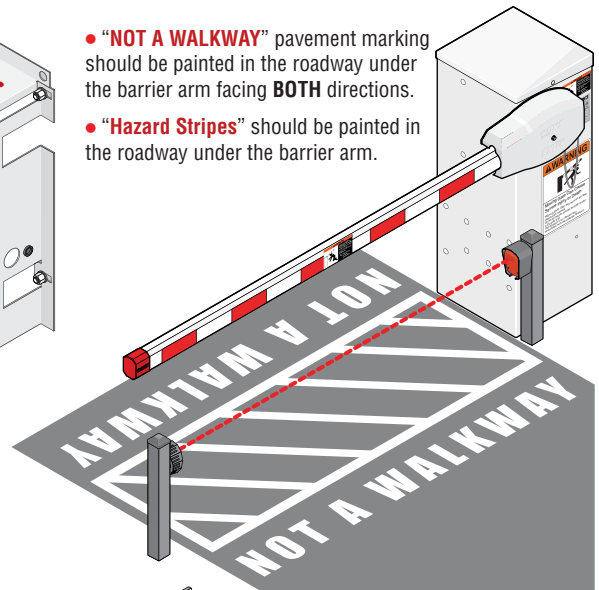
Service Panel



- When **removing the barrier operator from service**, move the arm to the **full open position** and **Shut-OFF AC power** at the operator's AC power switch on operator's electronic box **AND** at the **service panel**. **Shut-OFF DC power switch** on operator's electronic box on **some** models.



- **"NOT A WALKWAY"** pavement marking should be painted in the roadway under the barrier arm facing **BOTH** directions.
- **"Hazard Stripes"** should be painted in the roadway under the barrier arm.



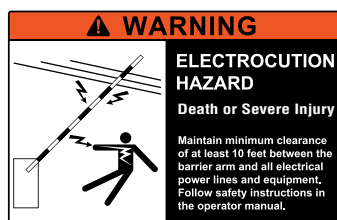
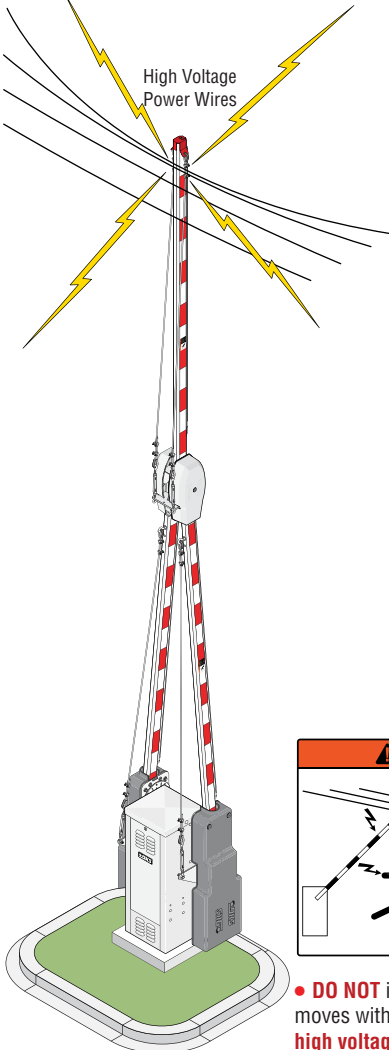
- **Access Controls** intended for user activation must be located **at least six feet (6')** away from **any moving part of the barrier gate** and where the user is prevented from reaching over, under or around the barrier gate to operate the controls. It's best to keep opening device in a **SECURE** area.



- **Emergency Access Controls** only accessible by authorized personnel (e.g., fire, police, EMS) may be placed at any location in the **line-of-sight** of the barrier gate.

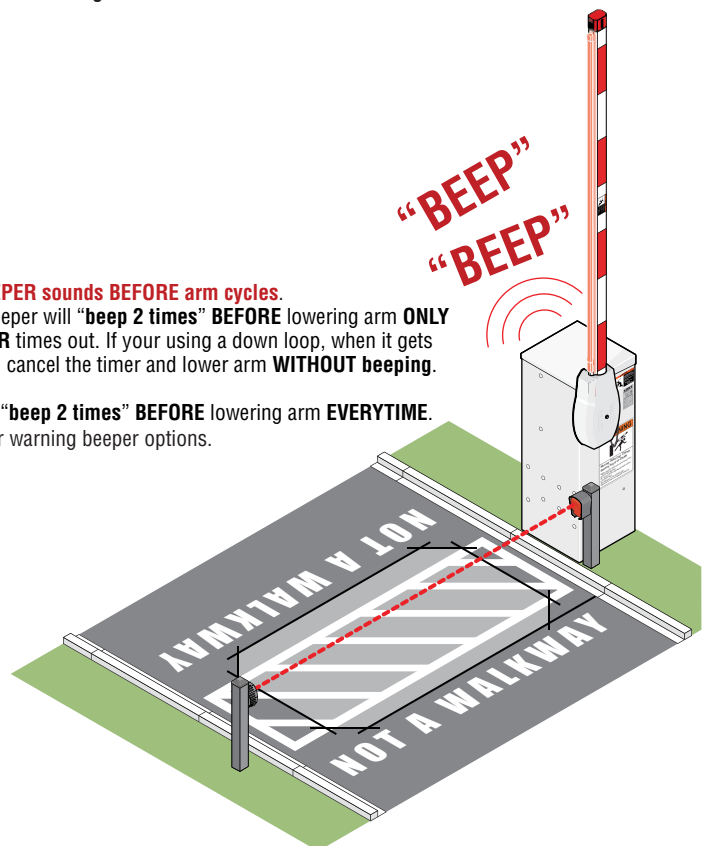


- **Speed limit through barrier area is 5 MPH.** Install speed bumps, warning signs and hazard stripes where visible in the area of the barrier gate, failure to do so may result in injury, damage to operator and vehicle.



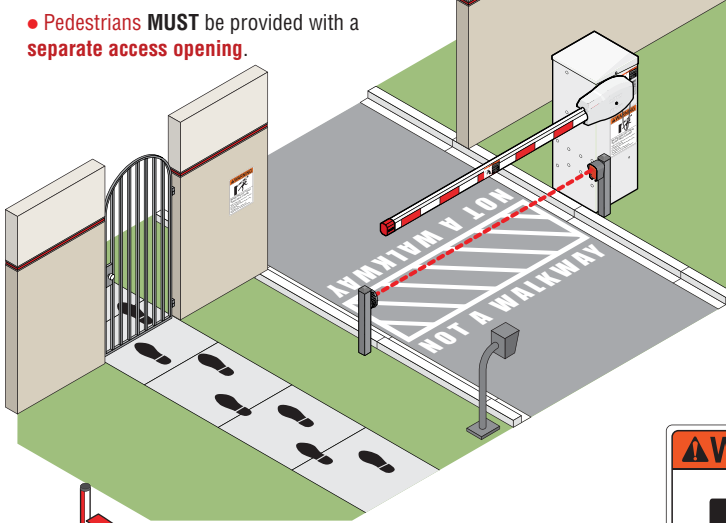
- **DO NOT** install the operator in such a way that the arm moves within **16 inches** of a **rigid object** or **10 feet** from **high voltage power wires** with arm in the raised position.

- **Warning BEEPER sounds BEFORE arm cycles.** The warning beeper will **"beep 2 times" BEFORE** lowering arm **ONLY** when the **TIMER** times out. If your using a down loop, when it gets activated, it will cancel the timer and lower arm **WITHOUT beeping**. **OR** the Beeper will **"beep 2 times" BEFORE** lowering arm **EVERYTIME**. See page 30 for warning beeper options.



1.4 IMPORTANT Safety Information Continued

- Pedestrians **MUST** be provided with a **separate access opening**.



- **Test the gate operator monthly.** The gate **MUST** reverse on contact with a rigid object or **stop** when an object activates the non-contact sensors. After adjusting the force or the limit of travel, retest the gate operator. Failure to adjust and retest the gate operator properly can increase the risk of severe injury or death.

- Operators and components should be **properly installed and maintained** following the recommended service schedule and testing the operator monthly. Keep all debris away from operator housing vents and off of arm. Contact your service dealer for any maintenance or repairs.

- **Vehicular barrier gate operators can produce high levels of force**, it is important that **you are aware** and eliminate **possible HAZARDS**; Pinch Points, Entrapment Areas, Overhead Power Wires, Absence of Controlled Pedestrian Access, Traffic Backup.



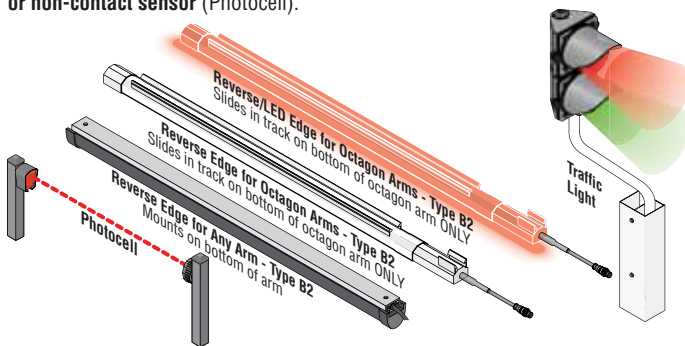
- Make sure all **WARNING SIGNS** are on operator and arm. Warning signs are to be permanently installed in the area of the gate in such a manner that at least one warning sign is visible by persons located on **each** side of the gate, for both the secure and unsecure sides of the gate.



- **DO NOT** Attach **ANY** external sign on the arm. A lowering sign **WILL** cause damage to a vehicle or injure a person. This scenario is **VERY DANGEROUS** and **MUST NEVER OCCUR!!**

- **IMPORTANT** Instruct employees, guard personnel or anyone working near the barrier arm operator to **NEVER** stand directly beneath a raised or moving arm!

- A **Reverse Edge** is **NOT** to be used as a replacement, or in lieu of, **in-ground loops or non-contact sensor (photocell)** that protect vehicles passing underneath the barrier arm. A moving vehicle coming in contact with a downward moving barrier arm **WILL** result in damage to the vehicle and the barrier arm/reversing edge if **NOT** using **in-ground loops or non-contact sensor (Photocell)**.

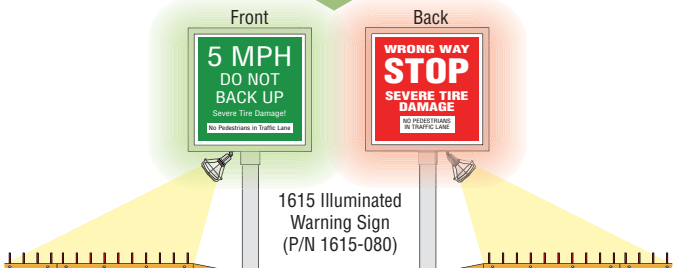
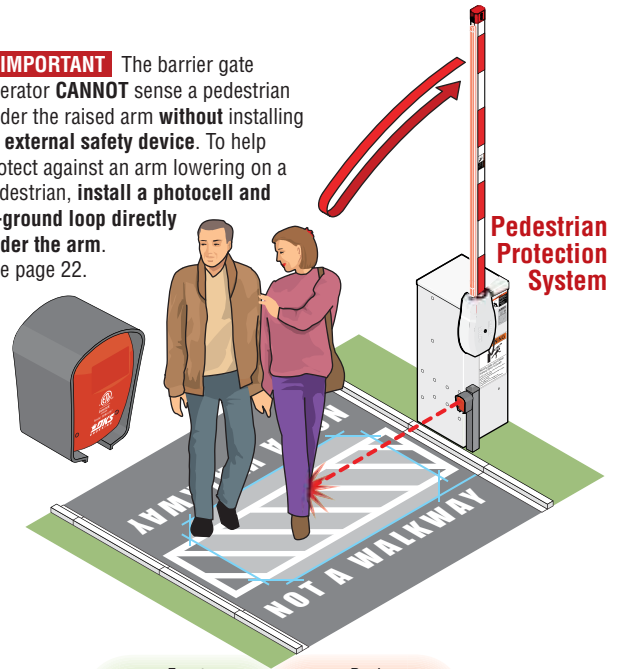


- **Lane Barrier System:** DKS Lane Barrier System is **NOT** crash rated. It is intended to provide a formidable barrier to help prevent passenger vehicles and light-duty trucks from driving through a controlled traffic lane. A traffic light is **HIGHLY** recommended with this system.

- **Wedge Barrier System:** DKS Wedge Barrier is **crash rated** (ASTM F2656 PU-30-(P1, P2)). It is intended to provide a formidable barrier to help prevent passenger vehicles and light-duty trucks from driving through a controlled traffic lane. A traffic light is **HIGHLY** recommended with this system.

- **Lane AND Wedge Barrier Systems:** They should have **reverse/LED edge** on arm, **traffic light** and **photocell** installed. If any of these devices are **NOT** functioning, remove barrier system from service until repairs can be made.

- **IMPORTANT** The barrier gate operator **CANNOT** sense a pedestrian under the raised arm **without** installing an **external safety device**. To help protect against an arm lowering on a pedestrian, **install a photocell and in-ground loop directly under the arm**. See page 22.

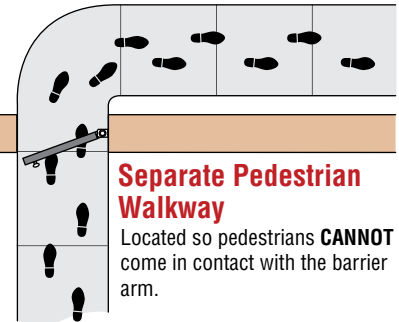
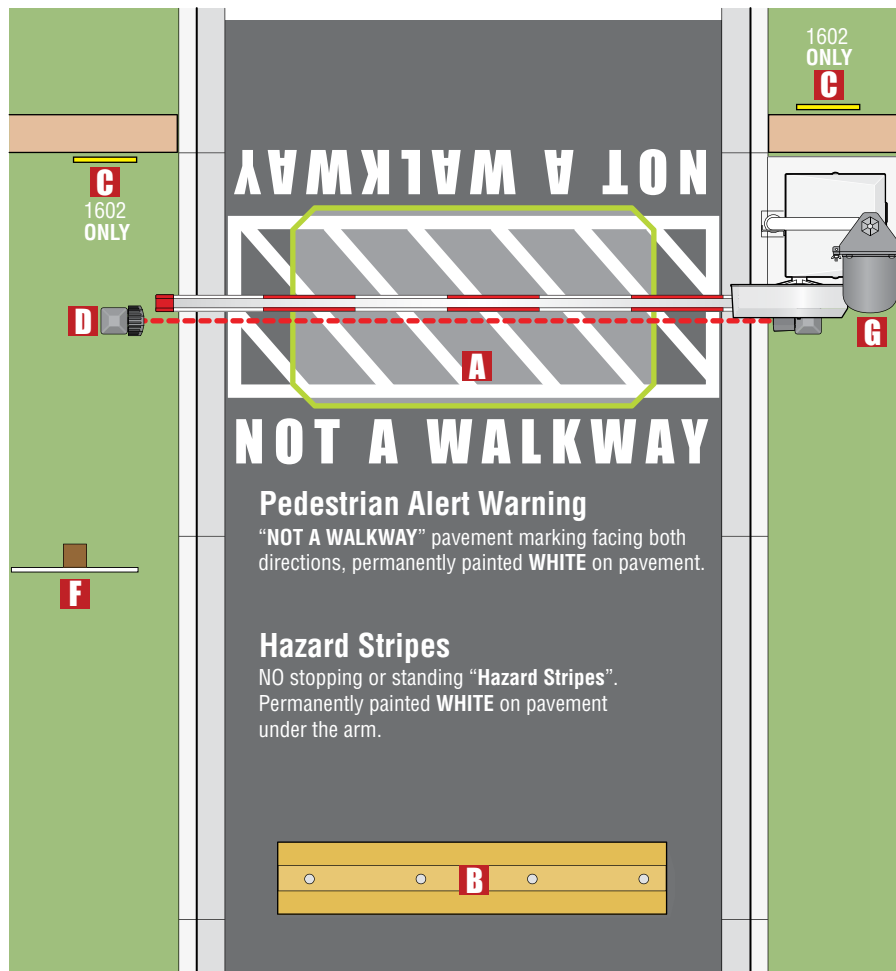


- **Auto Spike System:** It is extremely important that the traffic spikes are **clearly marked with a warning sign** of potential hazard to vehicles and the spike area is **well illuminated**.

- **Auto Spike System:** Automotive traffic only - **No** bicycles or motorcycles.

1.5 Safety and Traffic Management for Vertical Barrier Arm

Vehicular barrier gate operators can produce high levels of force. It is important that you are aware and eliminate possible HAZARDS; Pinch Points, Entrapment Areas, Overhead Power Wires, Absence of Controlled Pedestrian Access, and Traffic Management.



A In-Ground Loop(s)

Loops minimize the potential of the arm closing when a vehicle is present. Number and placement of loop(s) is dependent on the application.

B Speed Bump

Helps increase distance and time between vehicles.

C Warning Signs

Permanently mounted on operator and arm and easily visible. Warning signs are to be **permanently installed** in the area of the gate in such a manner that at least one warning sign is visible by persons located on each side of the gate, for both the **secure** and **unsecure** sides of the gate.



Note: 2 warning signs are included with the 1602 and **MUST** be mounted on both sides of the gated area and easily visible.

D Non-Contact Sensor - Photocell

(Photo Beam) Minimizes the potential of the arm lowering on vehicular or other traffic that loops cannot sense. **Located directly under arm.**

E Contact Sensor - Reverse Edge

Minimizes the potential of the arm lowering on vehicular or other traffic that loops cannot sense.

Contact Sensor Note: A reverse edge is **NOT** to be used as a replacement, or in lieu of, in-ground loops or non-contact sensor (Photo Beam) that protect vehicles passing underneath the barrier arm. A **moving** vehicle coming in contact with a downward moving barrier arm **WILL** result in **damage to the vehicle** and the barrier arm/reversing edge if **NOT** using in-ground loops or non-contact sensor (Photo Beam).

F Speed Limit Sign

Helps control traffic.

G Traffic Red/Green Light

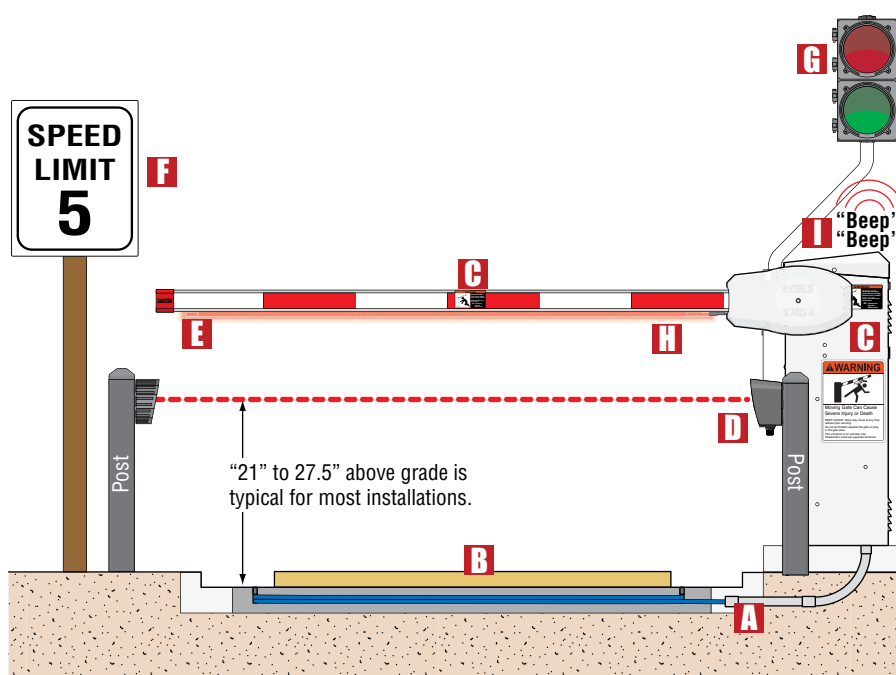
Helps control traffic.

H Arm LED Lights

Helps with arm's visibility and position.

I Beep BEFORE Cycling Arm

Used to alert pedestrians that barrier arm is about to cycle. See page 30 for warning beeper options.

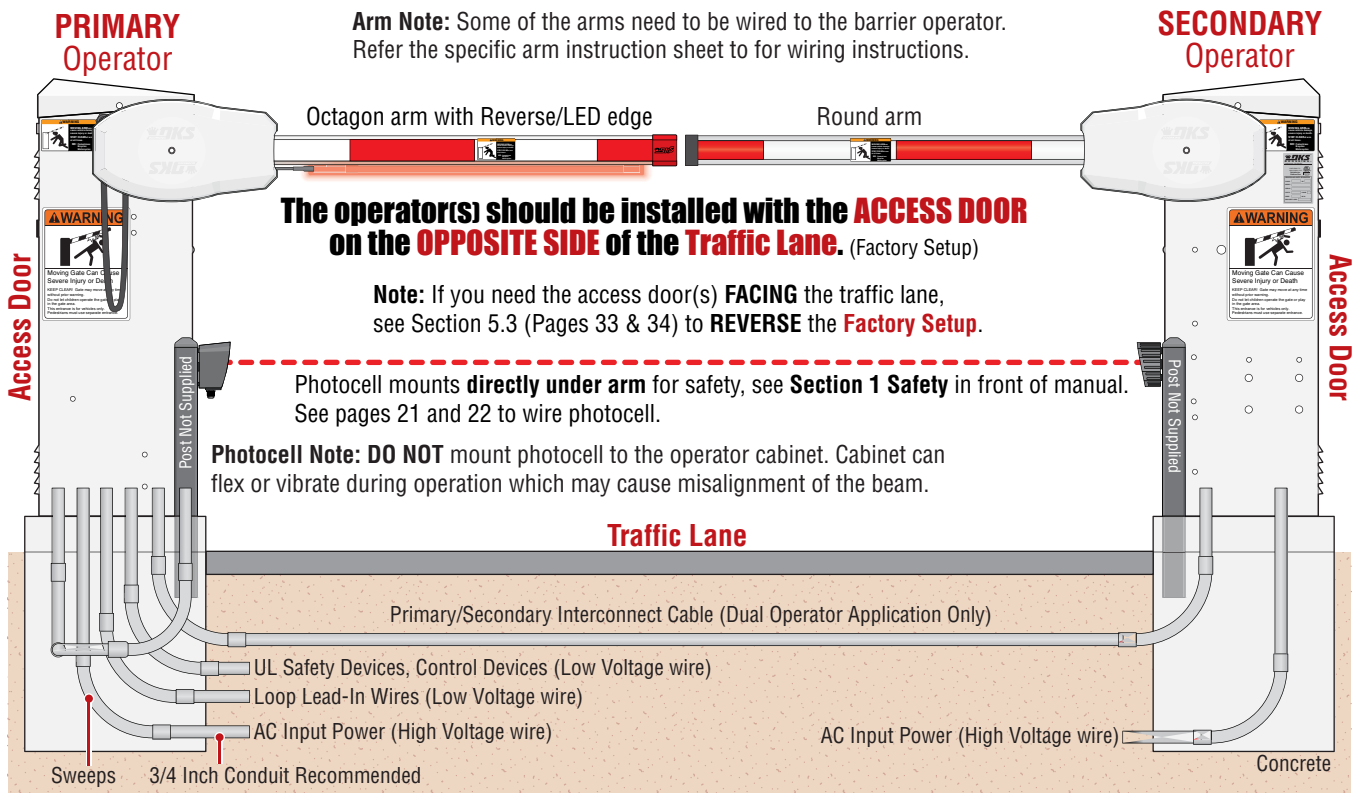


SECTION 2 - INSTALLATION

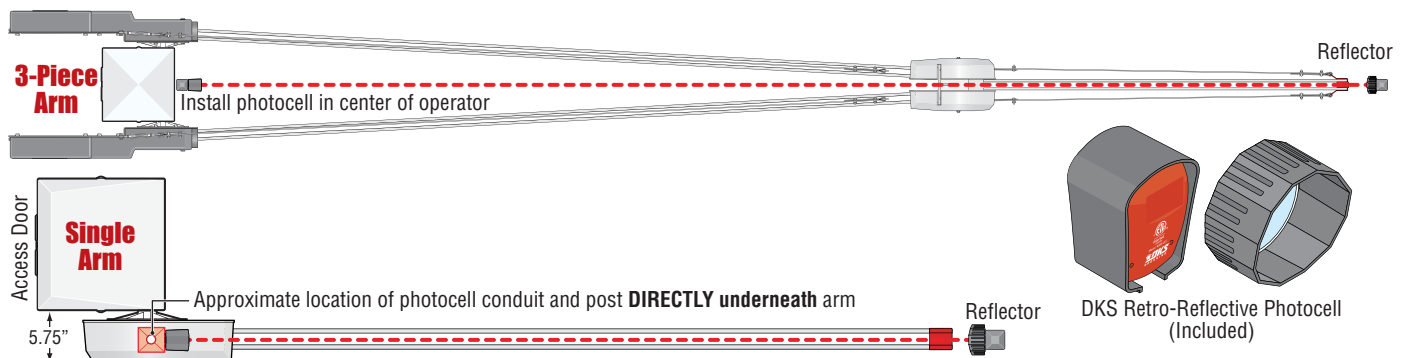
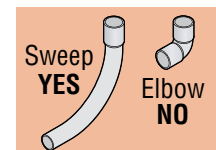
Prior to beginning the installation of the barrier gate operator, we suggest that you become familiar with the installation instructions in this manual. This will help insure that your installation is performed in an efficient and professional manner compliant with **UL 325 safety** and **ASTM F2200 construction standards**.

The proper installation of the vehicular slide gate operator is an extremely important and integral part of the overall access control system. Check all local building ordinances and building codes prior to installing this operator. Be sure your installation is in compliance with local codes.

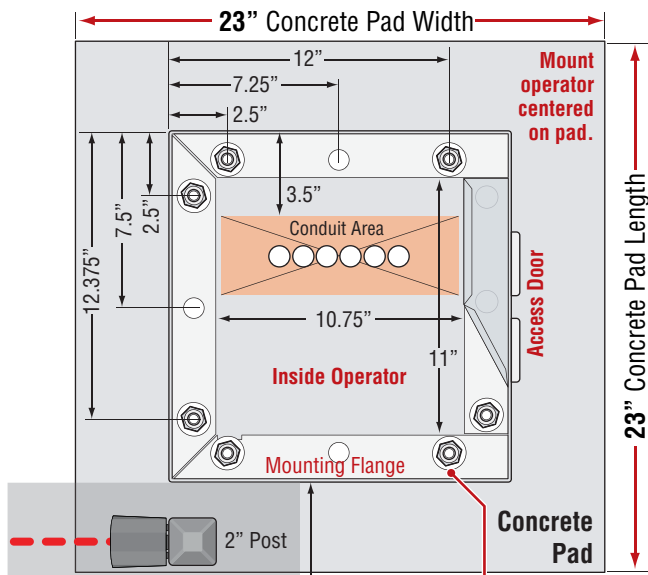
2.1 Safety and Underground Conduit Requirements



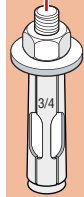
- The conduit requirements are for a typical slide gate operator installation (the secondary operator is shown when using bi-parting gates). **The conduit requirements for your application may vary from this depending on your specific needs.**
- Be sure that all conduit is installed in accordance with local codes.
- **Never** run low voltage rated wire in the same conduit as high voltage rated wire.
- Use only **sweeps** for conduit bends. Do not use 90° elbows as this will make wire pulls very difficult and can cause damage to wire insulation. DoorKing recommends using 3/4-inch conduit.
- **External Entrapment Protection is REQUIRED** (photo sensor and/or reversing edge). Operator or it will **NOT** function without UL device(s) connected to controller.
- Run photocell conduit accordingly to operator. **DO NOT** mount photocell to operator cabinet.



2.2 New Concrete Pad

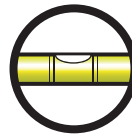


Photocell mounting area under arm.
Either side of operator (single arm).



Secure the mounting flange to concrete with (7) seven 3/4" x 3" sleeve anchors (not supplied).

1602 3-piece arms need **MORE** anchors because of extra weight and stress to the cabinet.



Concrete pad **MUST** be level.

Note: Bevel the edges of concrete pad to eliminate water puddling under the operator.

DO NOT mount photocell to the operator cabinet. Cabinet can flex or vibrate during operation which may cause misalignment of the beam.

Horizontal Arm Direction

Factory Setup

WARNING

Moving Gate Can Cause Serious Injury or Death
Always use proper technique when operating the gate. Do not place hands or feet in the gate area.
Do not attempt to force the gate open or closed.

Access Door

Sleeve Anchors

21" high is typical for most installations.
No higher than 27.5" above grade.

4" minimum

Traffic Lane

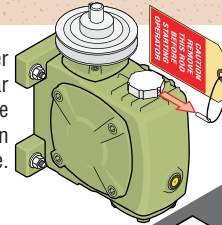
underground depth of the concrete pad is determined by soil conditions and local building codes.

Conduit

Wire Mesh

Reinforced concrete recommended.

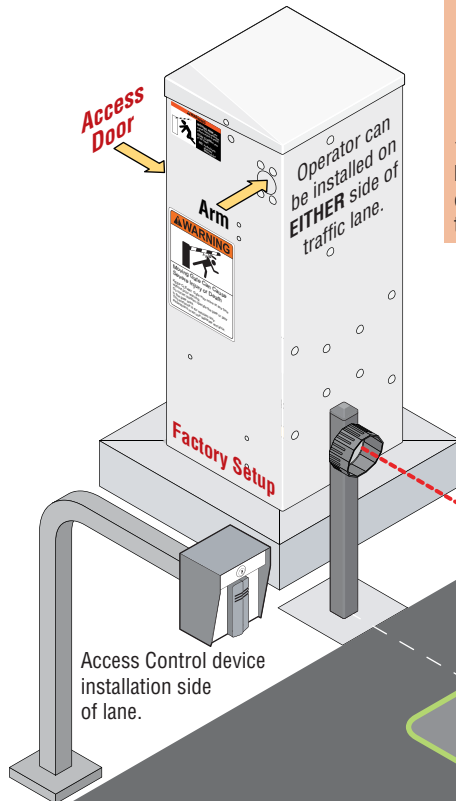
Remove breather pin from gear reducer **AFTER** the operator has been secured in place.



Factory Setup: Operator should be installed with the Access Door **OPPOSITE** the traffic lane on **EITHER** side of roadway.

Typically, arm is installed on the **SAME** side as oncoming traffic.

Note: If you need your access door **FACING** the traffic lane, see Section 5.3 (Pages 33 & 34).



Typical Arm Attachment Side

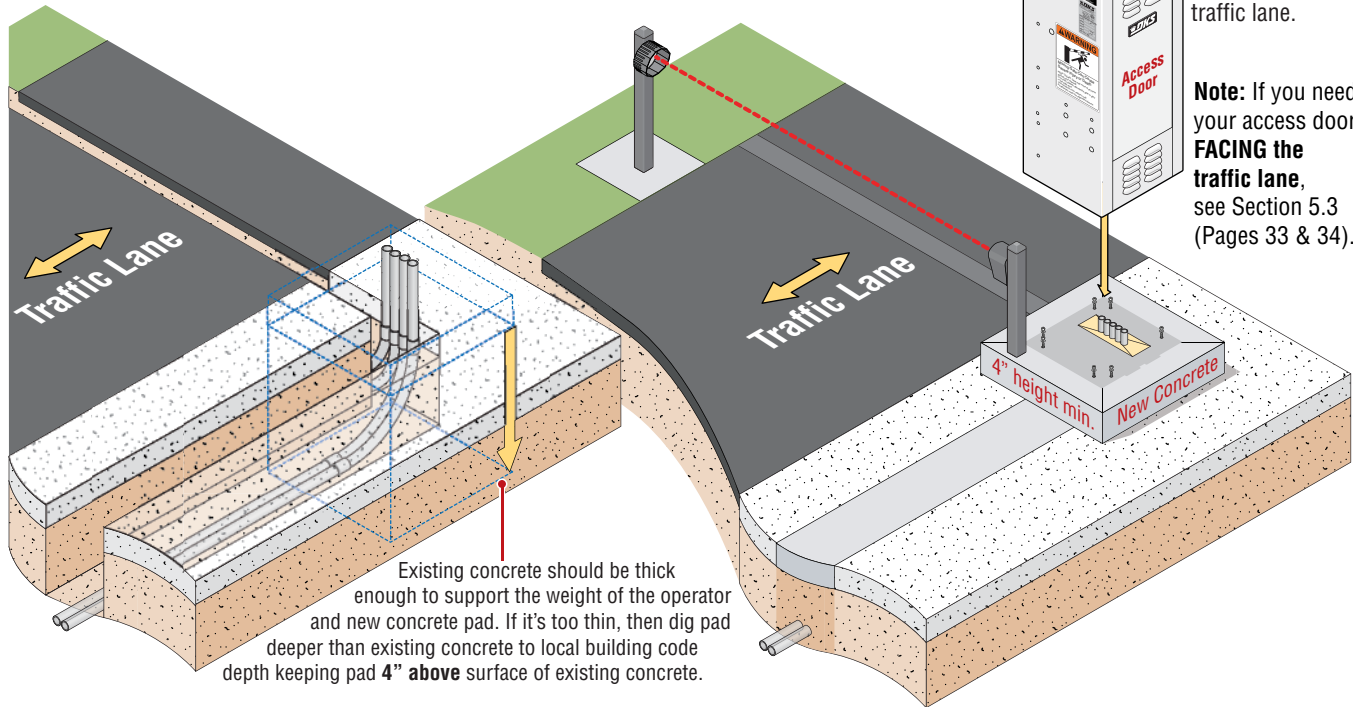


Down Loop

Traffic Direction

2.3 Trenching Existing Concrete

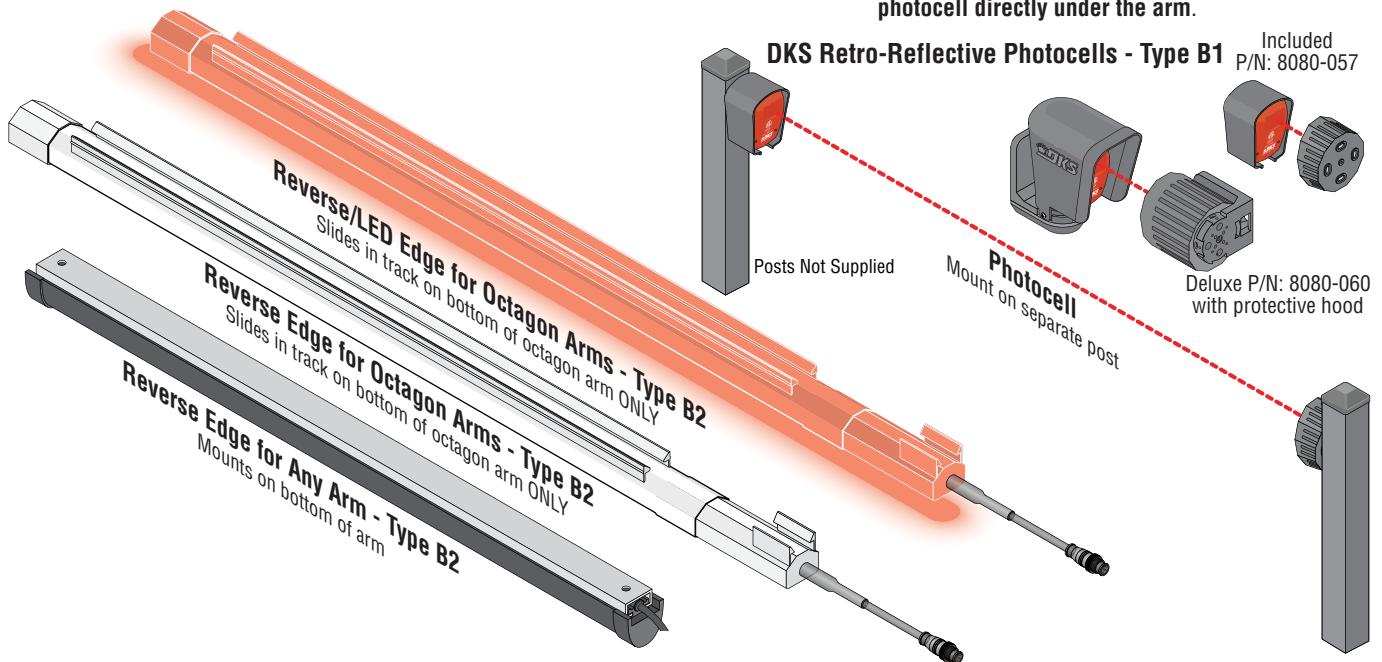
Trench path(s) in the existing concrete wide enough for all the conduit runs. After the conduit has been run, fill the trench with soil to bottom of existing concrete and tamp down. Pour new concrete with a **4 inch pad height** minimum (Reinforce concrete if possible). Secure the mounting flange to concrete with **3/4" x 3" sleeve anchors** (not supplied). See 2 previous pages for specific information to mount operator and safety devices. For in-ground loop lane layouts, see pages 22-28.



2.4 UL Safety Devices

In addition to the inherent reversing sensor system-Type A, this operator has UL 325 terminals for the connection of **photo beams**-Type B1 and/or **reversing edges**-Type B2 entrapment protection required by UL 325 standards. Install these devices where the risk of entrapment or a safety hazard exists.

IMPORTANT The barrier gate operator **CANNOT** sense a pedestrian under the raised arm **without** installing an **external safety device**. To help protect against an arm lowering on a pedestrian, **install a photocell directly under the arm**.



SECTION 3 - WIRING

Before attempting to connect any wiring to the operator, be sure that the circuit breaker in the electrical panel is in the OFF position. Permanent wiring must be installed to the operator as required by local electrical codes. It is recommended that a licensed electrical contractor perform this work.

Since building codes vary from city to city, we highly recommend that you check with your local building department prior to installing any permanent wiring to be sure that all wiring to the operator (both high and low voltage) complies with local code requirements.

THIS GATE OPERATOR MUST BE PROPERLY GROUNDED!!

3.1 High Voltage Wire Runs

The distance shown in the chart is measured in “Feet” from the operator to the power source. If power wiring is greater than the maximum distance shown, it is recommended that a service feeder be installed. When large gauge wire is used, a separate junction box must be installed for the operator connection. The wire table is based on stranded copper wire. Wire run calculations are based on the NEC recommended maximum 3% voltage drop on the power line, plus an additional 10% reduction in distance to allow for other losses in the system.

This table illustrates the high voltage AC power wire size and distance limitations.

Model Type	Voltage Required	Amps Required	Wire Size / Max Distance in Feet			
			12 AWG	10 AWG	8 AWG	6 AWG
1601 - 1/2 HP 1603-580	115	5.7	170	275	460	690
1602 - 1 HP	115	9.7	100	162	270	405

Never run low voltage rated wire insulation in the same conduit as high voltage rated wire insulation.

“Optional” Heater Installation Note: When installing a heater, refer to the “high voltage AC power wire size and distance limitations” table on the instruction sheet with the specific heater kits (115, 208/230, 460 VAC) for AC power wire run limitations.

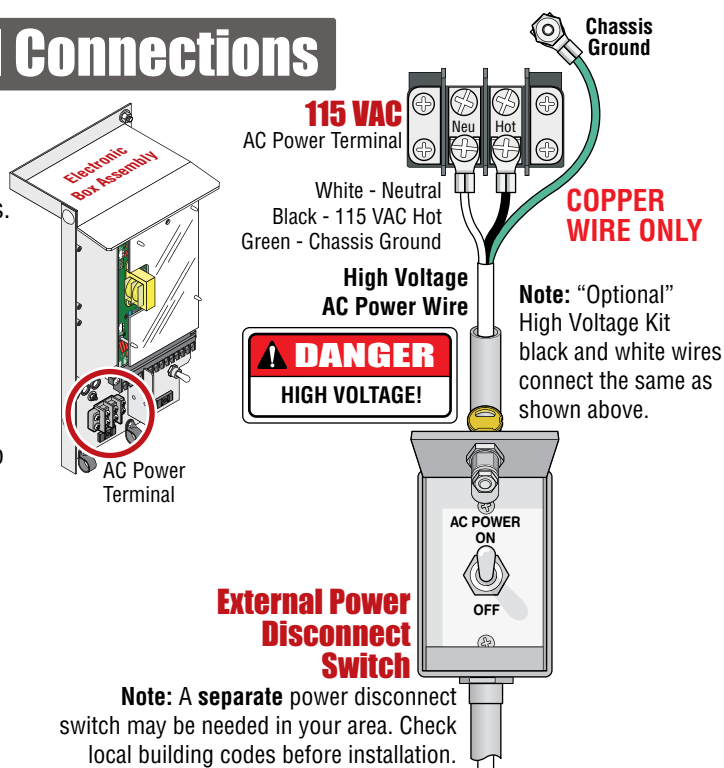
“Optional” High Voltage Kit Installation Note: When installing the high voltage kit for 208/230/460/575 VAC input power, refer to the “high voltage AC power wire size and distance limitations” table on the instruction sheet with the high voltage kit (P/N 2600-266) for AC power wire run limitations.

3.2 High Voltage Terminal Connections

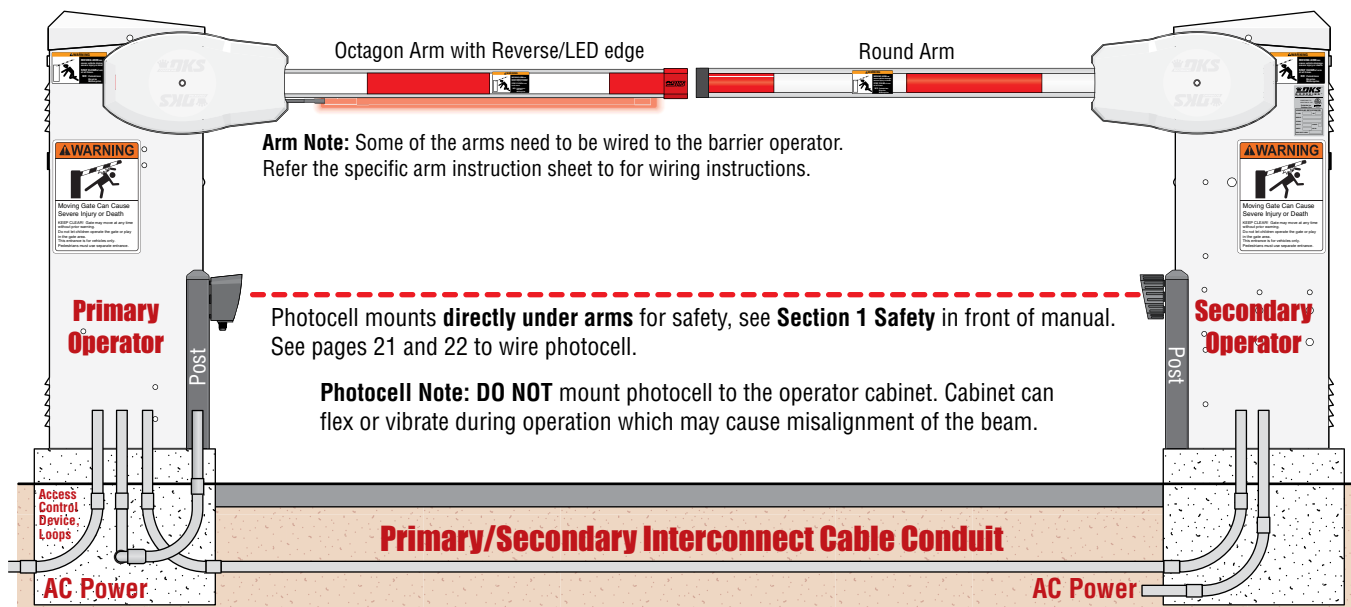
- Route incoming high voltage power in it's **OWN** conduit.
- Be sure wiring is installed in accordance with local codes. Be sure to color code all wiring.
- It is recommended that a surge suppressor be installed on the high voltage power lines to help protect the operator and circuit board from surges and power fluctuations.
- Dual operators (Primary/Secondary) require AC power to each operator.

⚠ Keep wire clear of all moving parts.

DO NOT power up and cycle the operator until the “DIP-Switches” have been set for **YOUR** operator model (See pages 30 thru 32). The operator **will not** function properly unless the DIP-switches have been **correctly** set.

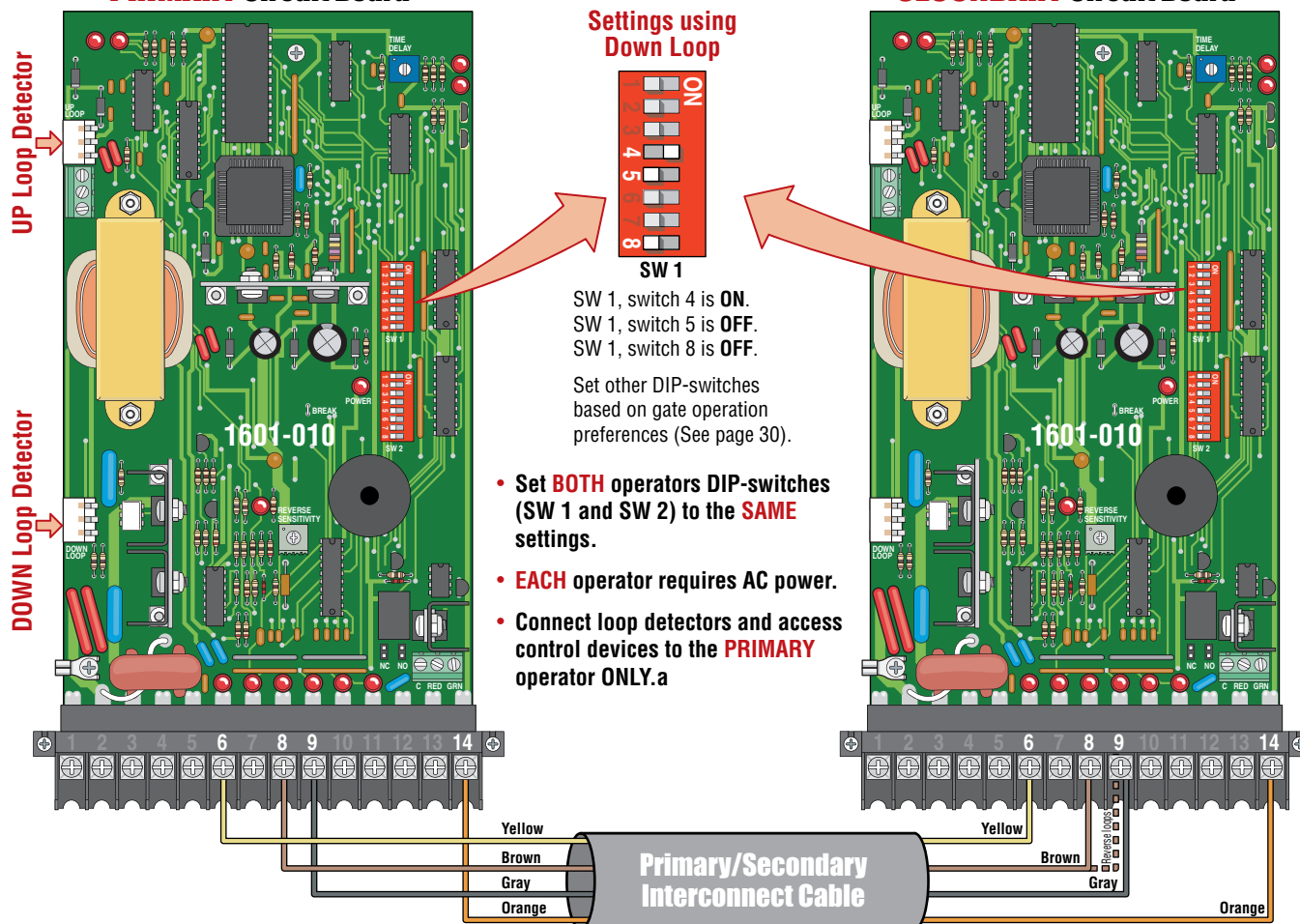


3.3 Dual Gate Operators (Primary/Secondary)



PRIMARY Circuit Board

SECONDARY Circuit Board



When using Reverse Loops:

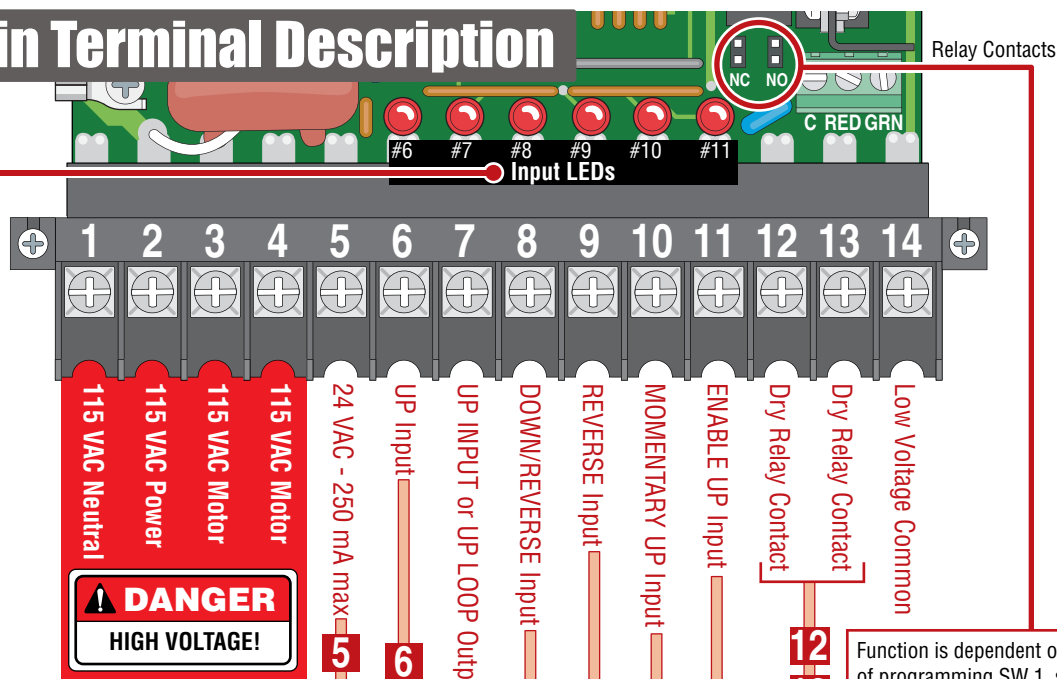
DIP-Switch settings: SW 1, switch 4 is **OFF**. SW 1, switch 5 is **OFF**. SW 1, switch 8 is **OFF**. Set other DIP-switches based on gate operation preferences.

Interconnect cable: The **BROWN** wire must be connected to **SECONDARY TERMINAL #9** along with the **GRAY** wire. All other terminal wire connections are the same as shown above.

3.4 Main Terminal Description

Input LEDs:

The LED that is above the terminal wiring input will light when that terminal input gets activated.

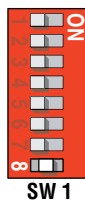


Exceeding 250 mA of power from this terminal may cause the circuit board transformer to **overheat**, causing intermittent problems.

Function is dependent on the setting of programming SW 1, switch 6. When switch 6 is **OFF**, this input will cause the operator to rotate the arm to the up position. If the arm is in the down cycle, this input will reverse the arm to the up position. If this terminal has a constant input, the arm will remain in the up position regardless of any down input or timer command to rotate down. When switch 6 is **ON**, this input will cause the operator to rotate the arm to the up position when it is down, and will cause the operator to rotate the arm to the down position when it is up. If the auto timer is turned ON (Not recommended if switch 6 is ON), this input will override the timer and rotate the arm to the down position. If the arm is in the down cycle, this input will reverse the arm to the up position.



Function is dependent on the setting of programming SW 1, switch 8. When switch 8 is **ON**, the function of this input is identical to terminal 6. When switch 8 is **OFF**, this terminal becomes the logic output of the up loop detector.



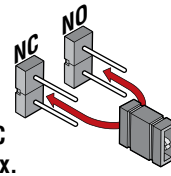
Function is dependent on the setting of programming SW 1, switches 1 and 4. With switch 1 **OFF** and switch 4 **ON**, activation and then deactivation of this input will rotate the arm to the down position, provided that the deactivation of the input happens while the arm is in the full up position. This input will override the auto timer if it is turned **ON**. If the arm is in the down position, traveling in the down cycle, or traveling in the up cycle, activation and deactivation of this input has no effect on the arm. With switches 1 and 4 are **ON**, activation and then deactivation of this input will rotate the arm to the down position after it reaches the full up position regardless of when the deactivation of the input occurred. When switch 4 is **OFF**, this input is identical to the reverse input, terminal 9.



Function is dependent on the setting of programming SW 1, switch 5. When switch 5 is **OFF**, activation of the down loop will activate the relay. When switch 5 is **ON**, activation of the UP loop will activate the relay.



Relay contacts can be set for Normally Open (NO) or Normally Closed (NC) operation. Contact rating is **24V AC or DC @ 1 amp max.**



This input is used when sequencing the 1601 with a slide or swing gate operator in **PAMS** applications. This input is only active after a MOMENTARY UP input is received. Activation of this input will rotate the arm to the up position or reverse an arm in the down cycle to the up position.

This input is used when sequencing the 1601 with a slide or swing gate operator in **PAMS** applications. Activation of this input will rotate the arm to the up position one time, and activates the enable up input.

When the arm is in the down position, activation of this input has no effect. When the arm is in the up position, activation of this input will prevent the arm from rotating to the down position. If the arm is in the down cycle, activation of this input will reverse the arm to the up position. This input can be controlled to allow the arm to lower for tailgating vehicles but NOT get lowered when a pedestrian is underneath it. The 9411 plug-in loop detector must be installed for this function, see page 22 for more information about controlled non-contact sensors, pedestrian protection system.

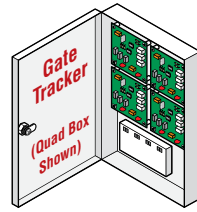
3.5 Control Wiring

DoorKing Access Control System (Model 1833, 1835, 1837 or 1838) tracker system can be connected.

This system can keep track of gate operator cycle count, shorted inputs, loop detector problems, any forced entry attempts, if the gate has struck anything during the open or close cycle, power interruptions, etc.

For more information refer to the Tracker Installation and Wiring **2358-065 PDF**.

Terminal 6 required only if the expansion tracker board **will activate** the gate operator. Refer to the **2358-065 PDF** for detailed information.



Type of wiring to be used on ALL external devices:
A) Type CL2, CL2P, CL2R, or CL2X.
B) Other cable with **equivalent or better** electrical, mechanical, and flammability ratings.

Gate Operator Data Terminal

1601-010

Terminal #5 Note: Exceeding 250 mA of power from this terminal may cause the circuit board transformer to overheat, causing intermittent problems.

24 VAC - 250 mA max.

Up Input

Down/Reverse Input

Reverse Input

Low Voltage Common

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

DANGER HIGH VOLTAGE!

Two 115 VAC Convenience Outlets Controlled by Operator's AC Power Switch

Entry System

115 VAC step-down plug-in transformer power.



NO

Com

Coax Antenna Kit P/N 1514-073

Antenna mounted outside operator housing.

3-Wire

24 Volt Power

Relay (NO)

Com

4-Wire

24 Volt Power

Relay (NO)

Com

Radio Receivers

24V

Up Input

Com

Up-Inputs

Down-Inputs

Manual Gate Control Toggle

P/N 1200-017

WARNING
User **MUST** make sure gate area **IS CLEAR** before manually operating gate arm.

Up toggle position: User toggles switch up to hold gate open.

Center toggle position: Is neutral for normal operation.

ROUND or Wood Arm Contact Sensor

See page 38

2-Wire Reversing Edge P/N 8080-071

4-Wire Reversing Edge P/N 8080-091

Photocell Non-Contact Sensor (Always Reverses)

Typical beam height 21" to 27.5" Max

24 Volt

DoorKing photocell P/N 8080-057 Included

Contact Sensors Note: Helps minimize the potential of the round aluminum or wood arm lowering on vehicular or other traffic that loops cannot sense.

Non-Contact Sensor Connected to Reverse Input Note: Helps minimize the arm lowering on **ANYTHING** that blocks beam. Lowering arm will **ALWAYS REVERSE** when beam gets obstructed. **This setup does NOT distinguish between a vehicle and a pedestrian. It will reverse arm for EITHER when beam gets obstructed.** See next page for pedestrian photocell wiring.

Non-Contact Sensor Note: **DO NOT** mount photocell to the operator cabinet. Cabinet can flex or vibrate during operation which may cause misalignment of the beam.

3.5a Pedestrian Protection System

Pedestrian Protection Non-Contact Sensors Set-Up

DoorKing offers a way to control vehicular traffic **AND** help protect pedestrians from a lowering arm.

The arm will **NOT** allow a tailgating vehicle unauthorized entry, **BUT** protects pedestrians from a lowering arm when they are in the arm's swing path.

DoorKing's 9411 plug-in loop detector (sold separately) and a down loop **MUST** be installed directly under the arm for this detection system to function (see below).

See instruction sheet included with 9411 plug-in loop detector for more information about loop detector adjustments and wiring. Loop logic patent pending.

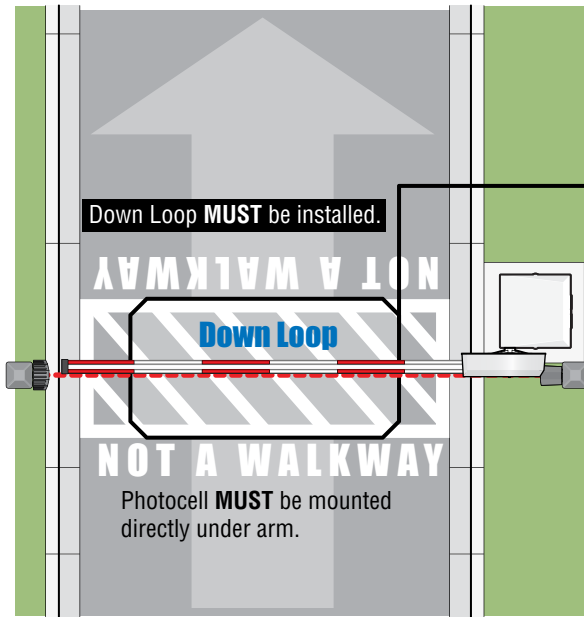
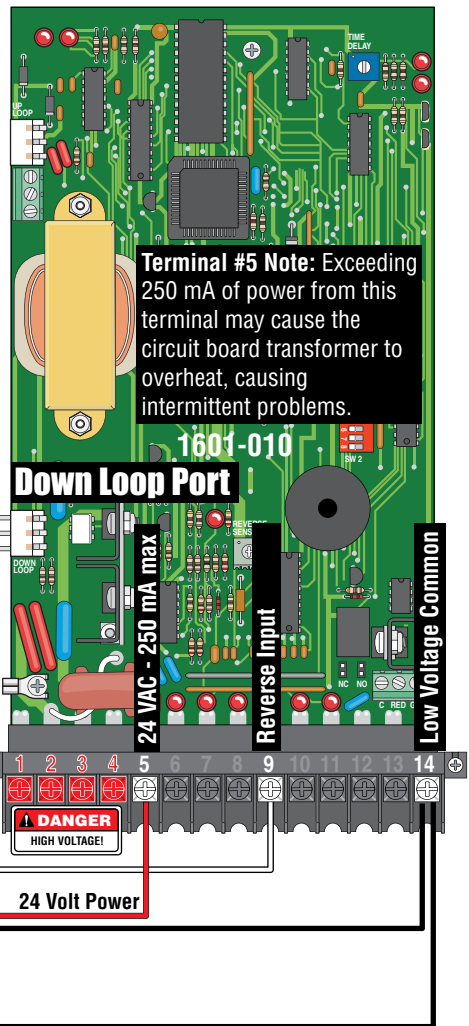
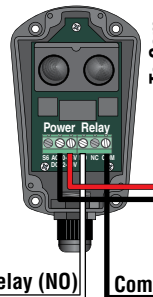
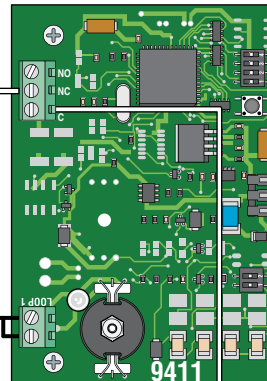
Type of wiring to be used on ALL external devices:

A) Type CL2, CL2P, CL2R, or CL2X.

B) Other cable with equivalent or better electrical, mechanical, and flammability ratings.

DoorKing 9411 Plug-In Loop Detector Single Channel with Aux Relay

Normally Closed



Down Loop **MUST** be installed.

Down Loop

Photocell **MUST** be mounted directly under arm.

Photocell Beam Height
Installed Directly Under Arm



Typical beam height 21" to 27.5" Max

Photocell Note: DO NOT mount photocell to the operator cabinet. Cabinet can flex or vibrate during operation which may cause misalignment of the beam.

DoorKing photocell Included

An obstructed photocell **WILL** reverse a lowering arm for a **pedestrian** but will **NOT** reverse a lowering arm for an **unauthorized tailgating vehicle**.

Typical DIP-Switch settings when using a 9411 Loop Detector with a Down Loop and a Photocell

See page 30 for more info.

Typical - OFF
Normal - OFF
Normal - OFF
Normal - ON
Normal - OFF
Normal - OFF
Typical - OFF
Typical - OFF
Normal - ON



SW 1

Model 1601 - OFF
Normal - OFF
Typical - OFF
Normal - OFF
Normal - ON
Normal - OFF
Normal - OFF
Normal - OFF



SW 2

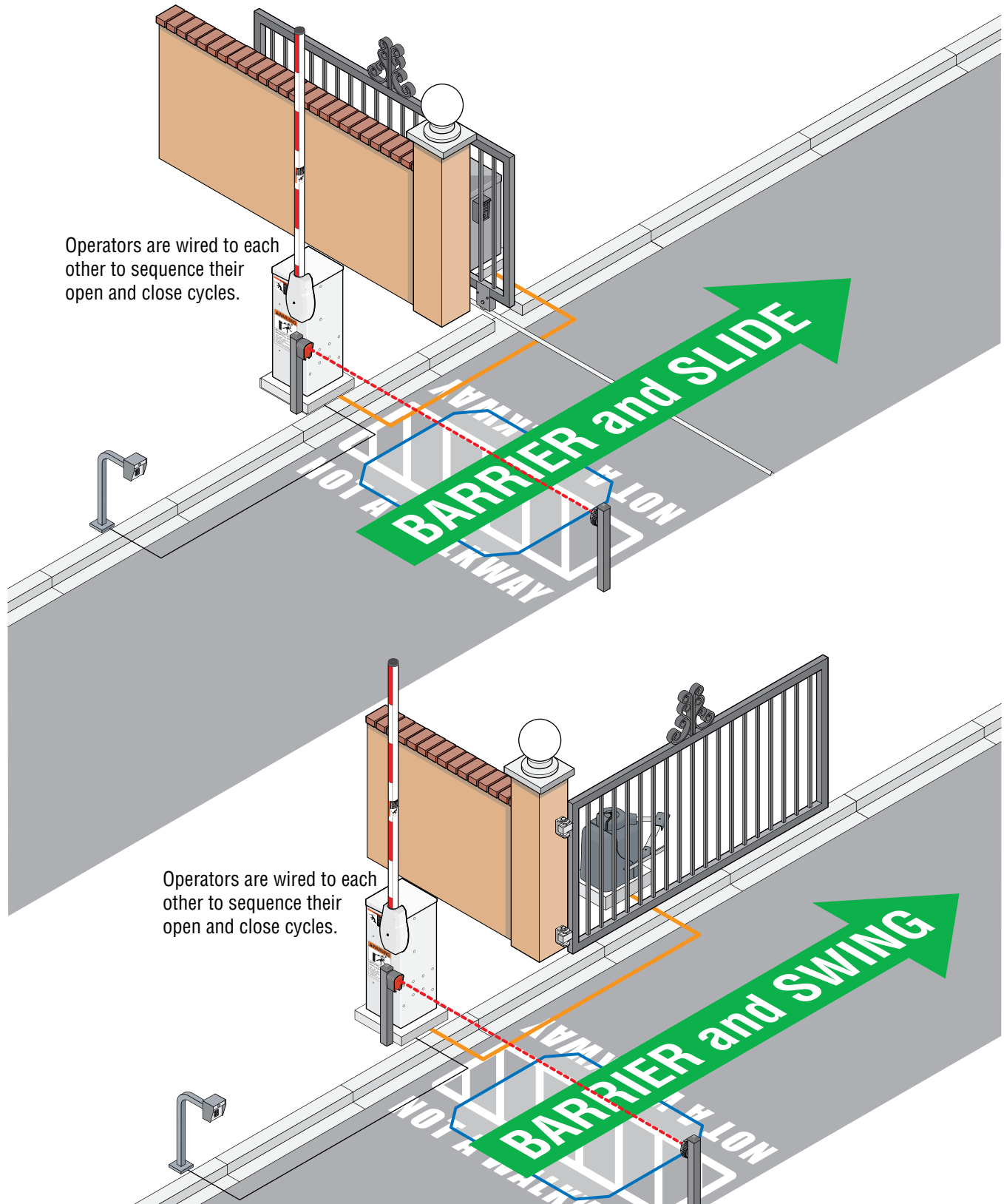


NOT for use on:

1620 Lane Barrier
1625 Wedge Barrier
1603 Auto-Spikes

3.6 P.A.M.S. Multiple Gate Operator Sequencing

Perimeter Access Management Solution (PAMS) application allows open and close cycle sequencing of a DoorKing barrier gate operator and a DoorKing slide or swing gate operator. For further information about this, go to DoorKing's web site at: www.doorking.com



SECTION 4 - LOOP DETECTOR LANE SETUPS

Before attempting to connect any wiring to the operator, be sure that the circuit breaker in the electrical panel is in the OFF position. Permanent wiring must be installed to the operator as required by local electrical codes. It is recommended that a licensed electrical contractor perform this work.

Loop detector wiring shown is for DoorKing model 9409 Dual Channel, 9410 Single Channel and 9411 Single Channel with Aux Relay plug-in loop detectors only. If using other loop detectors refer to the separate Loop Information Manual for installation instructions, loops/preformed loops and wiring diagrams.

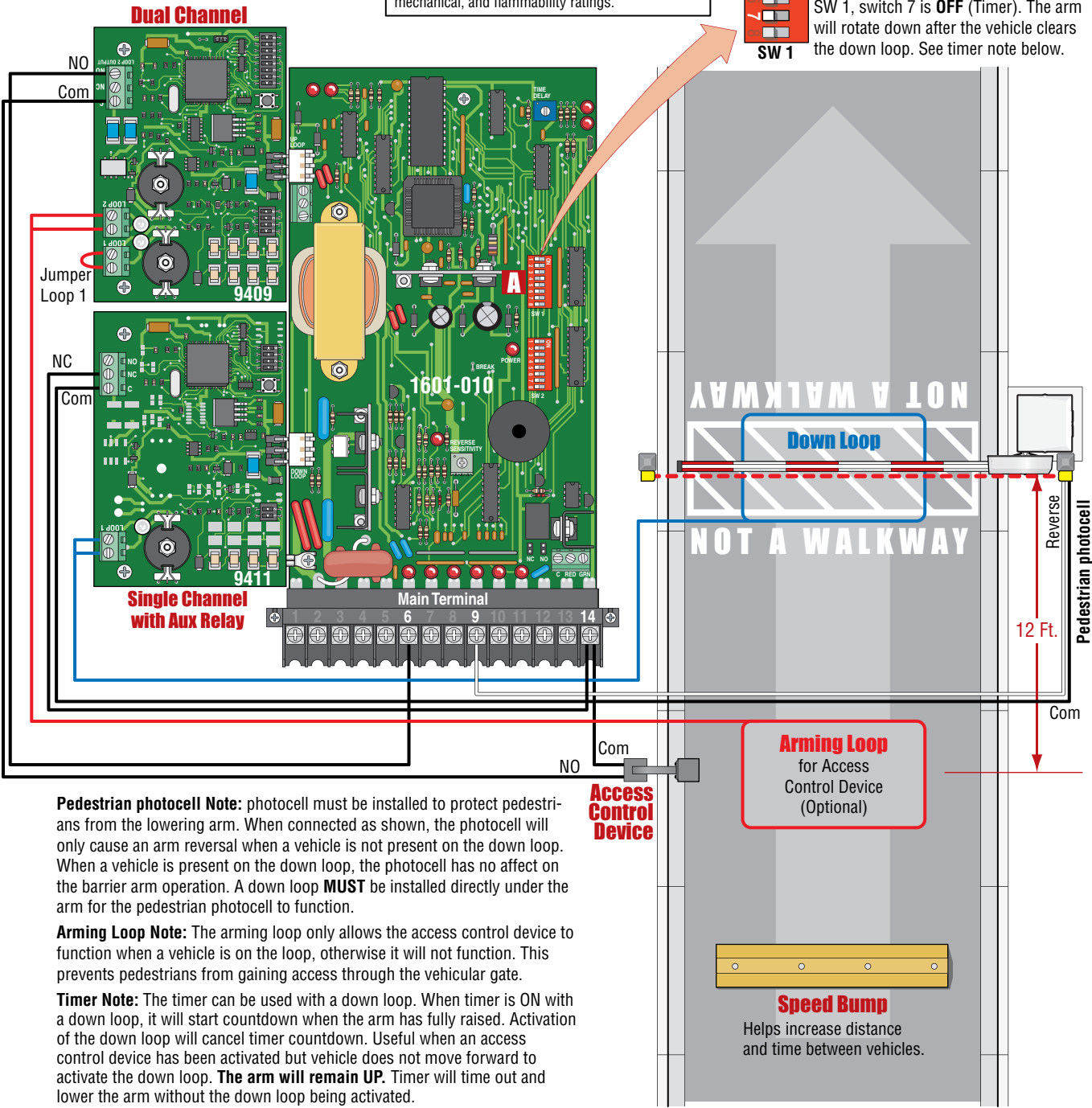
These layouts will **NOT** work when using the **1620 lane barrier** or the **1625 wedge barrier** setups. Refer to their **specific manuals** for each of their loop layouts.

4.1 Entry Lane Only

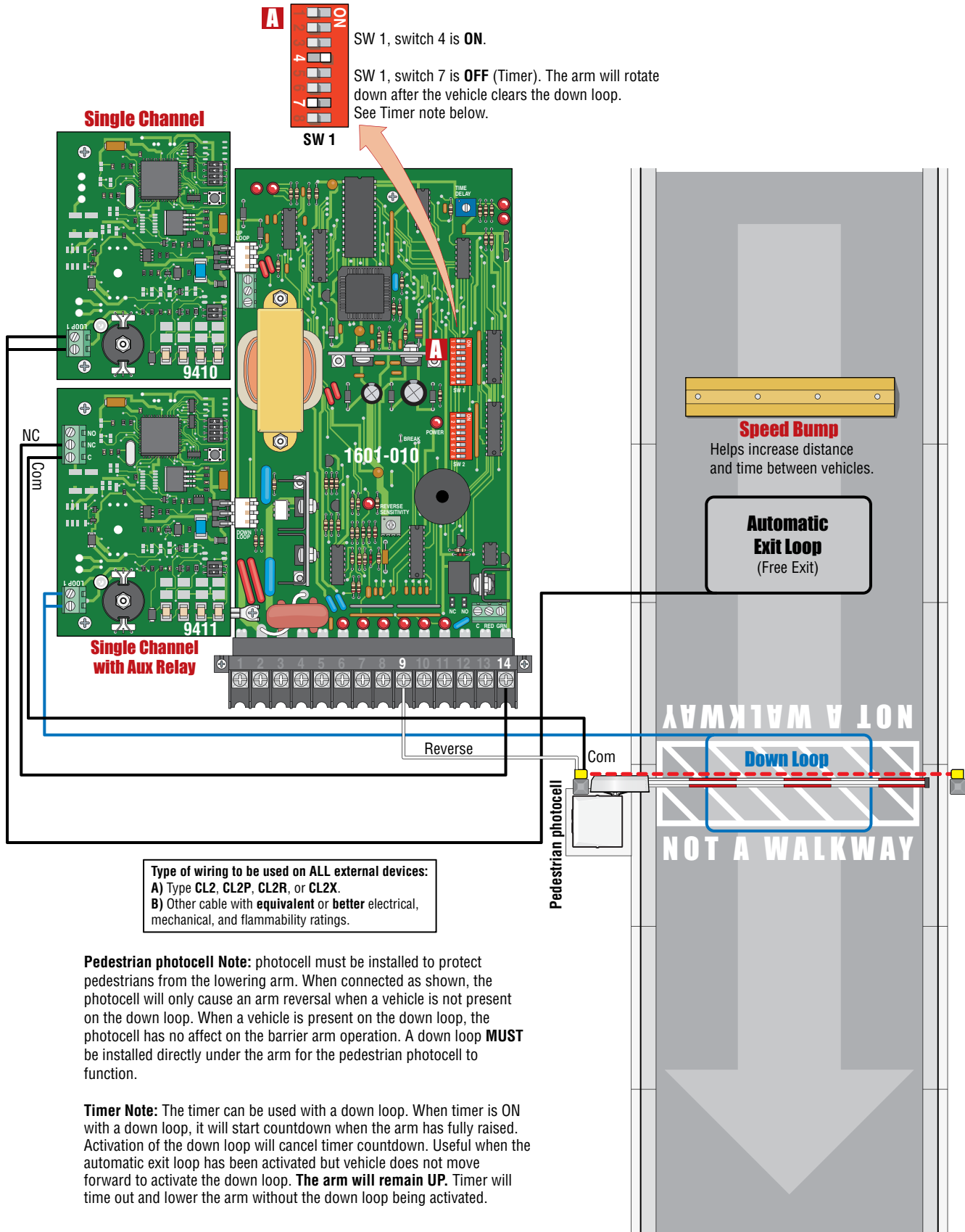
Type of wiring to be used on ALL external devices:

A) Type CL2, CL2P, CL2R, or CL2X.

B) Other cable with equivalent or better electrical, mechanical, and flammability ratings.



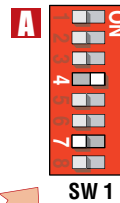
4.2 Exit Lane Only



4.3 Two-Way Traffic Lane

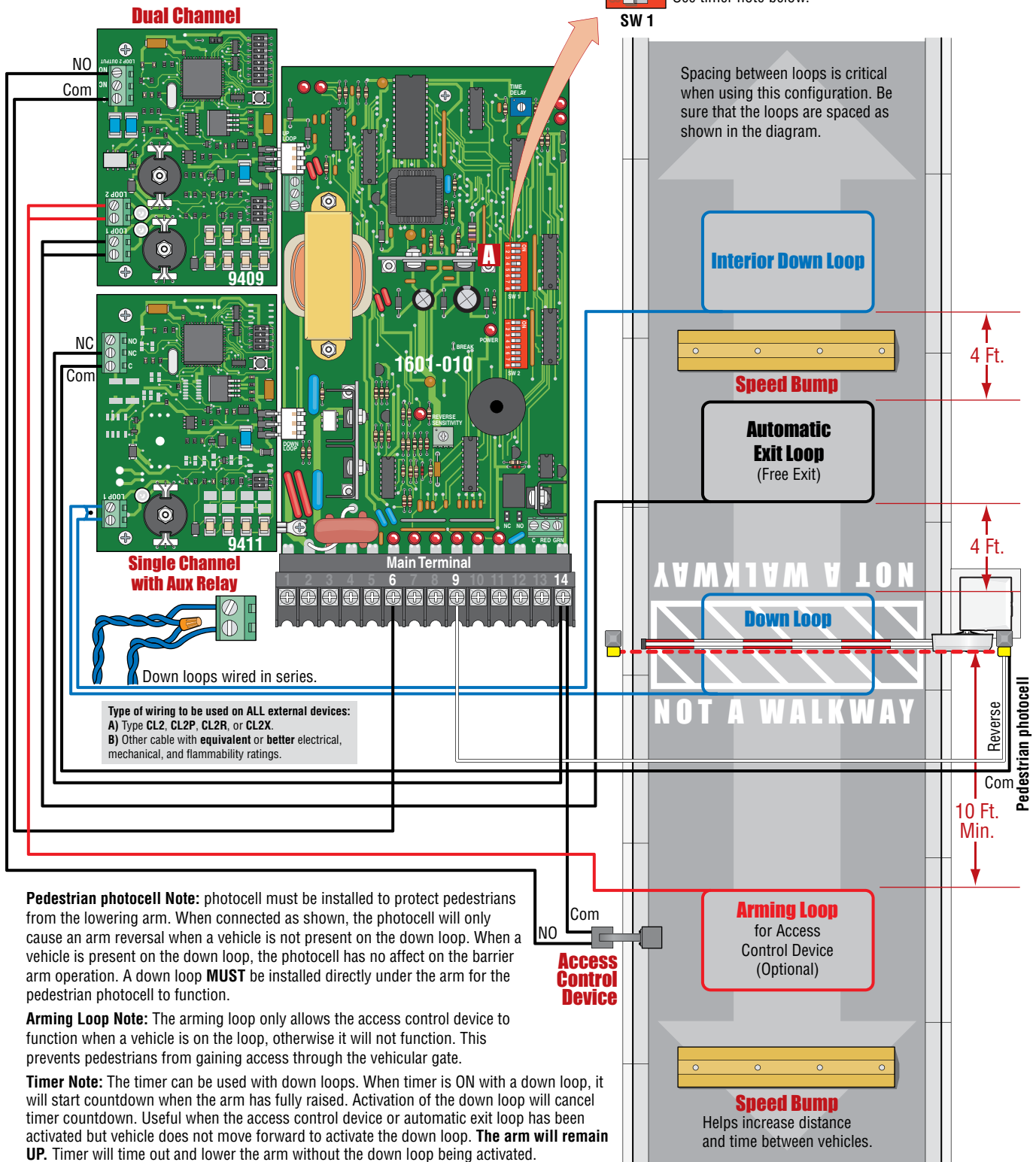
When a vehicle enters, the down loop will be overridden by the automatic exit loop which will continue to hold the arm up. When the interior down loop has been cleared by the vehicle, the arm will lower.

When a vehicle exits, the automatic exit loop will raise arm and when the down loop is cleared, the arm will lower. The interior down loop is inoperative for exiting vehicles.



SW 1, switch 4 is **ON**.

SW 1, switch 7 is **OFF** (Timer). The arm will rotate down after the vehicle clears the down loops. See timer note below.

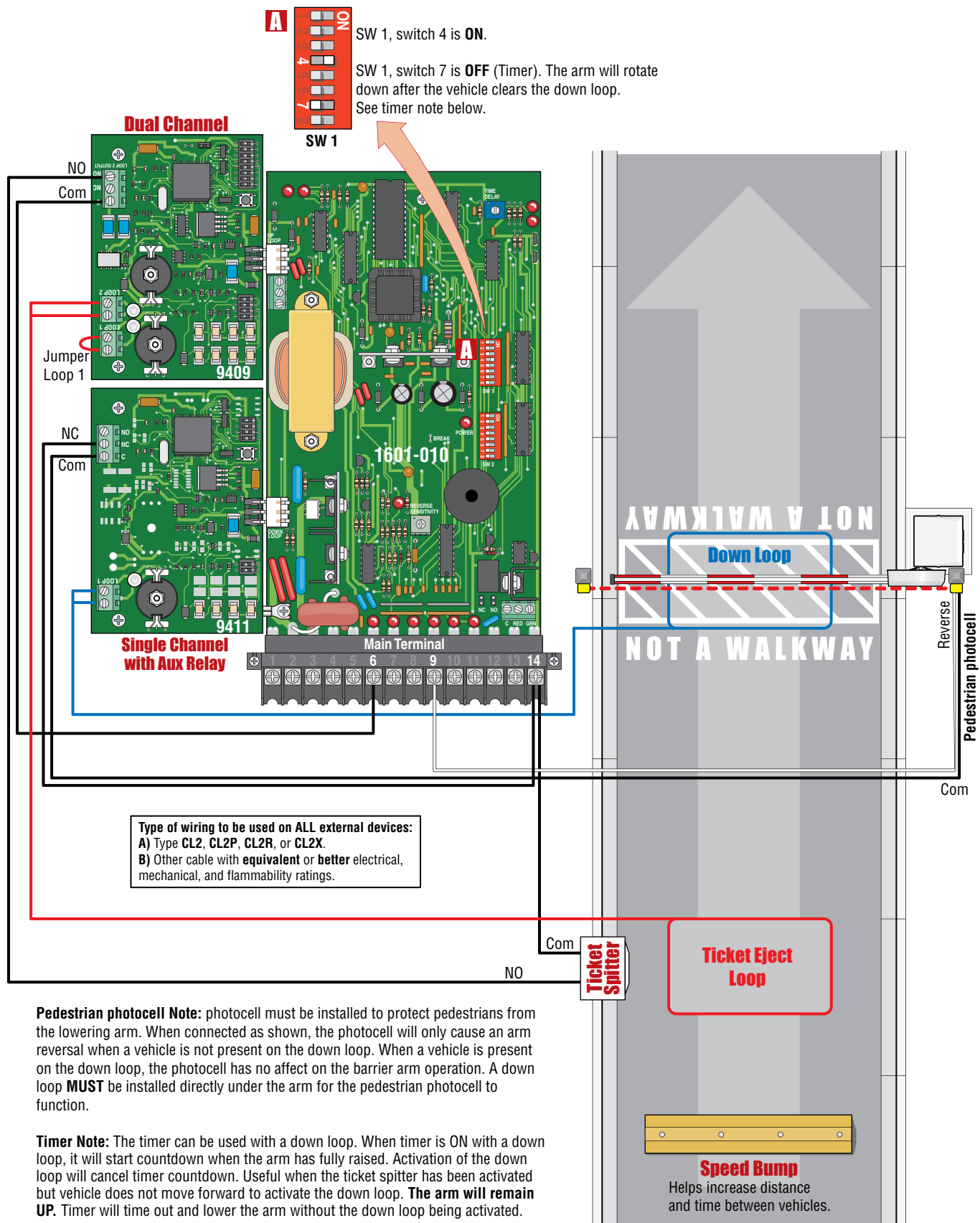


Pedestrian photocell Note: photocell must be installed to protect pedestrians from the lowering arm. When connected as shown, the photocell will only cause an arm reversal when a vehicle is not present on the down loop. When a vehicle is present on the down loop, the photocell has no effect on the barrier arm operation. A down loop **MUST** be installed directly under the arm for the pedestrian photocell to function.

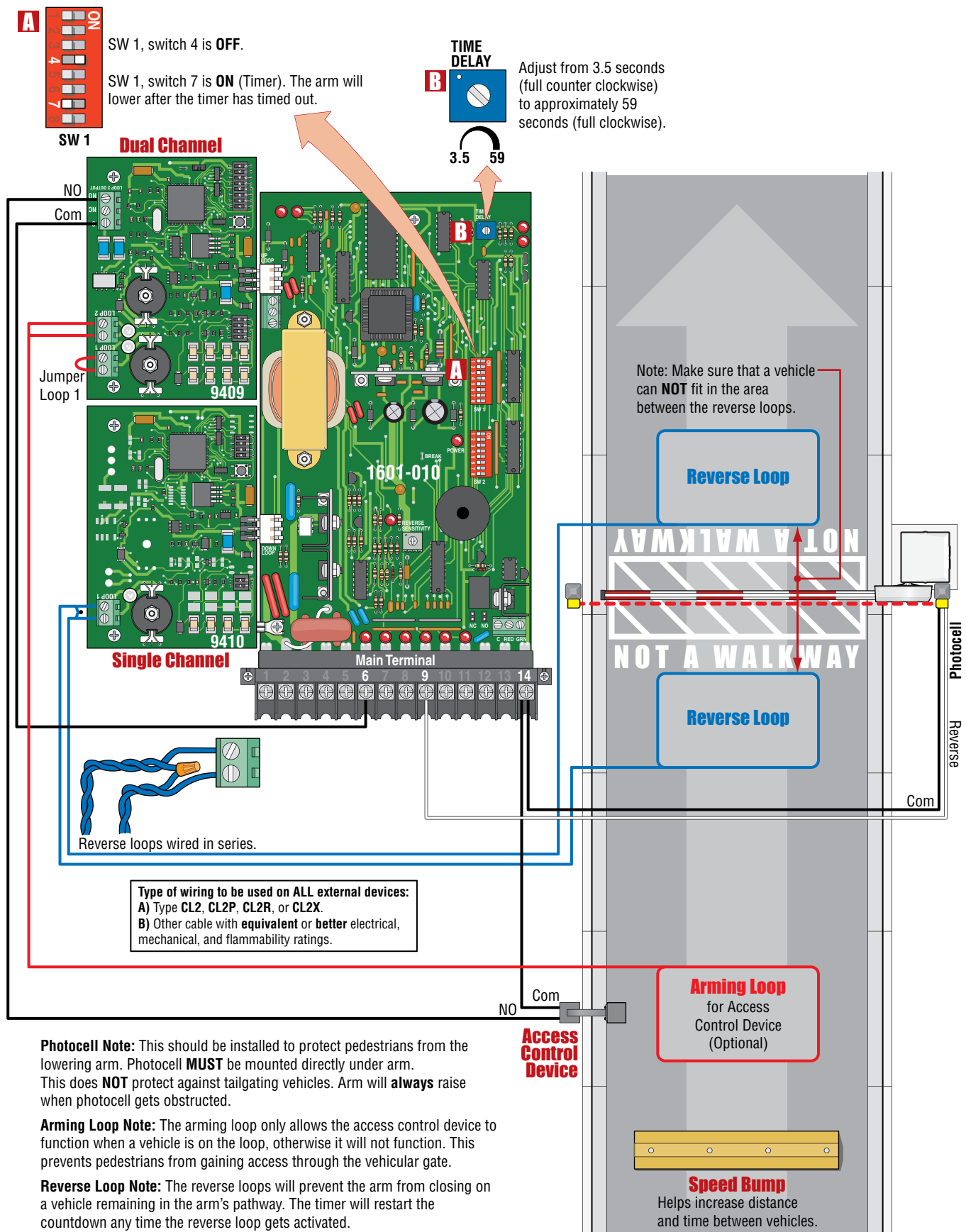
Arming Loop Note: The arming loop only allows the access control device to function when a vehicle is on the loop, otherwise it will not function. This prevents pedestrians from gaining access through the vehicular gate.

Timer Note: The timer can be used with down loops. When timer is ON with a down loop, it will start countdown when the arm has fully raised. Activation of the down loop will cancel timer countdown. Useful when the access control device or automatic exit loop has been activated but vehicle does not move forward to activate the down loop. **The arm will remain UP.** Timer will time out and lower the arm without the down loop being activated.

4.4 Ticket Spitter Entry Lane



4.5 Operator Timer ON Entry Lane (No Down Loop)



SECTION 5 - ADJUSTMENTS

The switch settings and adjustments in this chapter should be made after your installation and wiring to the operator is complete. **Whenever any of the programming switches on the circuit board are changed, power must be shut-off, and then turned back on for the new setting to take effect.**

5.1 1601 Circuit Board Description and Adjustments

Gate Tracker Activity LED

An automatic sensor system that senses entrapment of a solid object and is incorporated as a permanent and integral part of the operator.

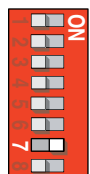
Gate Operator Data Terminal

Operator status reporting; cycle count, shorted inputs, loop detector problems, power interruptions, etc. See page 21.

Auto Close Timer

Auto close timer (when turned on) SW 1, switch 7.

Adjust from 3.5 seconds (full counter clockwise) to approximately 59 seconds (full clockwise).



SW 1



3.5 59

How LEDs Function



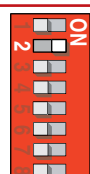
Illuminated LEDs Indicates that low voltage power is being applied to the circuit board.

Input LEDs should be OFF and will only illuminate when the input is activated.

Limit LEDs will only illuminate when the respective limit sensor has been activated.

Self Test

Self test (when turned on) SW 1, switch 2.



SW 1

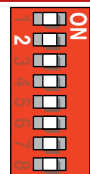
Up Limit LED
Down Limit LED

Limit Sensor
See page 35

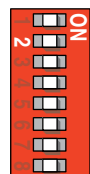
DIP-Switches

Set the DIP-switches on the circuit board to the desired setting. See switch settings information on the next 3 pages.

Note: SW 2, switch 1 **MUST** be set for the correct model operator that has been installed.



SW 1

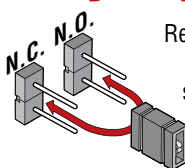


SW 2

LED Lights Terminal (C-RED-GRN)

This solid state switch is **ONLY** used to control the DoorKing 12VDC LED Traffic Signal and a Reverse/LED edge on a OCTAGON arm. 12 VDC, 6A maximum.

Dry Relay Contact



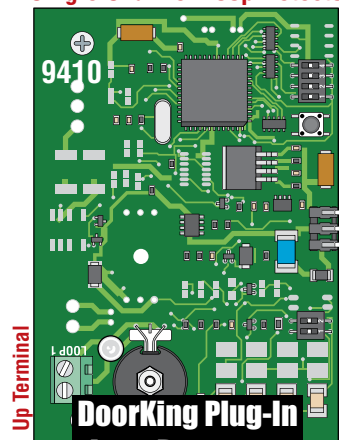
Relay activation is dependant on setting of SW 1, switch 5.



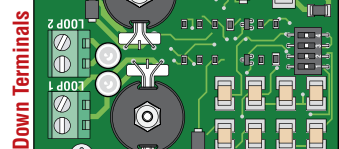
SW 1

Dry relay contacts (terminals 12-13) can be set for Normally Open (NO) or Normally Closed (NC) operation by placing the relay shorting bar on the N.O. or N.C. pins respectively. 24V AC or DC @ 1 amp max. See page 20 and next page.

Single Channel Loop Detector



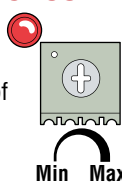
DoorKing Plug-In Loop Detectors
(Sold separately)



Dual Channel Loop Detector

Reverse Sensor

Adjust reversing sensitivity for the DOWN direction of arm. See page 35.



Min Max

Input LEDs Note: The LED that is above the terminal wiring input will light when that terminal input gets activated.

5.2 DIP-Switch SW 1 and SW 2 Settings

The two DIP-switches located on the circuit board are used to program the operator to operate in various modes and to turn on or off various operating features. Whenever a switch setting is changed, power to the operator must be turned OFF and then turned back on for the new setting to take affect. Check and review ALL switch settings prior to applying power to the operator.

SW 1 (Top 8 Switches)			
Switch	Function	Setting	Description
1	Down Active when arm is full up.	OFF	Activation and then deactivation of the down loop or down / reverse input will cause the arm to rotate down ONLY if the deactivation occurred after the arm reached the FULL UP position.
	Down Active when arm is moving up or is up.	ON	Activation and then deactivation of the down loop or down / reverse input will cause the arm to rotate down AFTER reaching the FULL UP position regardless of when the deactivation occurred.
2	Self-Test	OFF	Normal setting. Self-test is turned off.
		ON	Run self-test.
3	Gear Box Travel	OFF	Normal setting. Operator uses 360° of gearbox. Extends wear life of gearbox.
		ON	Operator uses 180° of gearbox. See page 35.
4	Down / Reverse Loop and Input	OFF	Down / Reverse loop and input will function as a REVERSE loop and REVERSE input.
		ON	Normal setting. Down / Reverse loop and input will function as a down input and cause the arm to rotate down upon deactivation of the input. See SW 1, switch 1 for additional information.
5	Relay 1 Activation	OFF	Normal setting. Relay activates when the DOWN loop detector (DoorKing plug-in detector only) senses a vehicle presence.
		ON	Relay activates when the UP loop detector (DoorKing plug-in detector only) senses a vehicle presence.
6	Up Input Function	OFF	Up Input will raise arm and/or reset the down timer. Input will not lower the arm.
		ON	Up Input will raise arm if it is down, or will lower arm if it is up.
7	Timer	OFF	Timer to lower arm is OFF.
		ON	Timer to lower arm is ON. Set from 3.5 to 59 seconds for close time delay. Timer can be used as a secondary closing command for a down loop. Timer countdown starts when arm has fully raised. Down loop activation will cancel timer and lower arm OR arm will lower when timer has timed out.
8	Up Loop Port Input	OFF	Output of the loop detector plugged into the UP loop port is switched to terminal 7 for connection to other input terminals.
		ON	Normal setting. Output of the loop detector plugged into the UP loop port will raise arm when activated.

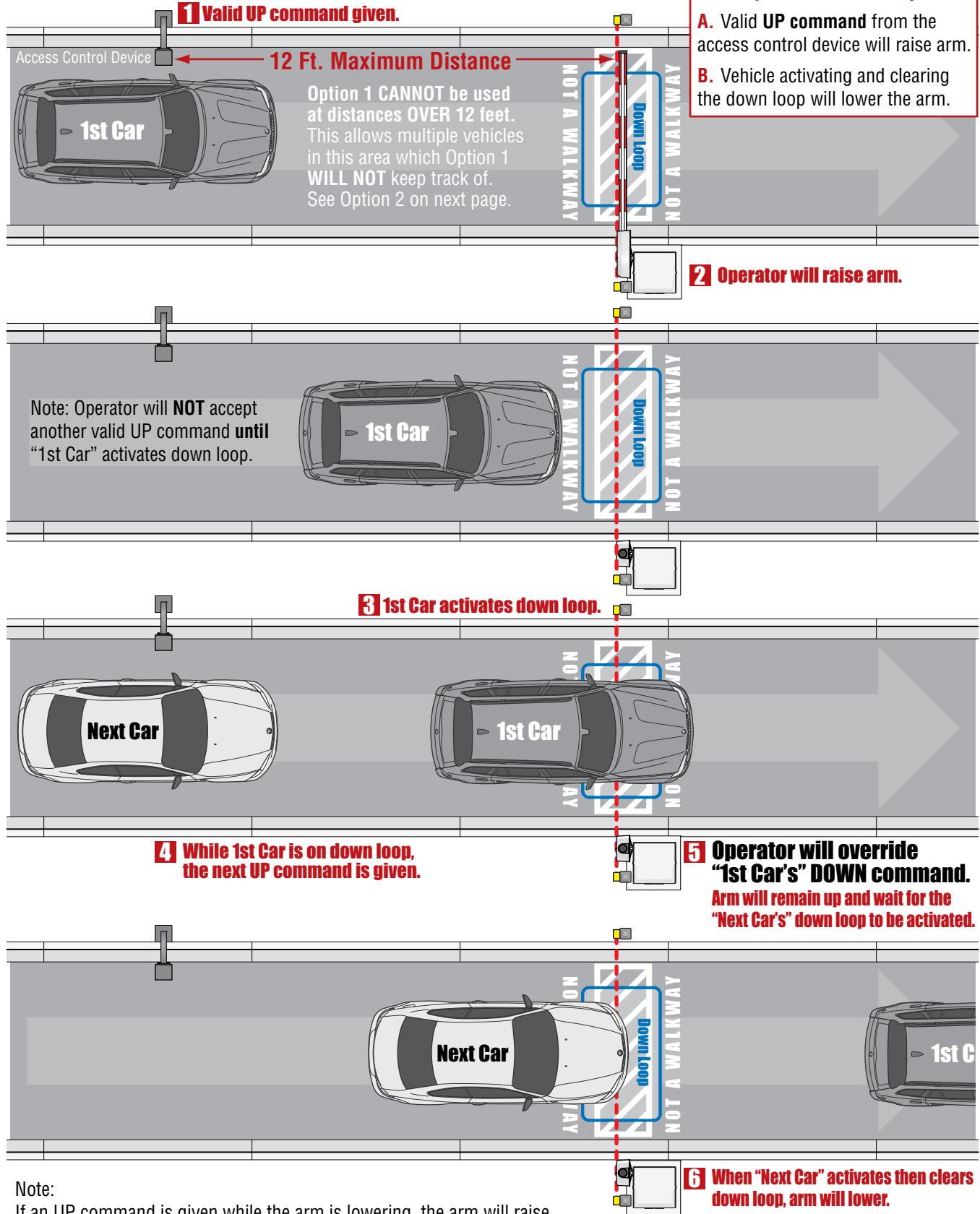
SW 2 (Bottom 8 Switches)			
Switch	Function	Setting	Description
1	Model 1601	OFF	Switch must be OFF for model 1601 barrier gate operator.
	Model 1602	ON	Switch must be ON for model 1602 barrier gate operator.
2	Multiple Input Memory ON/OFF Switch	OFF	Normal setting. Operator will respond to a single UP command, then require a DOWN command. Operator will not accept multiple Up commands. Operator will not accept the next UP command until the previous DOWN command is in progress.
		ON	Turns ON the multiple input memory option 1 or 2 (See switch 3). SW 1, switch 4 must also be on.
3	Multiple Input Memory Options (SW2, Switch 2 must be ON) (SW1, Switch 4 must be ON)	Option 1 OFF	Override a DOWN command – When the arm is in the up position for a vehicle passing through and the next vehicle's UP command is received, the operator will hold the arm up and wait for the next vehicle to clear the down loop before lowering the arm. The operator will not count multiple UP commands. Distance between access control device and barrier operator is a factor when using this option. Remote transmitters recommended for this option. See next page for more information.
		Option 2 ON	Override Multiple DOWN commands – The operator will count multiple UP commands received during an UP command and require a matching number of DOWN commands before lowering the arm. Distance between access control device and barrier operator is a factor when using this option. Remote transmitters NOT recommended for this option. See page 32 for more information.
4	Stop Arm Function	OFF	Normal setting. Arm will NOT stop DURING the down cycle.
		ON	Stop Arm Function – Arm will stop DURING the down cycle if a vehicle activates the down loop. An UP command will raise the arm, or the arm will continue down AFTER the down loop is cleared.
5	Reverse Delay	OFF	Arm reversal is delayed approximately .5 seconds when a reverse input from terminal 9 is received during the down cycle. (eg. non-contact sensor beam is blocked). Limited application use.
		ON	Normal setting. Instant Reverse – Arm reversal is delayed approximately .1 second when a reverse input from terminal 9 is received during the down cycle. (eg. non-contact sensor beam is blocked)
6	Arm Rotation Direction	OFF	Normal setting. Leave in OFF position.
7	Warn Before Operate Beeper	OFF	Beeper will beep 2 times before lowering arm ONLY when the TIMER times out. If using a down loop, when it gets activated, it will cancel the timer and lower arm WITHOUT beeping .
		ON	Beeper will beep 2 times before lowering arm EVERYTIME .
8	Spare	OFF	Normal setting. Leave in OFF position.

Option 1 - Override a DOWN Command **SW2, Switch 3 OFF**

Remote transmitters are recommended for this option.

Basic operator UP/DOWN cycle:

- A.** Valid **UP** command from the access control device will raise arm.
- B.** Vehicle activating and clearing the down loop will lower the arm.



Note:
If an UP command is given while the arm is lowering, the arm will raise.

Option 2 - Override Multiple DOWN Commands sw2, Switch 3 ON

Basic operator UP/DOWN cycle:

- A. Valid **UP** command from the access control device will raise arm.
- B. Vehicle activating and clearing the down loop will lower the arm.

This option allows the access control device and the barrier gate operator to have multiple vehicles in the area between them. The operator will count all the valid UP commands received and require a down loop activation for each one. The arm will lower only after the last vehicle activates then clears the down loop.

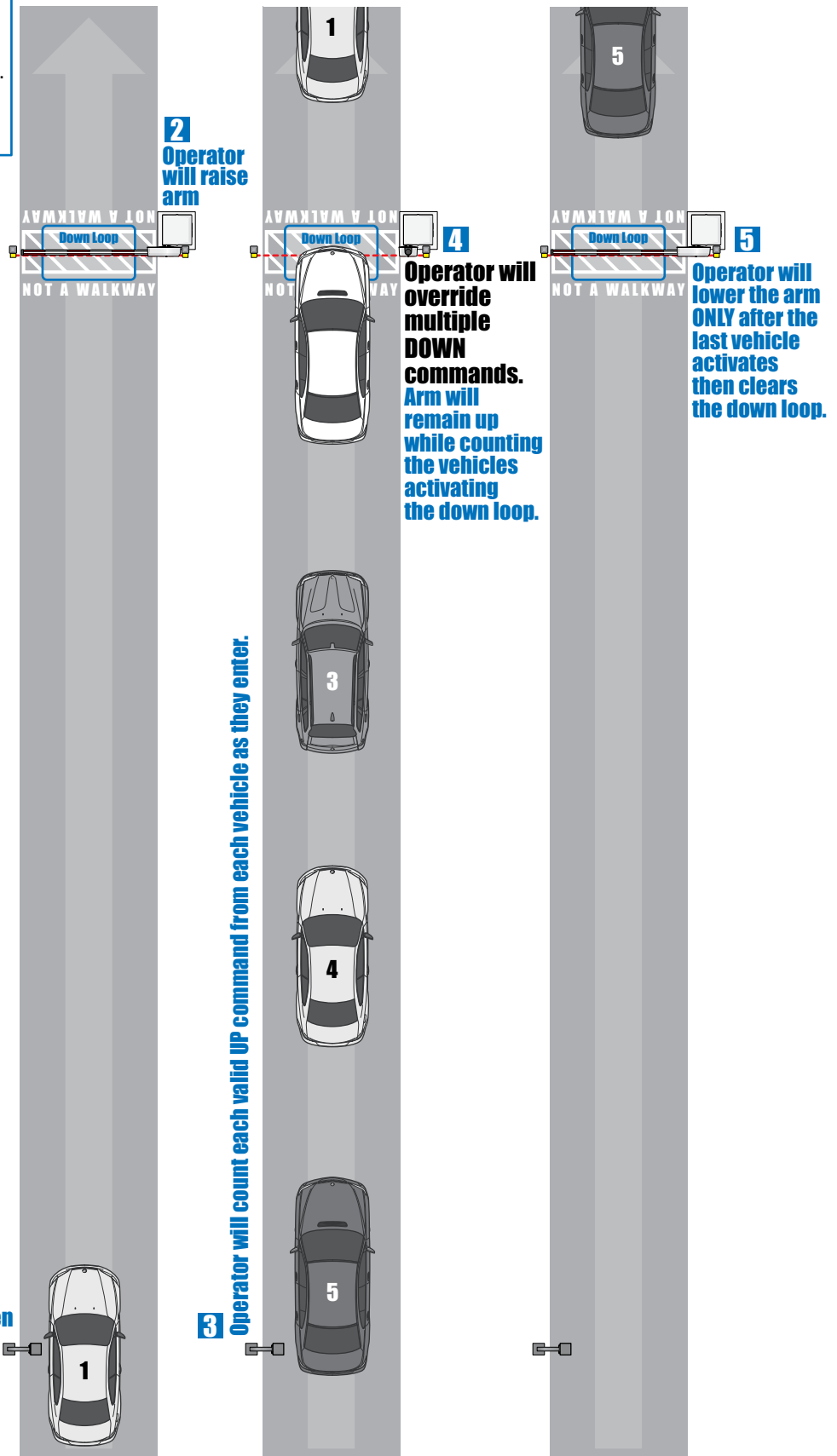
Remote transmitters are **NOT** recommended for this option because **one vehicle's remote** can accidentally be pressed **multiple times** which will get counted by the operator as multiple vehicles.

Note:

If a valid UP command is given while the arm is lowering, the arm will raise.

1 Valid UP command given

Access Control Device

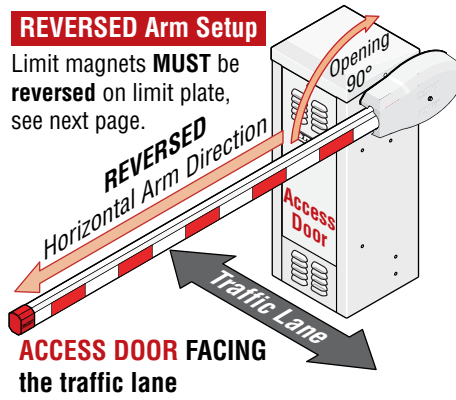


5.3 Reverse Horizontal Arm Direction - Limitations

Typically, the reason why a operator **has to be installed** with the access door **facing the traffic lane** is because there is **NOT** access to the operator's access door if it were installed the "**NORMAL 90° Factory Setup**" way. There are **some limitations** as to how far away the operator **has to be** from an obstruction (wall) in order to still **ROTATE** the arm **without** making contact with an object. Below are **different type** of barrier operator arms and **EACH** of their **specific limitations** to install the operator this way. The 1603 auto-spikes, 1620 lane barrier, 1625 wedge barrier or the 1602 3-piece arms **CANNOT** reverse their arm directions.

REVERSED Arm Setup

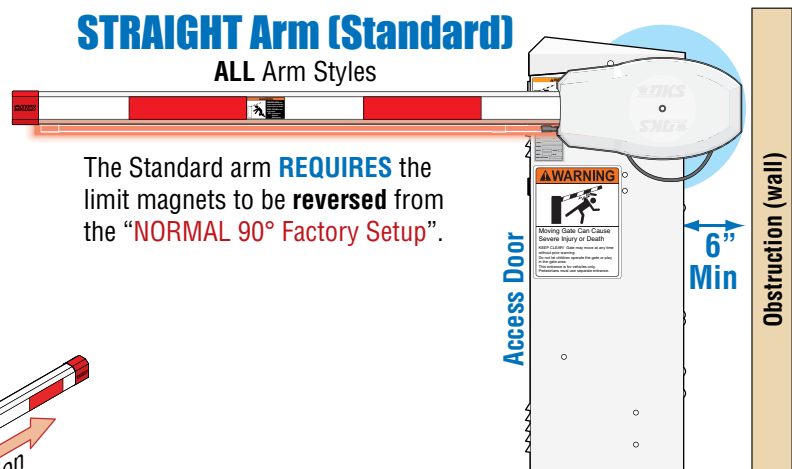
Limit magnets **MUST** be **reversed** on limit plate, see next page.



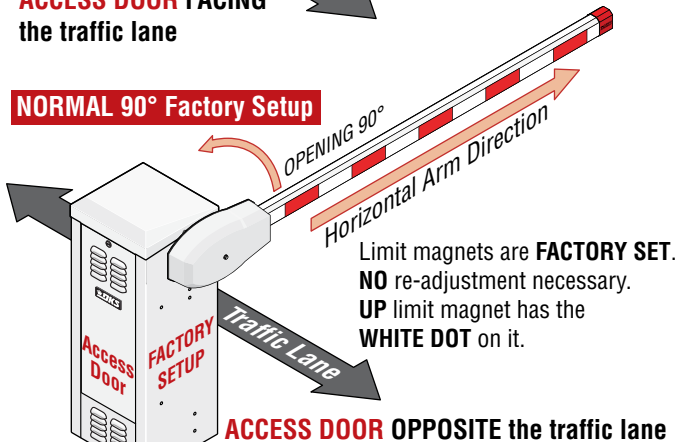
STRAIGHT Arm (Standard)

ALL Arm Styles

The Standard arm **REQUIRES** the limit magnets to be **reversed** from the "**NORMAL 90° Factory Setup**".

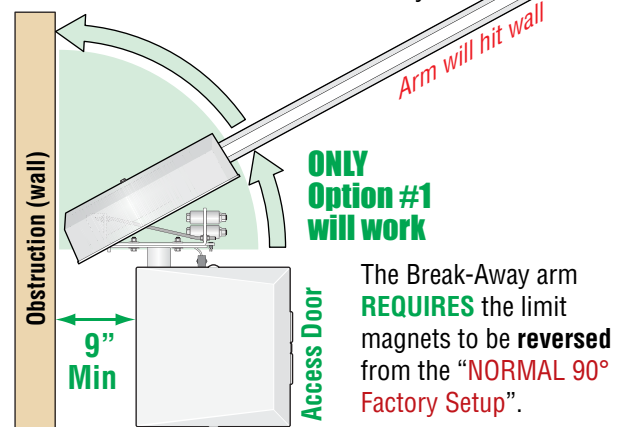


NORMAL 90° Factory Setup



Break-Away Arm

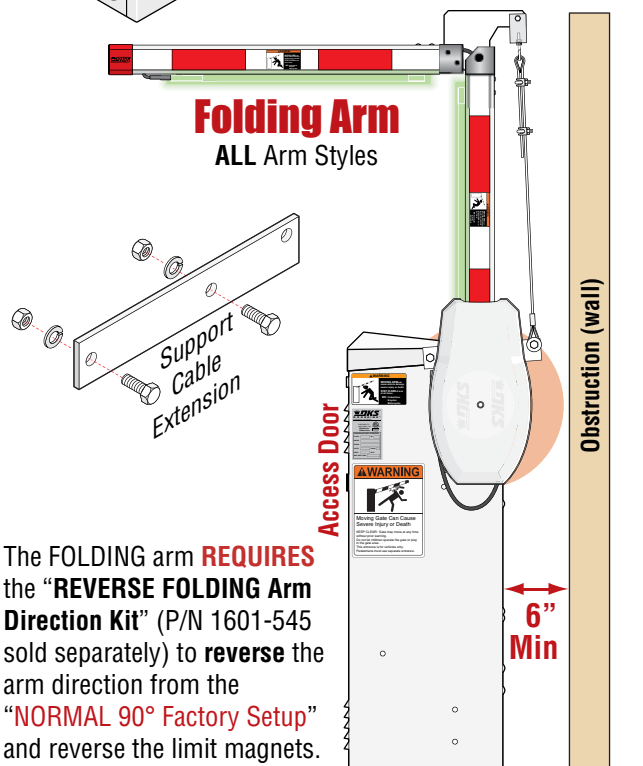
ONLY ROUND and OCTAGON Arm Styles



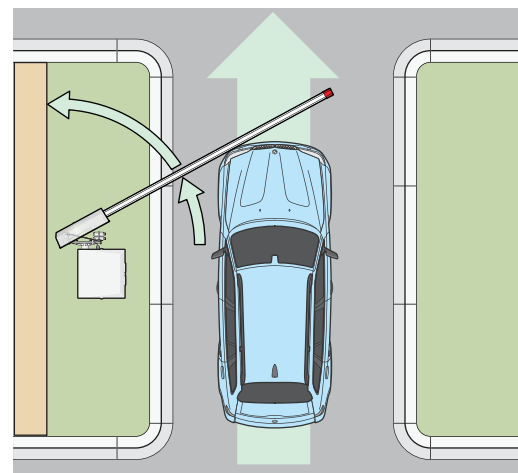
The Break-Away arm **REQUIRES** the limit magnets to be **reversed** from the "**NORMAL 90° Factory Setup**".

Folding Arm

ALL Arm Styles

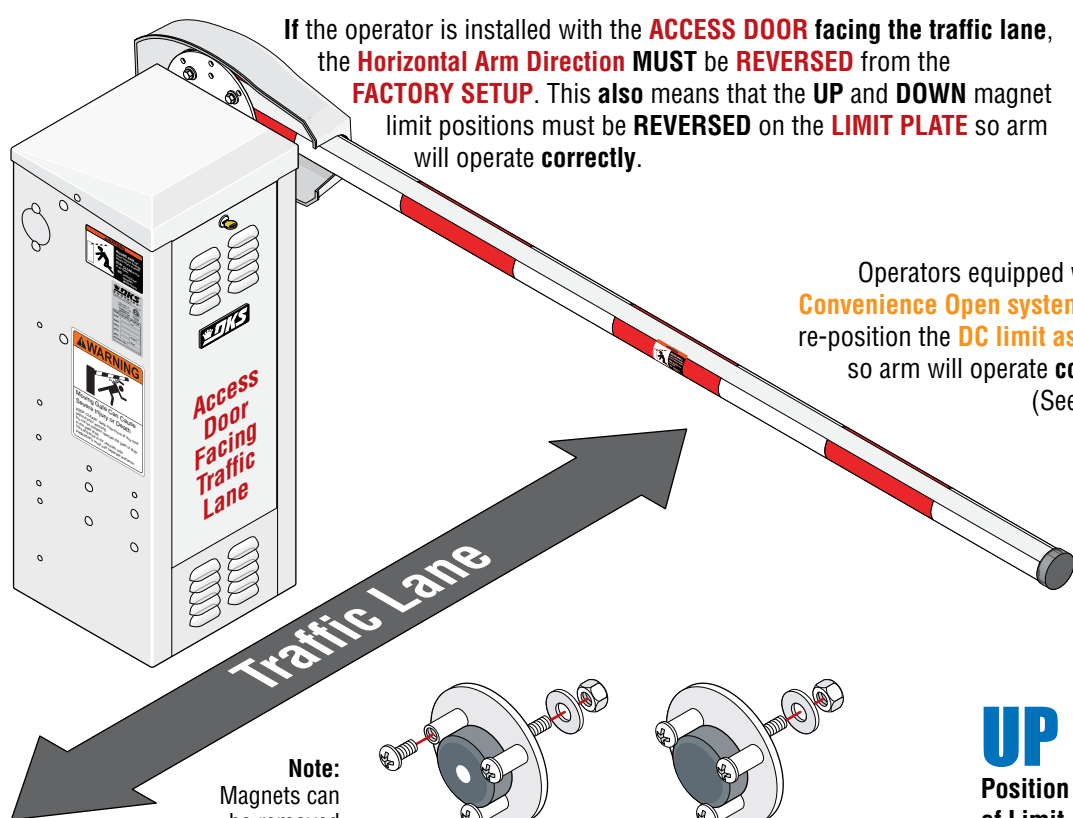


The FOLDING arm **REQUIRES** the "**REVERSE FOLDING Arm Direction Kit**" (P/N 1601-545 sold separately) to **reverse** the arm direction from the "**NORMAL 90° Factory Setup**" and reverse the limit magnets.



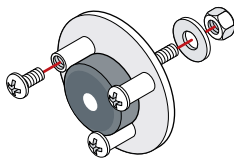
Arm can **ONLY** break-AWAY from operator using "**Option #1**" as shown and **NOT** towards the operator using Option #2.

5.3a Reverse Horizontal Arm Direction Procedure

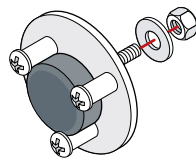


Operators equipped with the **Convenience Open system** **MUST** re-position the **DC limit assembly** so arm will operate **correctly**. (See below)

Note: Magnets can be removed from assemblies with **3 screws** and **flipped over** to show or hide the **WHITE DOT**.



DOWN Assembly
White Dot

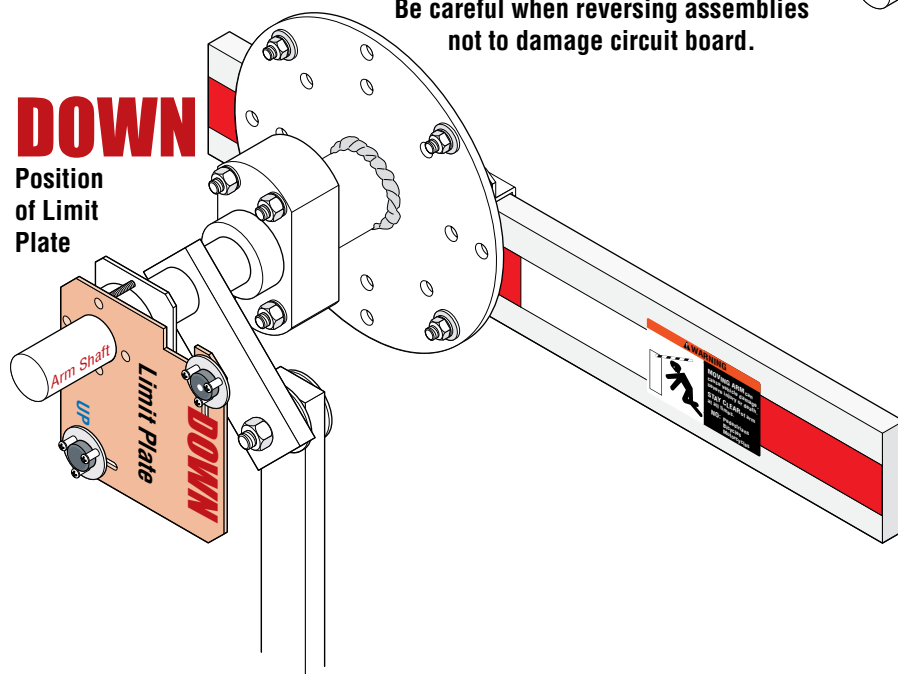


UP Assembly
NO White Dot

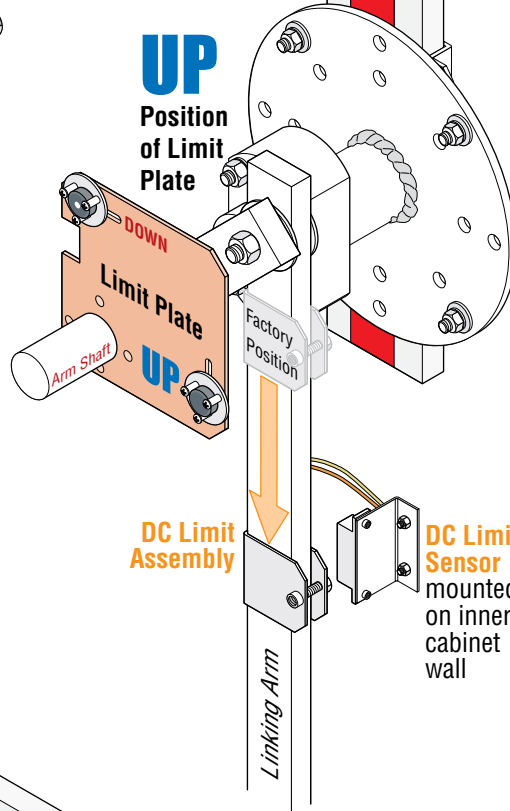
Magnetic Limit Assemblies

REVERSE the positions of the magnets on the limit plate. The **WHITE DOT** will be visible on the **DOWN** assembly magnet **ONLY**.

Be careful when reversing assemblies not to damage circuit board.



UP
Position of Limit Plate



Convenience Open System

Slide the **DC limit assembly** down the linking arm to align with the **DC limit sensor** when arm is in the **UP** position.

Note: DC limit sensor is used to hold the arm in the **UP** position during an AC power failure.

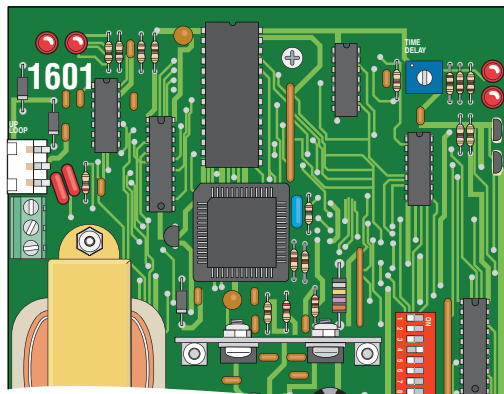
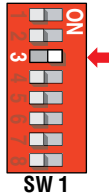
5.4 Magnetic Limit Adjustments

The operator has been preset at the factory to rotate 90°.

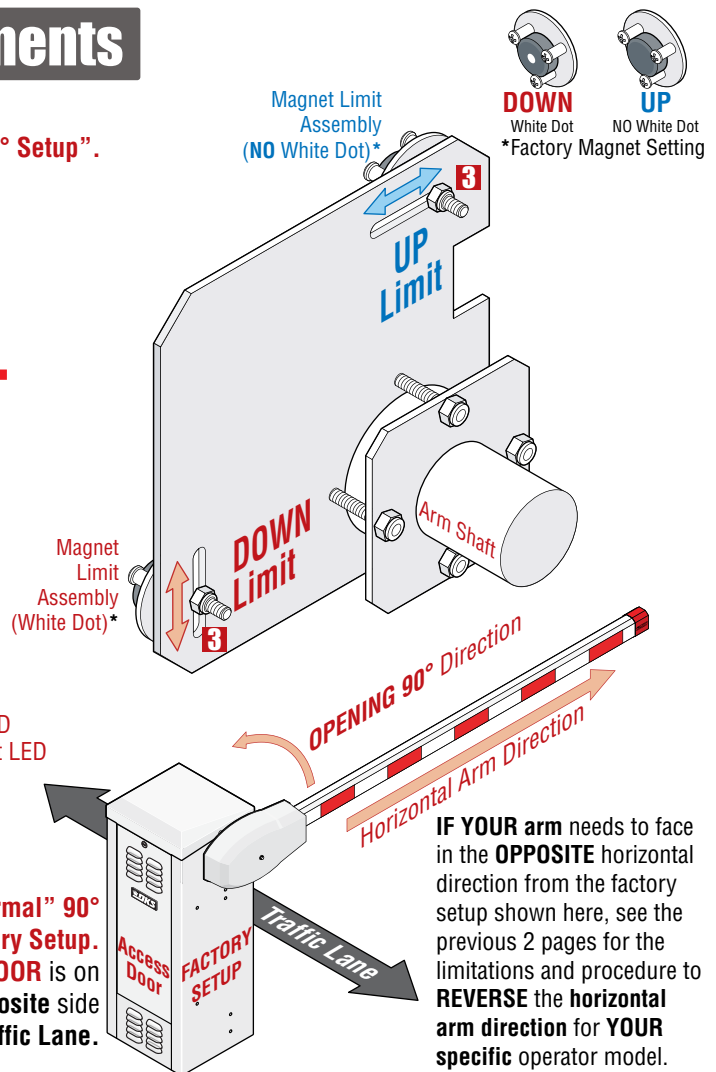
NO ADJUSTMENT is necessary when used in a “Normal 90° Setup”.

If the arm needs to rotate less than 90°:

- 1 Turn operator power **OFF**.
- 2 Set the DIP-switch SW 1, switch 3 to **ON**. This changes the rotation of the gearbox from 360° to 180° allowing the gearbox to rotate the arm less than 90°. Note: The arm will **always** cycle to 90° open with the 360° gearbox setting.
- 3 Loosen magnet limit assembly nuts and slide the assemblies to the desired **UP** and **DOWN** positions. Tighten nuts when desired positions are achieved.



“Normal” 90° Factory Setup.
ACCESS DOOR is on the Opposite side of the Traffic Lane.



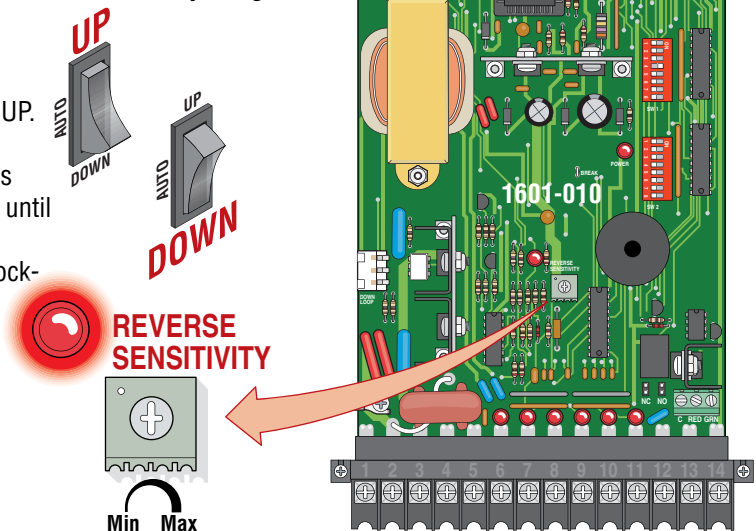
5.5 Reverse Sensor

Reverse sensitivity adjustment will cause the barrier arm to reverse direction of travel should an object be encountered during the down cycle. The amount of force required for the arm to reverse direction depends on the reverse sensitivity potentiometer.

CAUTION: Keep pedestrians and vehicles clear of the arm zone while adjusting sensor!

While operator has AC power:

- 1 Push “AUTO” rocker switch **UP**. Arm will rotate UP.
- 2 Push “AUTO” rocker switch **DOWN**. While arm is traveling down, rotate reverse sensor clockwise until the **reverse LED lights up** and the arm reverses direction. Rotate reverse sensor back counterclockwise approximately 1/8 turn.
- 3 Repeat the adjustment as needed to find a satisfactory setting.



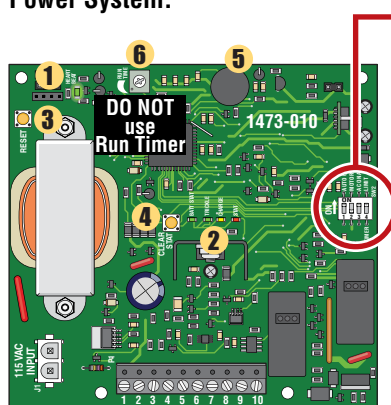
SECTION 6 - OPTIONAL CONVENIENCE OPEN SYSTEM

The optional convenience open system installed in your vehicular barrier operator is designed as a convenience enhancement only. It is **NOT** designed or intended to provide continuous arm operation during a power outage. Its sole purpose is to provide a method to **RAISE and hold the arm open ONCE** to allow unimpeded traffic flow when the barrier operator and access control system is without AC power (temporary power outage). If your access control system **requires 100% power backup** and continuous operation during a power failure, a power inverter / backup system, such as DoorKing's **Model 1000** is required, see page 46 for more information about the Model 1000 inverter power backup system.

- The convenience open system **cannot** provide continuous gate operation during a power outage.
- **This system raises and holds the arm open ONE time only after AC power failure.**
- The convenience open system requires testing on a monthly basis to insure the batteries are fully charged and that the system is operational.
- The convenience open system uses two 12-volt, 3.0 amp-hour gel-cell batteries. These batteries should be replaced every two years on average, or sooner if required.
- Batteries are affected by temperature. Cold temperatures will reduce the effectiveness of the batteries. High temperatures will result in a shortened battery life.
- Batteries are not covered under warranty.

6.1 Circuit Board Settings and Descriptions

This convenience open system consist of a control board (1473-010), motor and power supply (batteries) providing a completely redundant drive system to open the barrier arm should a power outage occur. This system is not designed to maintain continuous barrier operation; rather it provides a convenient method to open the arm **once** during adverse conditions. **If continuous barrier and access control system operation is required, refer to the DoorKing Model 1000 Inverter / Backup Power System.**



DIP-Switches

Switch	Function	Setting	Description
1	Auto Open Operation After Power Outage	OFF	DO NOT USE. Manual Mode.
		ON	(Auto Mode) Apartment complexes, gated communities, etc.: Arm will automatically raise to the operator's UP limit position.
2	Motor Dir Motor Direction	OFF	Set so that the arm opens to the UP direction upon loss of AC power.
3	AC on ACT Restore Power Operation	OFF	DO NOT USE. Physical Input Required.
		ON	Auto: a 1-second pulse is automatically sent to the barrier gate operator input to restore normal operation again.
4	Timer-OFF Limit-ON Operator Type	Timer-OFF	DO NOT USE. "Run timer" is used and MUST be adjusted.
		Limit-ON	Operator limits are used to stop arm at UP position.

1 HEART BEAT LED

Blinking: Indicates board is operating normally.

2 BATTERY LEDs

BATT STAT LED

- 2 **Blinks:** Replace batteries.
- 3 **Blinks:** Battery level is too low.
- 4 **Blinks:** Batteries are not connected.
- 5 **Blinks:** Bad battery.
- 6 **Blinks:** Battery charge current exceeds maximum, possible shorted cell.

TRICKLE LED

Steady Green LED: Battery is fully charged and a trickle charge is being used to maintain a full charge.

CHARGE LED

Steady Yellow LED: Battery is being bulk charged.
Blinking Yellow LED: Battery is 90% of a full charge.

STAT LED

3 **Blinks:** Extreme temperature, charging suspended.



3 Reset Button

Press to reset board.



4 Clear Stat Button

Press and hold the **CLEAR STAT** button for 4 secs clears the battery replacement reminder counter and resets the beeper. LEDs will also indicate battery status.

5 Beeper

A beep every 20 seconds indicates that battery replacement is needed. Press and hold the **CLEAR STAT** button to reset the battery reminder beeper and clear the counter. LEDs will also indicate battery status.

6 Run Timer DO NOT USE.

Operating Notes:

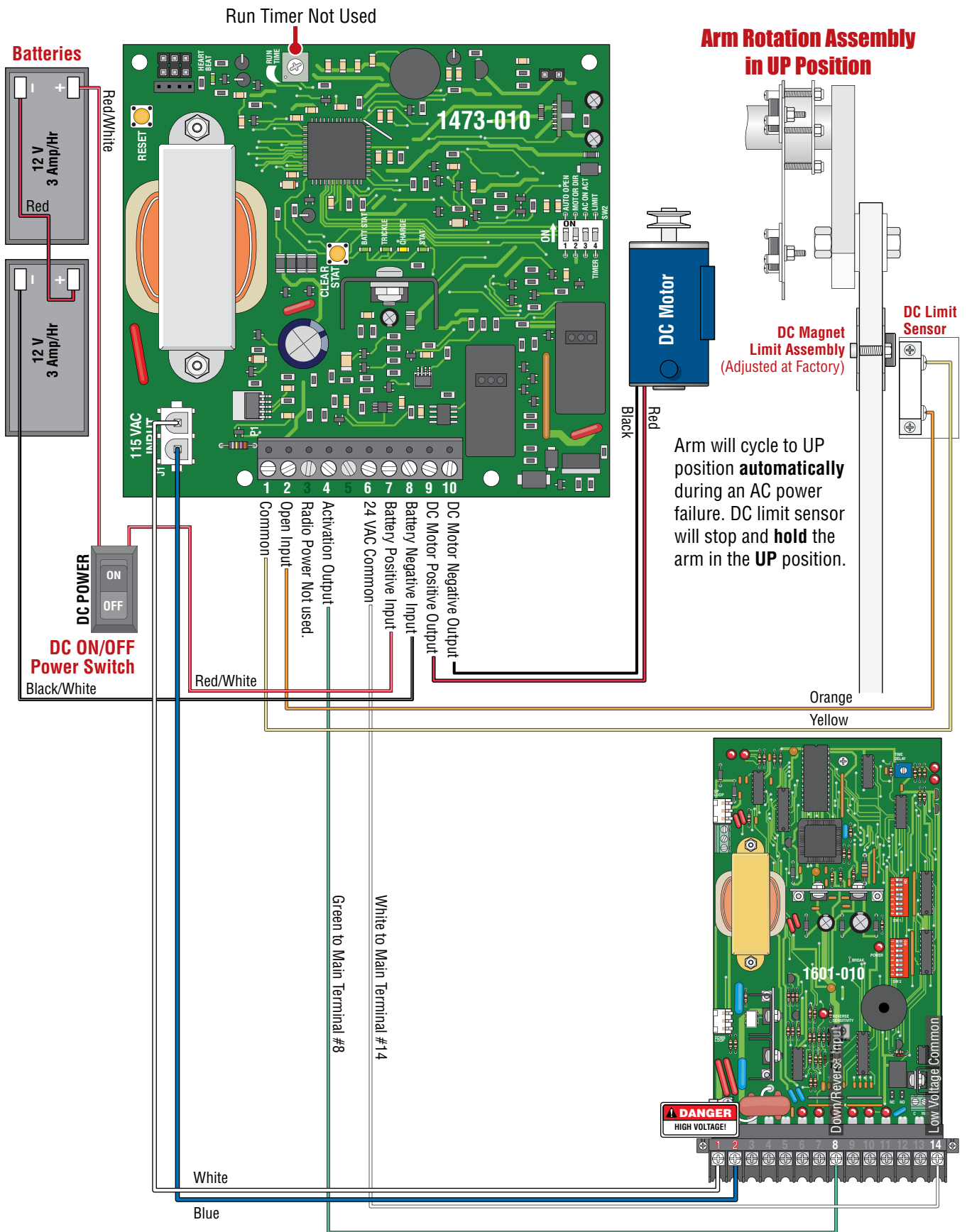
DIP-Switch 1 ON: Arm will cycle to **UP** position **AUTOMATICALLY** during an AC power failure.

DIP-Switch 4 ON: Operator's DC limit sensor will stop and **HOLD** the arm in the **UP** position.

DIP-Switch 3 ON: Operator will **AUTOMATICALLY return to normal operation** once AC power has been restored.

INITIAL Power Up Convenience Open Note:
The DC power is **NOT** present on the main circuit board until the **FIRST** initial cycle.

6.2 DC System Wire Schematic



SECTION 7 - OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

7.1 Wood/Round/Plastic Arm Reversing Edge Install

In addition to the electronic reversing device (ERD), reversing edges can be installed on a **WOOD / ROUND / PLASTIC** arm offering **additional protection** (Different edge lengths and models available, sold separately).

Contact Sensor Note:

A reverse edge is **NOT** to be used as a replacement, or in lieu of, in-ground loops or non-contact sensor (photocell) that protect vehicles passing underneath the barrier arm. A moving vehicle coming in contact with a downward moving barrier arm **WILL** result in **damage to the vehicle** and the barrier arm/reversing edge if **NOT** using in-ground loops or non-contact sensor (Photocell).

- 1 Turn operator power **OFF**.
Remove plastic cover.

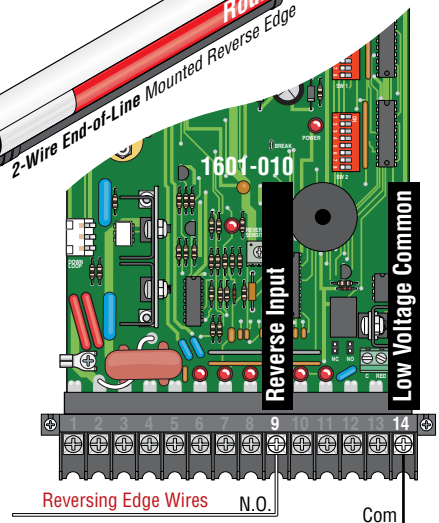
- 2 Position the mounting channel at the end of the arm and secure to the bottom of the arm using self-tapping metal screws (not supplied). Slide the reversing edges into the mounting channels.

- 3 Drill a **1/4-inch** hole on the side of the operator cabinet beneath the operator arm shaft and not interfering with the internal components.

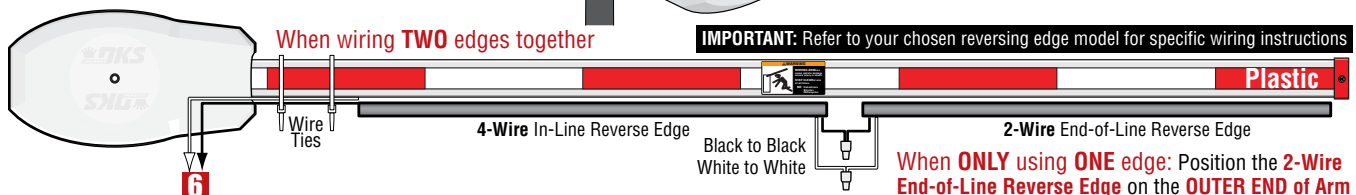
- 4 Install a plastic grommet (Not supplied) in the 1/4" hole to **protect the wire from chaffing** on sharp metal edges.

- 5 Secure the wire to the arm and hub using wire ties (not supplied). leave a wire loop to allow the arm to rotate freely. Make sure wire does not rub against the cover when cycling.

IMPORTANT: ONE or TWO 5-ft or 6-ft reversing edges can be used depending on the amount of additional protection **YOU** choose.

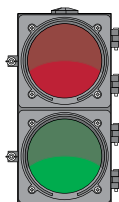


- 6 Typical connection of wires to terminals **9** and **14** without interfering with any of the operator's internal moving parts. Re-install plastic cover.



7.2 Additional Optional Accessories

“Optional” accessories offering additional features, available from DoorKing.



LED Traffic Light

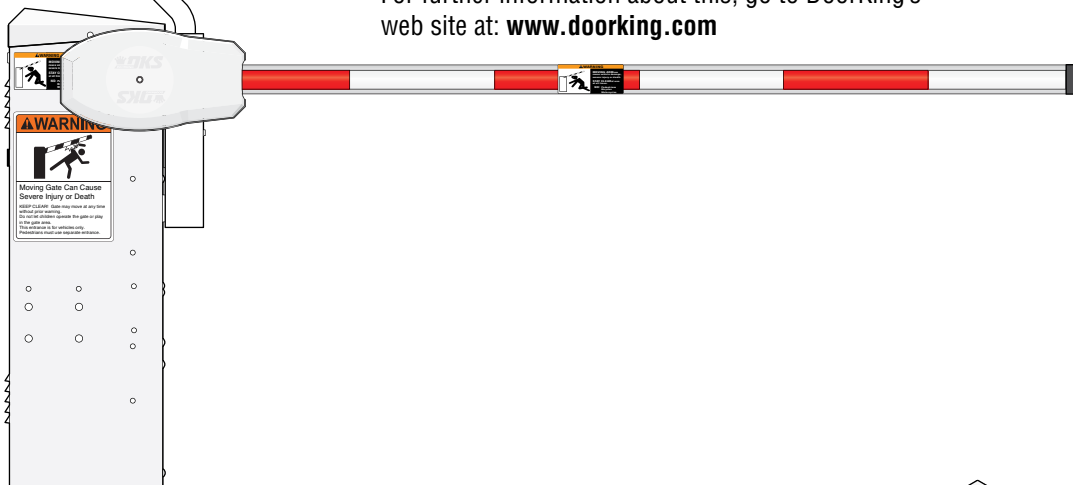
This kit is designed for the 1601 or 1602 barrier gate operators. The traffic signal is synchronized with the gate operator's up/down cycle. The red light stays on and only changes to green when the operator's arm is fully raised.

P/N 1603-221 - 6 Ft Cable with NO Post

P/N 1603-222 - 6 Ft Cable with 35" Post

P/N 1603-223 - 11 Ft Cable with 95" Post

For further information about this, go to DoorKing's web site at: www.doorking.com

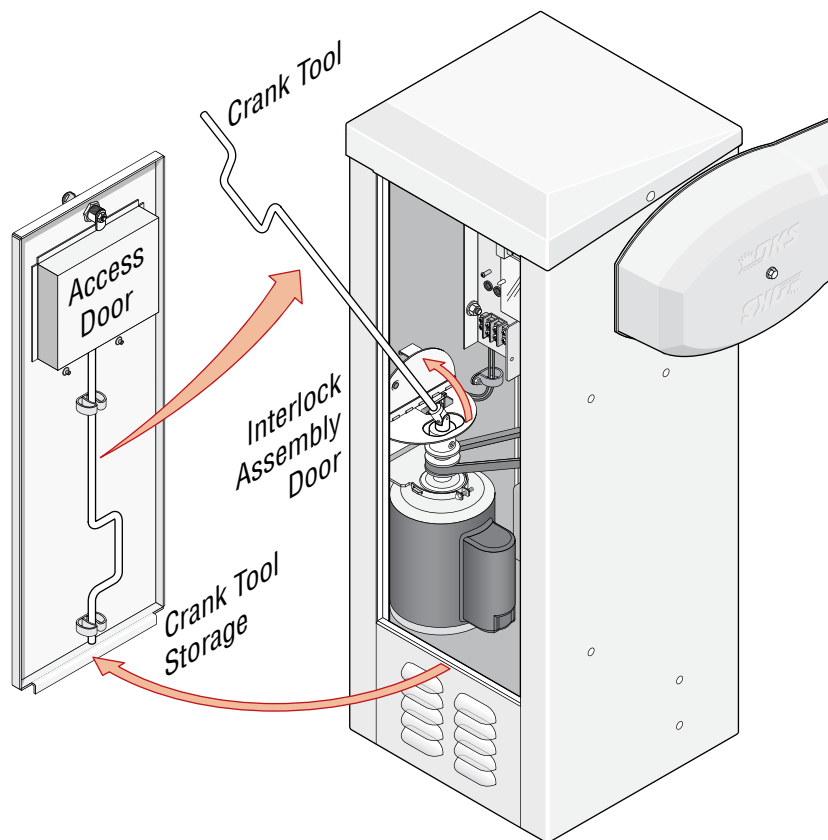


Manual Release Kit

This kit is designed to be installed on **current 1601** model barrier gate operators or on **all older model barrier operators**. It provides a crank tool to manually move the arm up or down. For further information about this kit, refer to the instruction sheet provided with the kit (P/N 1601-270) or go to DoorKing's web site at: www.doorking.com

Note: Manual Release is **FACTORY INSTALLED** on current **1602** and **1603** barrier operators.

Manual Release is **OPTIONAL** for current **1601** operators.

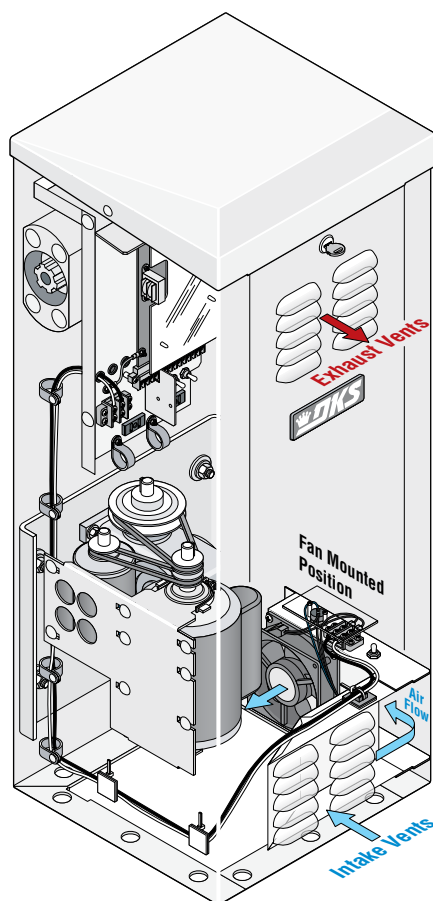
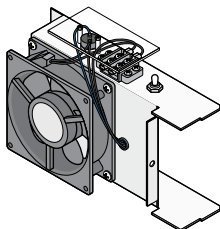


7.2 Additional Optional Accessories

“Optional” accessories offering additional features, available from DoorKing.

Fan Kit

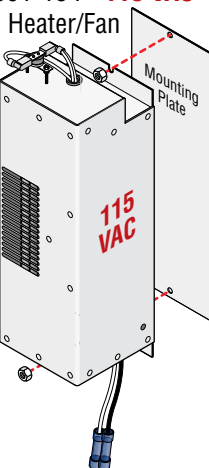
This kit is designed for the 1601 or 1602 barrier gate operators. It is recommended for hot humid climates to prevent heat and moisture build-up inside the cabinet (P/N 1601-093). For further information about this, go to DoorKing's web site at: www.doorking.com



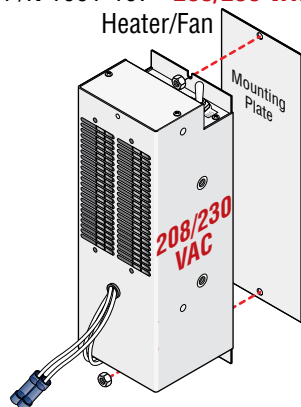
Heater Kits

These kits are designed for the 1601 or 1602 barrier gate operators. For cold weather climates where temperatures routinely drop below 10°F (-12°C). A built-in thermostat will automatically control the temperature inside operator cabinet. There are different kits depending on the **Operator Input Power Wire** being used to power the barrier gate operator. For further information about these, go to DoorKing's web site at: www.doorking.com

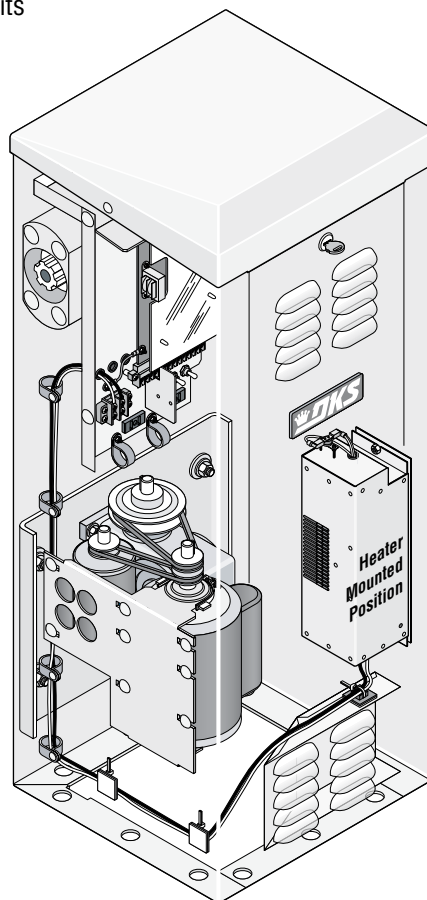
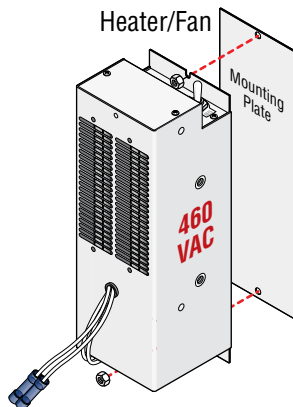
P/N 1601-154 - **115 VAC**



P/N 1601-197 - **208/230 VAC**



P/N 1601-198 - **460 VAC**



SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING

Inspection and service of this gate operator by a qualified technician should be performed anytime a malfunction is observed or suspected. High cycle usage may require more frequent service checks.

8.1 Maintenance

When servicing the gate operator, always check any external reversing devices (loops, photo eyes, etc.) for proper operation. If external reversing devices cannot be made operable, do not place this operator in service until the malfunction can be identified and corrected.

Always check the inherent reversing system when performing any maintenance. If the inherent reversing system cannot be made operable, remove this operator from service until the cause of the malfunction is identified and corrected. Keeping this operator in service when the inherent reversing system is malfunctioning creates a hazard for persons which can result in severe injury or death should they become entrapped.

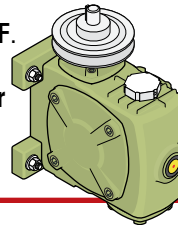
If replacing arm, make sure warning decal is on both sides of arm.



When servicing this gate operator, always turn power **OFF!!**

If equipped with batteries, make sure battery power switch is **OFF**.

If gearbox requires oil, use only Mobil SHC-629 Synthetic Gear Oil. Do not completely fill gearbox with oil. Gearbox is full when oil completely covers inspection window.



Inspection Window

Operator Component	Maintenance	Monthly Interval		
		1	6	12
Warning Signs	Check that warning signs are on BOTH sides of the gate area.	✓		
Arm(s)	Check for alignment, tightness and wear. Make sure warning decals are on operator and arm and easily visible.		✓	✓
Drive Belt(s)	Check for alignment, tightness and wear.		✓	✓
ERD Reversing System	Check that the arm reverses on contact with an object in closing cycle. Adjust the reversing sensor if necessary.	✓		✓
Batteries (On select models)	If operator is equipped with optional convenience open system, check the batteries for any leakage or loose connections. Batteries should be replaced every two years.	✓		
Convenience Open System (Not on all models)	If operator is equipped with optional DC open system, check to be sure the system opens the arm upon loss of AC power. Operator should resume normal operation when AC power has been restored.	✓	✓	✓
Fire Dept.	Check emergency vehicle access device for proper operation.	✓		✓
Gearbox	Check oil level and fill if necessary. Do not overfill.			✓
Linkages	Check internal linkages for wear. Inspect bushing for wear.		✓	✓
Loop(s)	Check all external ground loops for proper operation.	✓		✓
Pulleys	Check set screw for tightness.		✓	✓
External Reverse Device(s)	Check electric reversing edges and photocell for proper operation.	✓		✓
Complete System	Perform a complete system check. Include all reversing devices, loops, access system devices, Fire Dept. access devices, etc.			✓

8.2 Diagnostics Check

Have the following diagnostic tools available: VOM meter with minimum voltage memory or min-max range to check voltage and continuity. Meg-ohm meter capable of checking up to 500 megohms of resistance to properly check ground loop integrity. A malfunction can be isolated to one of the following:

- Gate Operator
- Loop System
- Keying Devices

Disconnect all external inputs to the circuit board terminal.

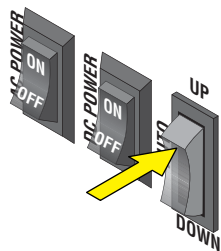
1. Use caution when checking high voltage areas: terminals 1 through 6, the motor capacitor and the motor.
2. Check the input indicator LED's. They should only come ON when a keying device (card reader, push button, etc.) is activated. If any of the input LED's are ON continuously, this will cause the gate operator to hold the arm up. Disconnect the keying devices one at a time until the LED goes OFF (see troubleshooting guide).
3. If the operator stops or holds open, check external entrapment protection devices for any shorts or malfunction.
4. A malfunction in a loop or loop detector can cause the gate operator to hold the arm up, or not detect a vehicle when it is present over the loop. Pull the loop detector circuit boards from the loop ports on the operator circuit board. If the malfunction persists, the problem is not with the loop system. For more information refer to the loop detector instruction sheet and the DoorKing Loop and Loop Detector Information Manual.
5. Check that there are no shorted or open control wires from the keying devices to the gate operator. If a keying device fails to open the arm, momentarily jumper across terminals 6 and 14 on the control board terminal. If the gate operator starts, this indicates that a problem exist with the keying device and not with the gate operator.
6. Check the supply voltage and batteries. A voltage drop on the supply line (usually caused by using wires that are too small) will cause the operator to malfunction. Batteries should be fully charged for proper operation, replace batteries every two years on average.

8.3 Manual Release OPTIONS

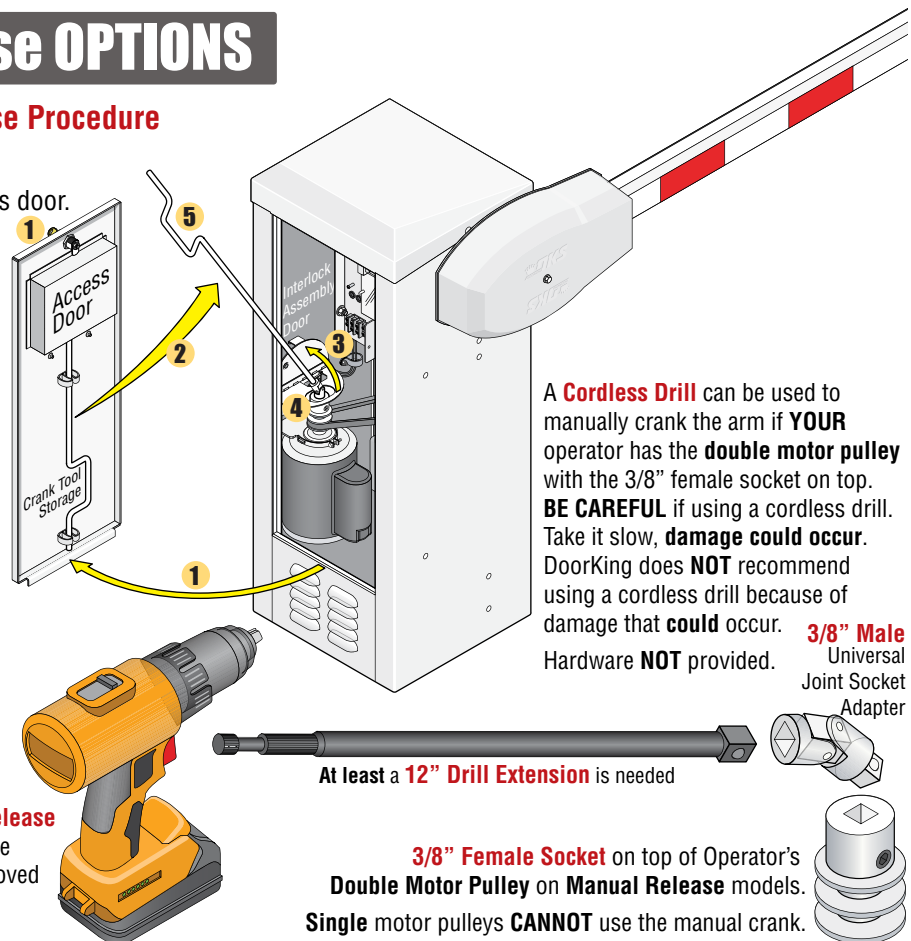
Factory Installed Manual Release Procedure

1. Unlock and remove access door.
2. Remove crank tool from inside access door.
3. Flip interlock assembly door up, power will be disabled from operator.
4. Insert crank tool into motor pulley as shown.
5. Rotate crank tool to manually move operator arm **UP** or **DOWN**.

Convenience Open operator models can **automatically raise** the arm by pressing the **"AUTO"** rocker button.



If your operator does **NOT** have a **Manual Release** or **Convenience Open**, then the arm **MUST** be **unbolted from the hub with 4 bolts** and removed to clear the pathway. See next page for more information.



A **Cordless Drill** can be used to manually crank the arm if **YOUR** operator has the **double motor pulley** with the 3/8" female socket on top. **BE CAREFUL** if using a cordless drill. Take it slow, **damage could occur**. DoorKing does **NOT** recommend using a cordless drill because of damage that **could** occur. **3/8" Male Universal Joint Socket Adapter** Hardware **NOT** provided.

At least a **12" Drill Extension** is needed

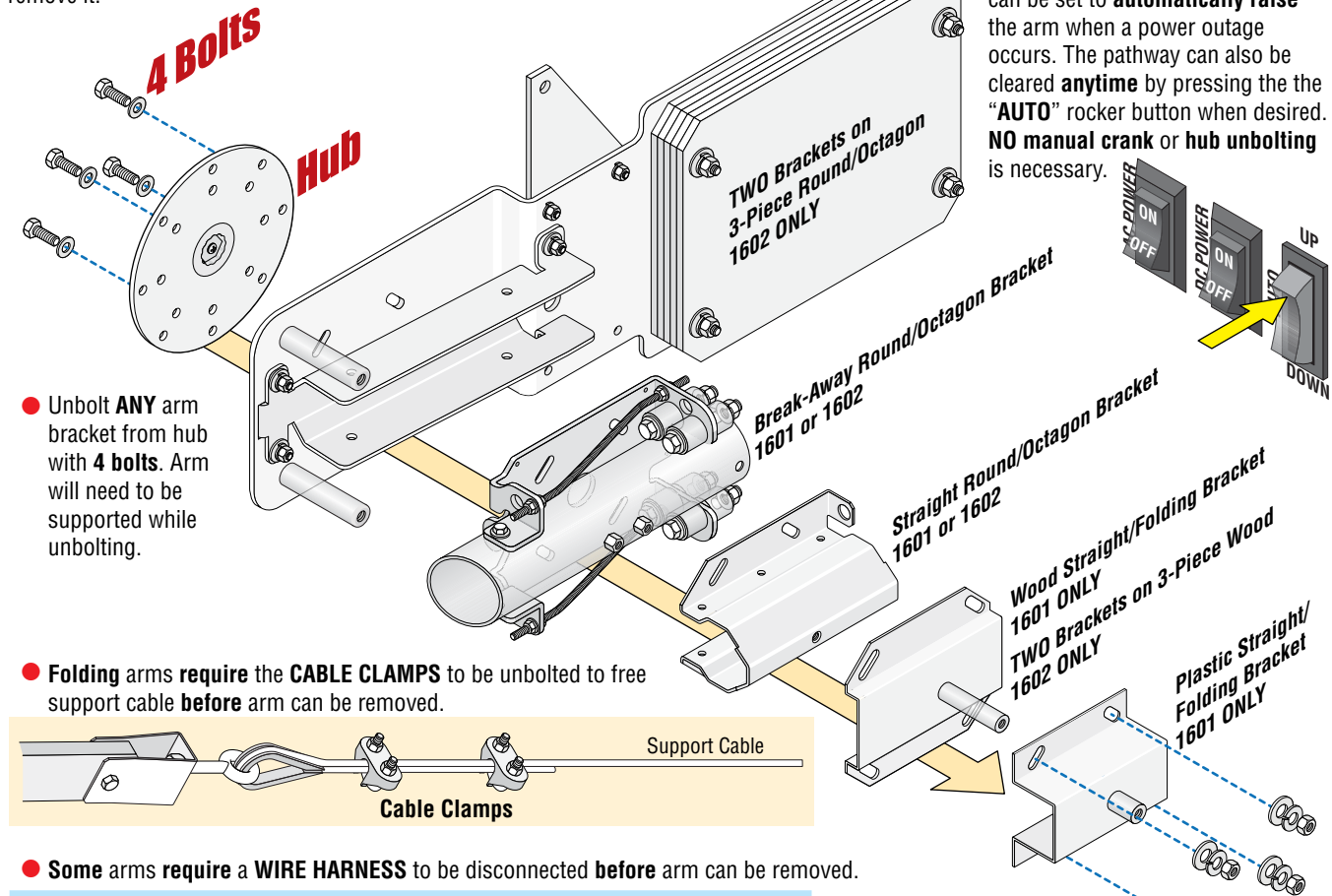
3/8" Female Socket on top of Operator's **Double Motor Pulley** on **Manual Release** models. **Single** motor pulleys **CANNOT** use the manual crank.

8.4 Manually Moving Arm Without Manual Release

Generally, a 1601 **WITHOUT** a manual release **MUST** be unbolted from the **HUB** with **4 bolts** and removed to clear the pathway. A **Manual Release** is installed on **all other** operator models to physically crank the arm up to clear the pathway. See previous page.

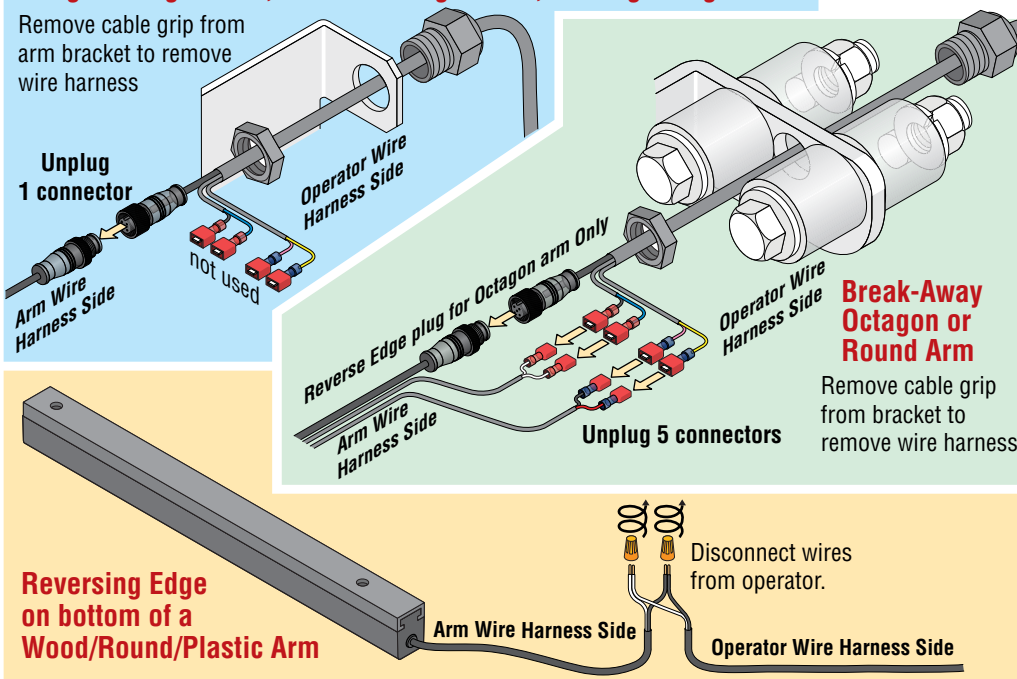
If the arm(s) must be removed, follow **YOUR SPECIFIC arm type** information below to remove it.

Convenience Open operator models can be set to **automatically raise** the arm when a power outage occurs. The pathway can also be cleared **anytime** by pressing the the "AUTO" rocker button when desired. **NO** manual crank or hub unbolting is necessary.



Straight Octagon Arm, 3-Piece Octagon Arm, Folding Octagon Arm

Remove cable grip from arm bracket to remove wire harness



8.5 Troubleshooting

Overall Daily Performance of Operator with Extreme Weather: It is important to understand how **extreme weather** can seriously diminish the performance of the operator (especially the 1602 with the 27 ft 3-piece arm). Extreme wind, snow and/or ice can impede or even **inhibit** the operation of the arm. Setting the reverse sensor with **TOO MUCH force** to account this so the arm will continue to operate under these **EXTREME** conditions is **NOT** recommended. **IF** more force (reverse sensor set too high) is **continually needed** for the operator to continue operating in such a case, then **extra safety devices** (in-ground loops, reverse edge, photocell) **MUST** be added to help the arm reverse with **MUCH LESS FORCE** needed when the arm encounters an obstruction, rather than just relying on the reverse sensor alone. Adding these safety devices will **help counteract** the reverse sensor being set so high. **Never** rely on the reverse sensor **alone** set so high for the arm to continue to operate **SAFELY**.

Symptom	Possible Solution(s)
Operator will not run. Power LED is OFF.	- Check that power to the operator is turned ON. - Check for 117 VAC with a voltmeter at control board terminals 1 and 2. If voltage measures 0, check power supply to operator or check terminal strip. If voltage measures OK, replace control board.
Operator will not run. Power LED is ON.	- Press RESET button on BOTTOM of 1/2 HP motor for 1601 ONLY. No reset button on 1HP motor. - Momentarily jumper terminal 6 to terminal 14. If input LED does not come ON, check terminal strip or replace control board. If LED does come on, go to the next step. Remove circuit board from the terminal strip and shutoff power to the operator: - Momentarily jumper terminal 2 to terminal 3 (Caution – High Voltage). Momentarily turn power ON. The motor should run. Make sure power is OFF. Remove the jumper. - Momentarily jumper terminal 2 to terminal 4 (Caution – High Voltage). Momentarily turn power ON. The motor should run. Make sure power is OFF. Remove the jumper. - If motor does not run in either or both steps above, bad motor, motor capacitor or wiring to motor.
Arm rotates up, but will not rotate down.	- Check LEDs on terminals 6, 7 and 9. Any of these ON will hold the arm in the UP position. This indicates a shorted input. - Check the LEDs on the loop detectors. Any ON will hold the arm in the UP position. Possible loop or loop detector problem. - If auto timer is not used (SW 1, switch 7 off), check to be sure SW 1, switch 6 is in the ON position. This will cause terminal 6 to rotate the arm down when it is activated. - Check to be sure SW 1, switch 4 is ON. This will cause terminal 8 activation, then deactivation to rotate arm down.
Down input / down loop will not rotate arm to down position.	- Check to be sure, switch 4 is in the ON position. - Down input must be activated, and then deactivated to cause arm to rotate down.
Loop detector LED is on continuously.	- Activate the reset switch on the loop detector. - Decrease loop detector sensitivity. - Check loop wire for resistance to ground with meg-ohm meter. Should be 100 meg-ohms or higher. If less than 50 meg-ohms, replace loop wire. - Be sure loop lead-in wire is twisted at least 6 turns per foot. - Be sure all loop connections are soldered. - Replace loop detector.
Loop detector LED never activates.	- Increase loop detector sensitivity. - Check continuity of loop wire. Should be 0 ohms. If continuity check indicates anything other than 0 ohms, check all connections. Replace loop wire. - Move loop detector board to the other loop detector port on the control board, and then check loop operation. If loop detector still fails, replace loop board. - If loop detector operates OK in the other loop port, replace control board.
Battery back-up system will not raise arm upon power outage.	- Check that the back-up system toggle switch is in the ON position. - Check to be sure that the 1473-010 battery back-up control board switch settings are set as described in Section 6. - Check the batteries for proper voltage, replace if necessary. - Replace the 1473-010 back-up control board.
Operator has intermittent functionality problems that vary.	The main terminal #5 250 mA power has been exceeded. Check total amp draw of connected device(s).

8.6 Accessories Parts List

The following accessories are available for 1601 and 1602 barrier gate operators.

Plug-In Loop Detectors - Plug directly into ports on circuit board simplifying wiring.

P/N 9410-010 - Single channel detector.

P/N 9409-010 - Two channel detector.

P/N 9411-010 - Single channel detector with aux relay. **Pedestrian Protection:** Controls arm lowering for vehicles but **NOT** for pedestrians.

P/N 9416-010 - Single channel low power draw detector

P/N 9415-010 - Dual channel low power draw detector

Loop Wire - XLPE insulation is available in 500 and 1000 foot rolls, available in Black, Blue and Red insulation.

Loop Sealant - P/N 2600-771 Asphalt P/N 2600-772 Concrete

Manual Release Kit for the 1601 or 1602 - Installs on 1601 or 1602 operators. P/N 1601-270

Meg Ohm Meter - Checks the integrity of ground loops. P/N 9401-045

Interconnect Cable - Interconnect cable contains all the necessary wires to interconnect primary / secondary operators.

Cable length: 30 ft. - P/N 2600-755 40 ft. - P/N 2600-756 50 ft. - P/N 2600-757

High Voltage Kit - Alter the input AC voltage on a 115 VAC 1601/1602 to 208, 230, 460 or 575 VAC. P/N 2600-266

Type B2 Contact Devices - Reverse Edges: Installs on the bottom of a **ROUND / WOOD / PLASTIC** arm ONLY. NOT for Octagon arm.

DoorKing

DKS 8080-250 **5 ft** 2-wire End-of-Line

DKS 8080-254 **5 ft** 4-wire In-Line

DKS 8080-260 **6 ft** 2-wire End-of-Line

DKS 8080-264 **6 ft** 4-wire In-Line



Type B1 Non-Contact Devices - Photocell - Prevents arm from lowering on vehicles or pedestrians.

DoorKing

Model 8080-057 (Retro-reflective 35 ft Max)

Model 8080-060 with protective hood (Retro-reflective 35 ft Max)

Miller Edge

OptiGuard (Thru-Beam 100 ft Max)

TruGuard (Retro-reflective 30 ft Max)

EMX Industries

Model IRB-MON2 (Thru-Beam 115 ft Max)

Model IRB-RET2 (Retro-reflective 60 ft Max)

Model IRB-325 (Thru-Beam 65 ft Max)

Model NIR-50-325 (Retro-reflective 50 ft Max)

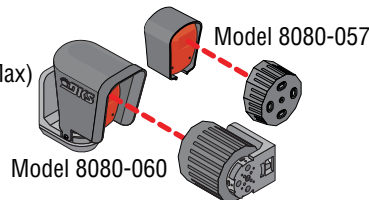
Omron

Model E3K-R10K4 (Retro-reflective 30 ft Max)

Seco-Larm

Model E-936-S45RRGQ (Retro-reflective 45 ft Max)

Model E-960-D90GQ (Thru-Beam 90 ft Max)



1601 arm OPTIONS on pages 2 - 4.

1602 arm OPTIONS on pages 5 - 7.

Manual Gate Control Toggle - Allows user to manually operate gate arm. Fits inside single-gang electrical box. P/N 1200-017

Time Clock - 7 day clock, used to automatically open gate at pre-set time, fits inside operator. P/N 2600-791 7 day clock

Surge Devices - Helps prevent circuit board failure caused by lightning strikes and power surges.

P/N 1879-080 - High Voltage P/N 1878-010 - Low Voltage

Replacement Battery - Convenience open system. P/N 1801-009 (2 required)

Speed Bump - Prefabricated 6-foot speed bump reduces traffic speed through gate system. P/N 1610-150

115 VAC 3.3 Amp Heater Kit - Thermostatically controlled heater for cold environment.

Note: This heater **ONLY** kit only works with a 115 VAC Input power wire on the barrier gate operator. It **CANNOT** be installed on the 1601-480 or 1601-481 (Gray housing models) P/N 1601-092

115 VAC 3.3 Amp Heater with Fan Assembly Kit - Thermostatically controlled heater and fan for cold and hot environments.

For 115 VAC input power **ONLY**. P/N 1601-154

208/230 VAC Heater with Fan Assembly Kit - Thermostatically controlled heater and fan for cold environment.

Note: This heater kit only works when installing a High Voltage Kit with 208 or 230 VAC Input power wire on the barrier gate operator.

P/N 1601-197

460 VAC Heater with Fan Assembly Kit - Thermostatically controlled heater and fan for cold environment.

Note: This heater kit only works when installing a High Voltage Kit with 460 VAC Input power wire on the barrier gate operator. P/N 1601-198

Fan Kit - Thermostatically controlled fan for hot humid environments. P/N 1601-093

LED Traffic Light (Red, Green) - Manage the traffic flow with LED red-green lights. Support post bolts onto the 1601 or 1602 operator.

P/N 1603-221 - 6 Ft Cable with NO Post

P/N 1603-222 - 6 Ft Cable with 35" Post

P/N 1603-223 - 11 Ft Cable with 95" Post

Expansion "Tracker" board - "Tracker" board allows the barrier gate operator to report activity to a companion 1830 series access control system. P/N 2351-080 single 2358 tracker board in enclosure.

8.6 Accessories Parts List Continued

1000 Inverter/Back-Up Power System - Will **continue** to power operator(s) when the **115 VAC input power** has failed.

P/N 1000-083

Can be used to power **TWO** (2) 1/2 HP barrier gate operators or **ONE** (1) 1 HP barrier gate operator.

Can NOT USE on operators that have the 208/230/460/575 high voltage kit installed on them.

Mounting Post Kit for 1000 Inverter Cabinet (P/N 1000-045)

12-volt, 35 Ahr SLA Battery (Replacement, sold individually) (P/N 1801-005)

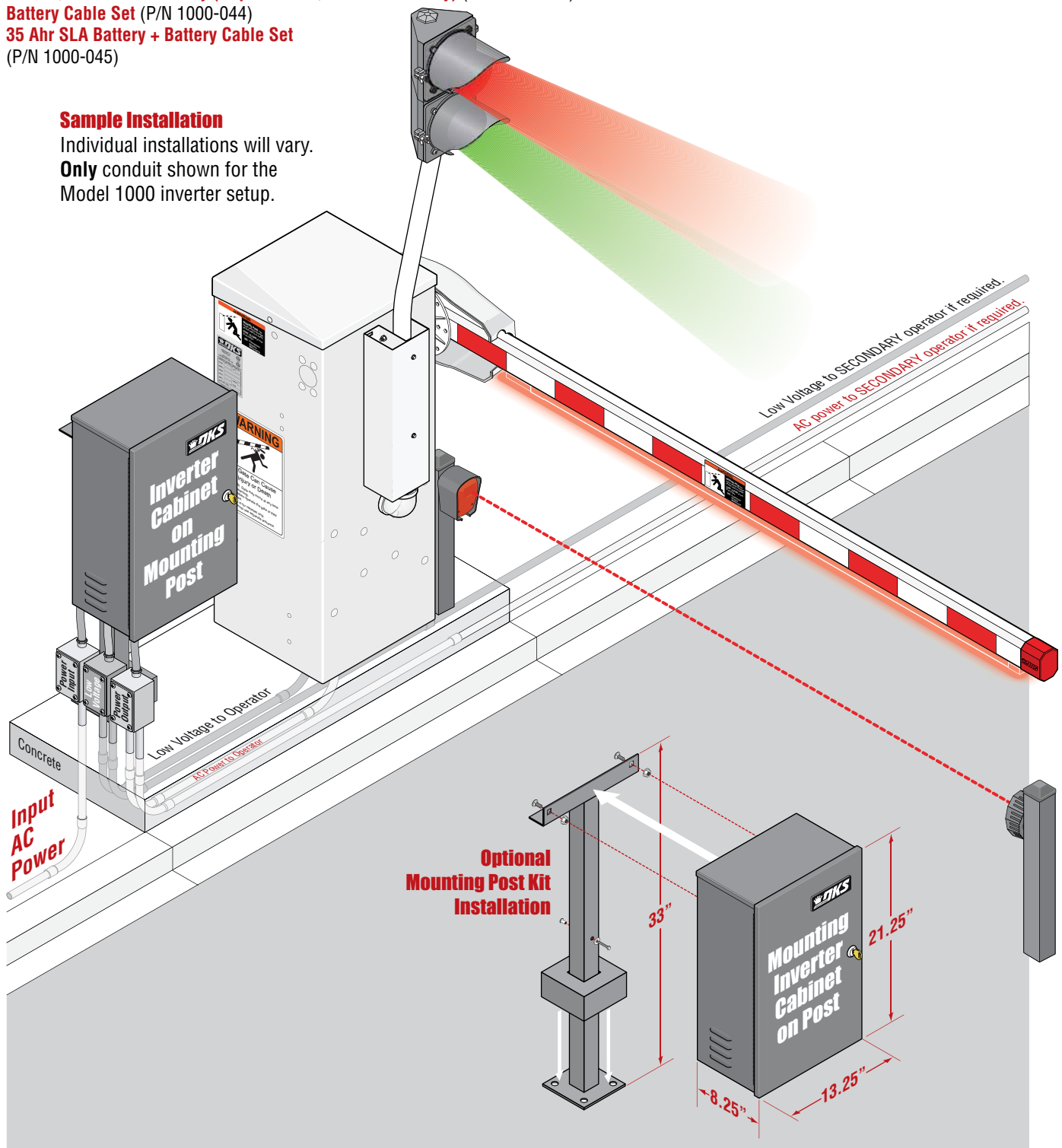
Battery Cable Set (P/N 1000-044)

35 Ahr SLA Battery + Battery Cable Set
(P/N 1000-045)

Sample Installation

Individual installations will vary.

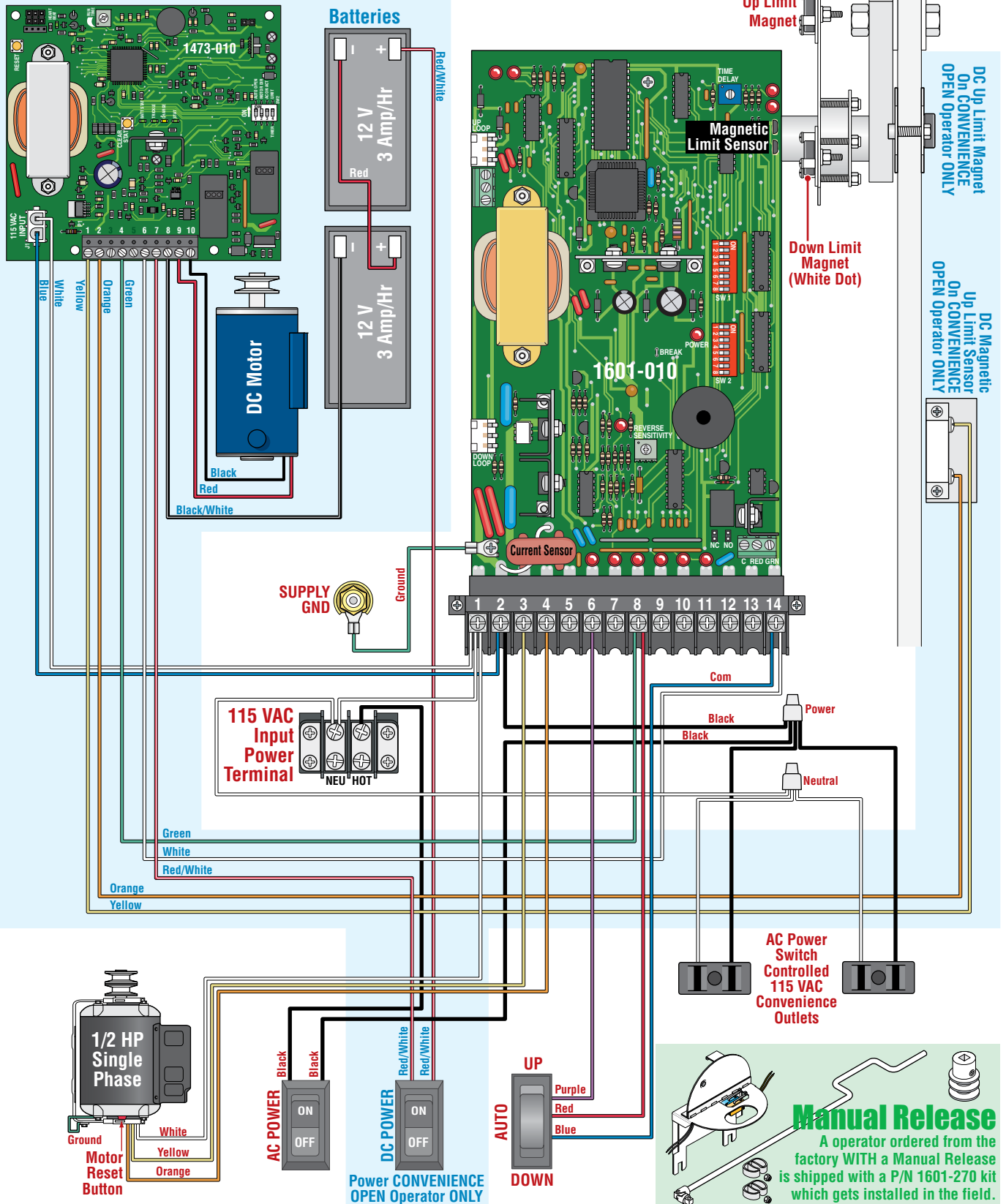
Only conduit shown for the
Model 1000 inverter setup.



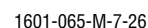
1601 - 1/2 HP 115 VAC with/without Convenience Open

Convenience Open

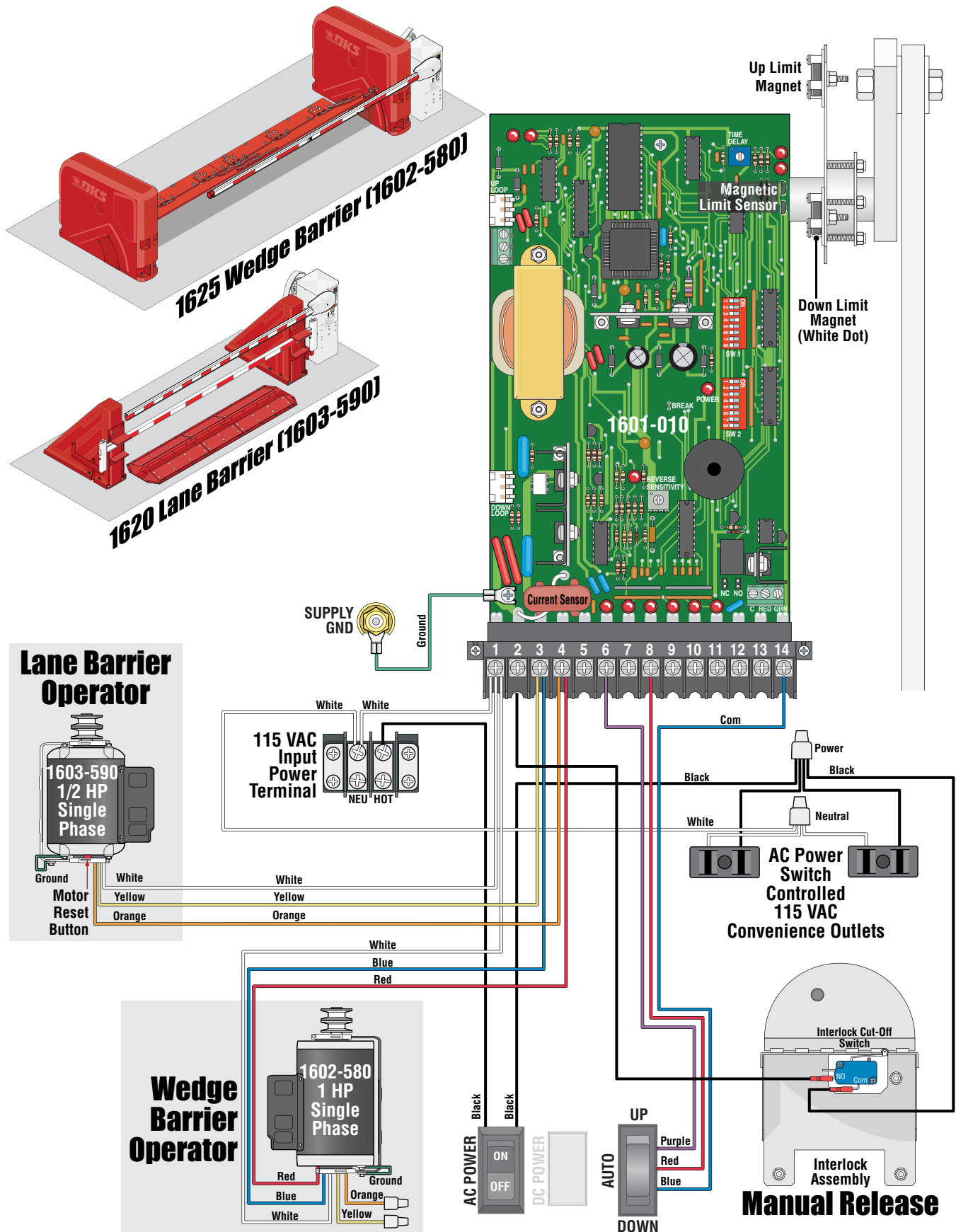
ONLY on 1601-381 and 1601-481 Model Operators



ONLY on 1602-091 Model Operator



1/2 HP 115 VAC Lane Barrier OR 1 HP 115 VAC Wedge Barrier



Installation/Owner's Manual

1601 / 1602

Barrier Gate Operator

Use this manual for circuit board 1601-010 Revision AK or higher.

1601-065-M-7-26

THIS PRODUCT IS TO BE INSTALLED AND SERVICED BY A TRAINED GATE/DOOR SYSTEMS TECHNICIAN ONLY.
Visit www.doorking.com/dealer-locator to find a professional installing and servicing dealer in your area.

Read all safety instruction pages before installing and operating this product



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