### Wiring / Owner's Manual

## 4302 115 VAC Control Boxes for

6004, 6006 and 6400 gate operators

Use this manual for circuit board 4302-018 Revision A or higher.

4302-065-H-2-24

G®

Entrapment Protection must be provided for the gate system where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exists. The operator will NOT run without one or more monitored type B1 or B2 entrapment protection devices in EACH entrapment area.

#### UL 325 August 2018 Standard





Conforms To UL STD 325 Certified To CSA STD C22.2 # 247



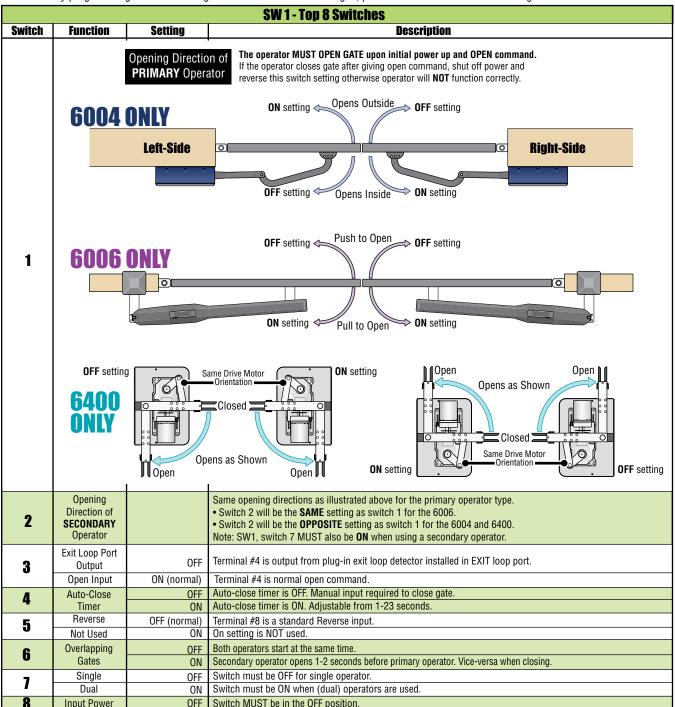
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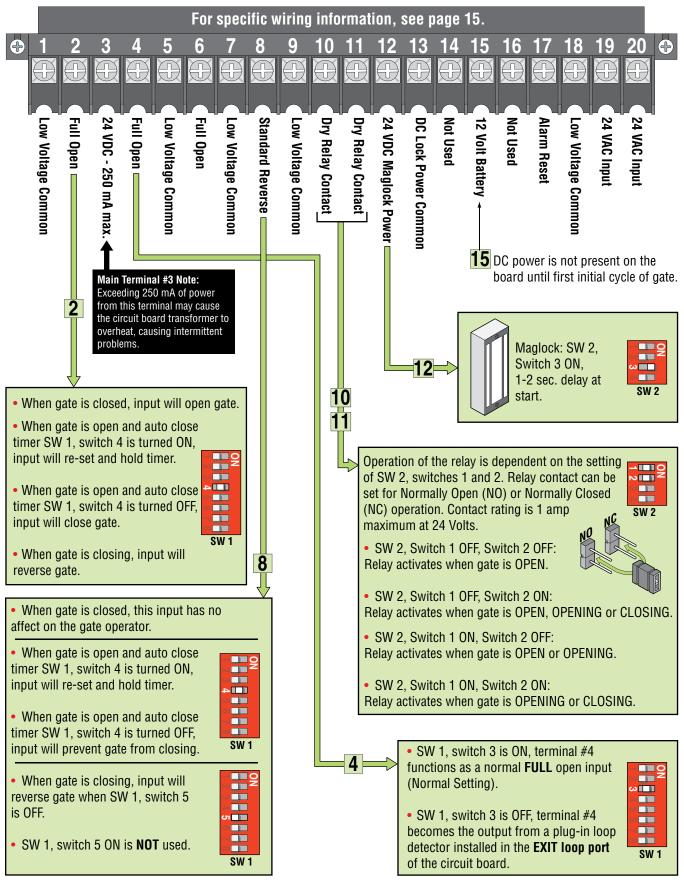
## OUICK GUIDE: DIP-Switches See pages 19-20 for more info about DIP-switches.

Whenever any programming or switch setting on the control board is changed, press the reset button for new settings to take effect.



	SW 2 - Bottom 4 Switches					
	Datas		2-0FF	Relay activates when gate is fully open.		
<b>1 and 2</b>	Relay Operation	1-0FF	2-0N	Relay activates when gate is not closed.		
i anu z		1-0N		Relay activates when gate is opening and open. Shadow loop setting if used.		
		1-0N	2-0N	Relay activates when gate is opening and closing.		
3	Maglock		ON	1-2 second delay to disengage maglock.		
J	Solenoid lock		OFF	5 second delay to disengage solenoid lock.		
4	Spare		OFF	Leave in the OFF position.		

## **QUICK GUIDE: Terminal Description**

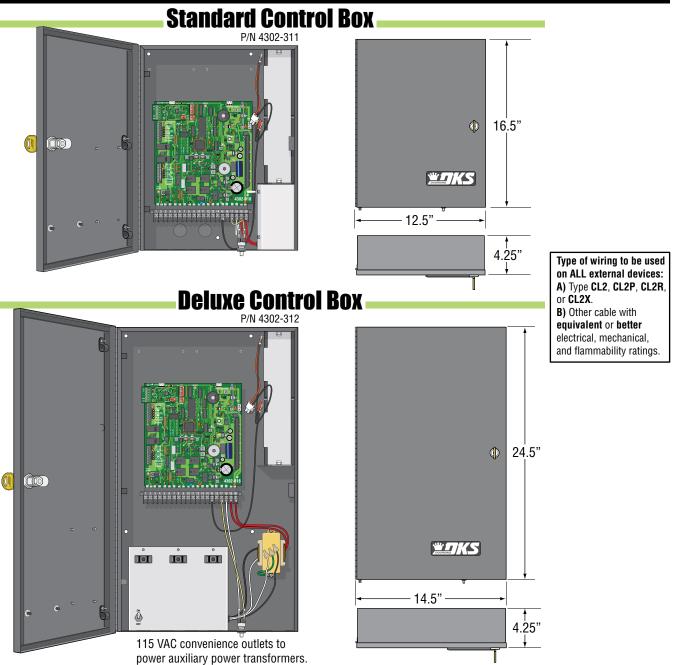


Quick Guide - 2

### **115 VAC CONTROL BOXES SPECIFICATIONS**

Class of Operation	_Models 6004, 6006 and 6400 - UL325 Class I • 6006 UL325 Class II
Type of Gate	Vehicular Automated Gates Only
Voltage / Phase	_115 VAC 60 Hz Single Phase Input Power – 24 VDC Output Power to Gate Operators
Back-Up Power	_24 VDC battery power during power outages.
Circuit Board Model	_4302-018 revision A or higher.
Inherent Entrapment Protection Device	Inherent Reverse Sensor System (Type A)
External Entrapment Protection Device Inputs:	Monitored input connection for Non-contact Sensor - Photo Sensor (Type B1)
- · ·	Monitored input connection for Contact Sensor - Reversing Edge (Type B2)

Entrapment Protection must be provided for the gate system where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exists. The operator will not run without ONE or more monitored type B1 or B2 entrapment protection devices in EACH entrapment area.



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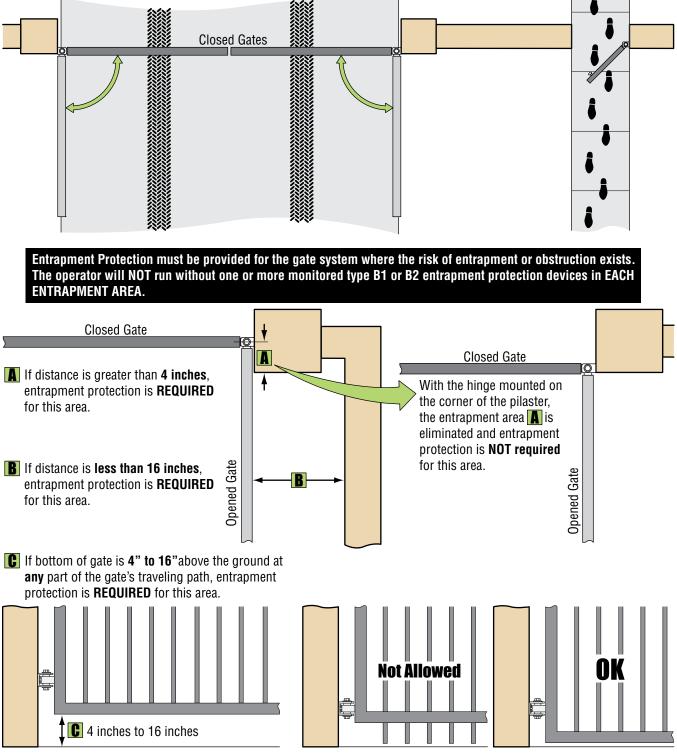
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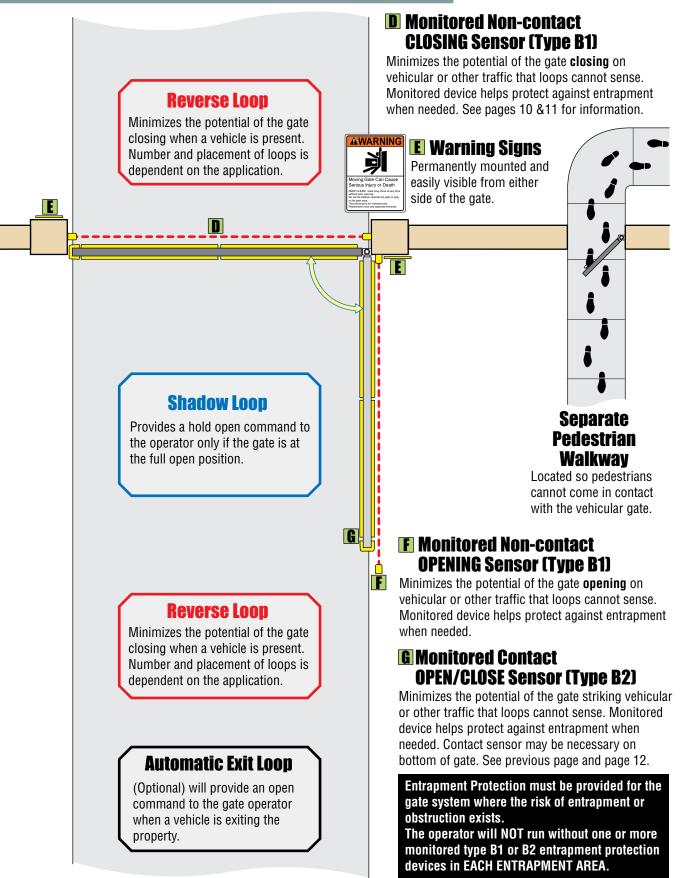
## **Swing Gate Requirements**

This operator is intended for installation only on gates used for vehicles. Pedestrians must be supplied with a separate access opening. For pedestrian access in the vicinity of an automated vehicular gate, separate pedestrian access shall be provided or available. The pedestrian access shall be in a location such that a pedestrian shall not come in contact with a moving vehicular gate access gate during the entire path of travel of the vehicular gate. A pedestrian gate shall not be incorporated into an automated vehicular gate panel.



Gates shall have smooth bottom edges, with vertical bottom edged protrusions **NOT** exceeding **0.50** inches.

### **Swing Gate Requirements Continued**



## ASTM F2200 Standard for Gate Construction

Vehicular gates should be constructed and installed in accordance with ASTM F2200; Standard Specification for Automated Vehicular Gate Construction. For a copy of this standard, contact ASTM directly at 610-832-9585; service@astm.org; or www.astm.org.

### Important Safety Instructions

#### WARNING - To reduce the risk of injury or death:

- 1. READ AND FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS.
- 2. Never let children operate or play with gate controls. Keep the remote control away from children.
- 3. Always keep people and objects away from gate. NO ONE SHOULD CROSS THE PATH OF THE MOVING GATE.
- 4. Test the operator monthly. The gate MUST reverse on contact with a rigid object or stop or reverse when an object activates the non-contact sensors. After adjusting the force or the limit of travel, retest the gate operator. Failure to adjust and retest the gate operator properly can increase the risk of injury or death.
- 5. Use the emergency release only when the gate is not moving.
- 6. KEEP GATES PROPERLY MAINTAINED. Read the owner's manual. Have a qualified service person make repairs to gate hardware.
- 7. The entrance is for vehicles only. Pedestrians must use separate entrance.
- 8. SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS!

### Instructions regarding intended installation:

- · Install the gate operator only if:
  - 1. The operator is appropriate for the construction of the gate and the usage class of the gate.
  - 2. All openings of a horizontal slide gate are guarded or screened from the bottom of the gate to a minimum of 6 feet (1.83 m) above the ground to prevent a 2 ¼ inch (57.2 mm) diameter sphere from passing through the openings anywhere in the gate, and in that portion of the adjacent fence that the gate covers in the open position.
  - 3. All exposed pinch points are eliminated or guarded.
  - 4. Guarding is supplied for exposed rollers.
- The operator is intended for installation only on gates used for vehicles. Pedestrians must be supplied with a separate access opening. The pedestrian access opening shall be designed to promote pedestrian usage. Locate the gate such that persons will not come in contact with the vehicular gate during the entire path of travel of the vehicular gate.
- The gate must be installed in a location so that enough clearance is supplied between the gate and adjacent structures when opening and closing to reduce the risk of entrapment. Swinging gates should not open into public access areas.
- The gate must be properly installed and work freely in both directions prior to the installation of the gate operator. Do not over-tighten the operator clutch, pressure relief valve or reduce reversing sensitivity to compensate for a damaged gate.
- For gate operators utilizing Type D protection:
  - 1. The gate operator controls must be placed so that the user has full view of the gate area when the gate is moving.
  - 2. A warning placard shall be placed adjacent to the controls.
  - 3. An automatic closing device (such as a timer, loop sensor, or similar device) shall not be employed.
  - 4. No other activation device shall be connected.
- Controls intended for user activation must be located at least six feet (6') away from any moving part of the gate and where the user is prevented from reaching over, under, around or through the gate to operate the controls. Outdoor or easily accessible controls should have a security feature to prevent unauthorized use.
- . The Stop and/or Reset button must be located in the line-of-sight of the gate. Activation of the reset control shall not cause the operator to start.
- A minimum of two (2) WARNING SIGNS shall be installed, one on each side of the gate where easily visible.
- For gate operators utilizing a non-contact sensor:
  - 1. See the instructions on the placement of non-contact sensors for each type of application.
  - 2. Care shall be exercised to reduce the risk of nuisance tripping, such as when a vehicle trips the sensor while the gate is still moving in the opening direction.
  - 3. One or more non-contact sensors shall be located where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exist, such as the perimeter reachable by a moving gate or barrier.
- · For gate operators utilizing contact sensors:
  - 1. One or more contact sensors shall be located where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exist, such as at the leading edge, trailing edge, and post mounted both inside and outside of a vehicular horizontal slide gate.
  - 2. One or more contact sensors shall be located at the bottom edge of a vehicular vertical lift gate.
  - **3.** One or more contact sensors shall be located at the pinch point of a vehicular vertical pivot gate.
  - 4. A hardwired contact sensor shall be located and its wiring arranged so that the communication between the sensor and the gate operator is not subjected to mechanical damage.
  - 5. A wireless contact sensor such as one that transmits radio frequency (RF) signals to the gate operator for entrapment protection functions shall be located where the transmission of the signals are not obstructed or impeded by building structures, natural landscaping or similar obstructions. A wireless contact sensor shall function under the intended end-use conditions.
  - 6. One or more contact sensors shall be located at the bottom edge of a vertical barrier (arm).
- · Be sure you have instructed the owner of the gate operator about safe and proper operation and testing of the gate operator.

## **Important Notices**

Vehicular gate operator products provide convenience and security. However, gate operators must use high levels of force to move gates and most people underestimate the power of these systems and do not realize the potential hazards associated with an incorrectly designed or installed system. These hazards may include:

- · Pinch points
- · Entrapment areas
- · Reach through hazards
- · Absence of entrapment protection devices
- · Improperly located access controls
- Absence of vehicle protection devices
- · Absence of controlled pedestrian access

In addition to these potential hazards, automated vehicular gate systems must be installed in accordance with the UL 325 Safety Standard and the ASTM F2200 Construction Standard. Most people are unaware of, or are not familiar with, these standards. If an automated vehicular gate system is not properly designed, installed, used and maintained, serious injuries or death can result. Be sure that the installer has instructed you on the proper operation of the gate and gate operator system.

Be sure that the installer has trained you on proper and safe operation of this gate operating system and about the basic functions of the required reversing systems associated with your gate operating system and how to test them. These include reversing loops, inherent reversing system, electric edges, photoelectric cells, or other external devices.

This Owner's Manual is your property. Keep it in a safe place for future reference.

Opening device MUST be mounted a minimum of 6 feet from the gate and NOT accessible through the gate!

Be sure that all access control devices are installed a minimum distance of 6 feet away from the gate and gate operator, or in such a way that a
person cannot touch the gate or gate operator while using the device. If access control devices are installed in violation of these restrictions,
immediately remove the gate operator from service and contact your installing dealer.



- · Loops and loop detectors, photo-cells or other equivalent devices must be installed to prevent the gate from closing on vehicular traffic.
- The speed limit for vehicular traffic through the gate area is 5 MPH. Install speed bumps and signs to keep vehicular traffic from speeding through the gate area. Failure to adhere to posted speed limits can result in damage to the gate, gate operator, and to the vehicle.
- Be sure that all persons who will use the gate system are familiar with the proper use of the gate and gate operator and are familiar with the
  possible hazards associated with the gate system.
- · Be sure that warning signs are permanently installed on both sides of the gate in an area where they are fully visible to traffic.
- It is your responsibility to periodically check all entrapment protection devices. If any of these devices are observed to function improperly, remove the operator from service immediately and contact your installing or servicing dealer.
- Follow the recommended maintenance schedule.
- Do not allow children to play in the area of the operator or to play with any gate-operating device.
- To remove the gate operator from service, operate the gate to the full open position and then shut off power to the operator at the service panel.

## **UL 325 Entrapment Protection**

### **UL 325 Classifications**



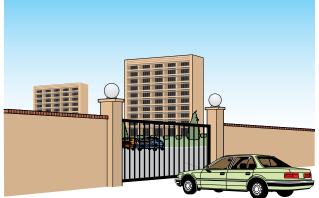
#### Class I - Residential Vehicular Gate Operator

A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in garages or parking areas associated with a residence of one-to four single families.



#### Class III - Industrial/Limited Access Vehicular Gate Operator

A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in an industrial location or building such as a factory or loading dock area or other locations not accessible by or intended to service the general public.



#### Class II - Commercial/General Access Vehicular Gate Operator

A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a commercial location or building such as a multi-family housing unit (five or more single family units), hotel, garages, retail store, or other buildings accessible by or servicing the general public.



#### Class IV - Restricted Access Vehicular Gate Operator

A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a guarded industrial location or building such as an airport security area or other restricted access locations not servicing the general public, in which unauthorized access is prevented via supervision by security personnel.

### **Gate Operator Category**

Effective January 12, 2016	Horizontal Slide, Vertical Lift, Vertical Pivot	Swing, Vertical Barrier (Arm)	
Entrapment Protection Types	A, B1*, B2* or D	A, B1*, B2*, C or D	

**Type A** - Inherent entrapment protection system.

- Type B1 Non-contact sensor (photoelectric sensor or the equivalent).
- Type B2 Contact sensor (edge device or equivalent).
- **Type C** Inherent force limiting, inherent adjustable clutch or inherent pressure relief device.
- Type D Actuating device requiring constant pressure to maintain opening or closing motion of the gate.
- \* B1 and B2 means of entrapment protection must be MONITORED.

Vertical Barrier Note: Barrier gate operators (arm) that is not intended to move toward a rigid object closer than 16 inches (406 mm) are not required to be provided with a means of entrapment protection.



**GATE** - A moving barrier such as a swinging, sliding, raising, lowering, or the like, barrier, that is a stand-alone passage barrier or is that portion of a wall or fence system that controls entrance and/or egress by persons or vehicles and completes the perimeter of a defined area.

**RESIDENTIAL VEHICULAR GATE OPERATOR – CLASS I** - A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a home of one-to four single family dwelling, or garage or parking area associated therewith.

**COMMERCIAL / GENERAL ACCESS VEHICULAR GATE OPERATOR - CLASS II** - A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a commercial location or building such as a multi-family housing unit (five or more single family units), hotels, garages, retail store, or other building servicing the general public.

**INDUSTRIAL / LIMITED ACCESS VEHICULAR GATE OPERATOR - CLASS III** - A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in an industrial location or building such as a factory or loading dock area or other locations not intended to service the general public.

**RESTRICTED ACCESS VEHICULAR GATE OPERATOR - CLASS IV** - A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a guarded industrial location or building such as an airport security area or other restricted access locations not servicing the general public, in which unauthorized access is prevented via supervision by security personnel.

**VEHICULAR BARRIER (ARM) OPERATOR (OR SYSTEM)** - An operator (or system) that controls a cantilever type device (or system), consisting of a mechanical arm or barrier that moves in a vertical arc, intended for vehicular traffic flow at entrances or exits to areas such as parking garages, lots or toll areas.

**VEHICULAR HORIZONTAL SLIDE-GATE OPERATOR (OR SYSTEM)** - A vehicular gate operator (or system) that controls a gate which slides in a horizontal direction that is intended for use for vehicular entrance and exit to a drive, parking lot, or the like.

**VEHICULAR SWING-GATE OPERATOR (OR SYSTEM)** - A vehicular gate operator (or system) that controls a gate which moves in an arc in a horizontal plane that is intended for use for vehicular entrance and exit to a drive, parking lot, or the like.

**SYSTEM** - In the context of these requirements, a system refers to a group of interacting devices intended to perform a common function.

**WIRED CONTROL** - A control implemented in a form of fixed physical interconnections between the control, the associated devices, and an operator to perform predetermined functions in response to input signals.

**WIRELESS CONTROL** - A control implemented in means other than fixed physical interconnections (such as radio waves or infrared beams) between the control, the associated devices, and an operator to perform predetermined functions in response to input signals.

**INHERENT ENTRAPMENT PROTECTION SYSTEM** - A system, examples being a motor current or speed sensing system, which provides protection against entrapment upon sensing an object and is incorporated as a permanent and integral part of the operator.

**EXTERNAL ENTRAPMENT PROTECTION DEVICE** - A device, examples being an edge sensor, a photoelectric sensor, or similar entrapment protection device, which provides protection against entrapment when activated and is not incorporated as a permanent part of an operator.

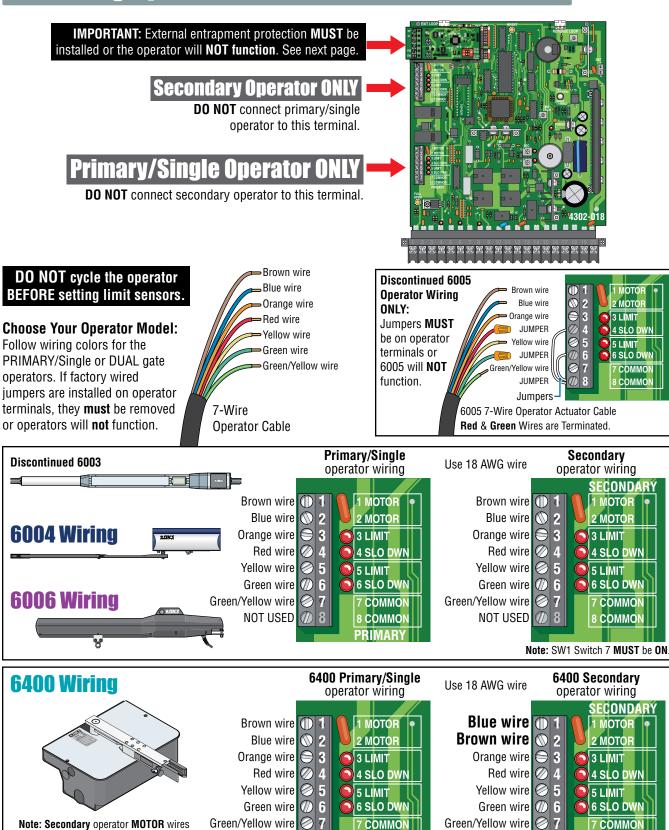
ENTRAPMENT - The condition when an object is caught or held in a position that increases the risk of injury.

## **SECTION 1 - WIRING**

Before attempting to connect any wiring to the control box, be sure that the circuit breaker in the electrical panel is in the OFF position. Permanent wiring must be installed to the control box as required by local electrical codes. It is recommended that a licensed electrical contractor perform this work.

Since building codes vary from city to city, we highly recommend that you check with your local building department prior to installing any permanent wiring to be sure that all wiring to the control box (both high and low voltage) complies with local code requirements.

#### THIS CONTROL BOX MUST BE PROPERLY GROUNDED!! **Overview** ΨЧ 0 2 Volt 3 Amp/Hr Battery **Optional**" DoorKing Plup-In Loop Detectors See page 16 d UL 325 Terminal See pages 10-12 SECONDARY Operator 12 Volt 3 Amp/Hr Battery Connection ONLY **Battery Plug** 100 page 16 III C PRIMARY Operator ര Connection ONL "Optional" iee page 9. 8040-080 DKS **Radio Receiver** AC Power Switch and Antenna AC Power page 17 See pages 25 & 26. 018 Connection Main Terminal 10 $\hat{\mathbf{C}}$ See pages 14-15. С Chassis **Alarm Reset Button** Ground See pages 28 & 33. Conduit See page 17. "Optional" Coaxial Cable Antenna Kit Increases signal range P/N 1514-073 15 ft Cable DoorKing 8080-057 Input Power Wire **Retro-Reflective Photocell** Reflector See page 17. (Included) See pages 10 & 11.



NOT USED

COMMON

PRIMAR

1.2 Wiring Operators to 4302-018 Circuit Board

**MUST** be reversed from the primary operator when using DUAL gate operators.

Note: SW1 Switch 7 MUST be ON.

8 COMMON

NOT USED

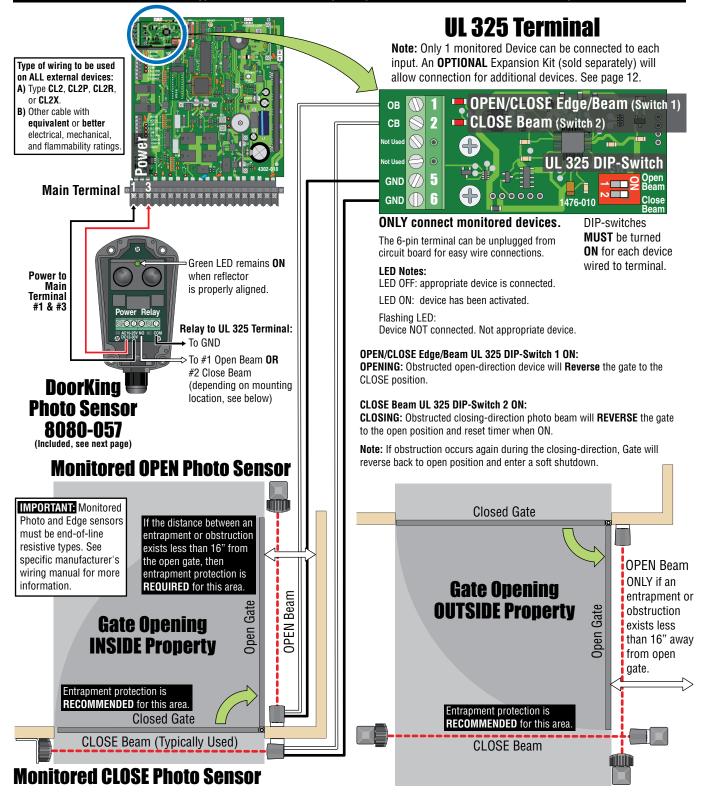
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## **1.3 Entrapment Protection**

#### **External Entrapment Protection Devices:**

In addition to the inherent reversing sensor system, this operator has a UL 325 terminal for the connection of **photo sensors**-Type B1 and/or **reversing edges**-Type B2 entrapment protection required by UL 325 standards. Install these devices where the risk of entrapment or a safety hazard exists. Installations can vary. ONE DoorKing 8080-057 photocell included, see next page.

Entrapment Protection must be provided for the gate system where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exists. The operator will NOT run without ONE or more monitored type B1 or B2 external entrapment protection devices installed in each entrapment area.



## **1.3 Entrapment Protection Continued**

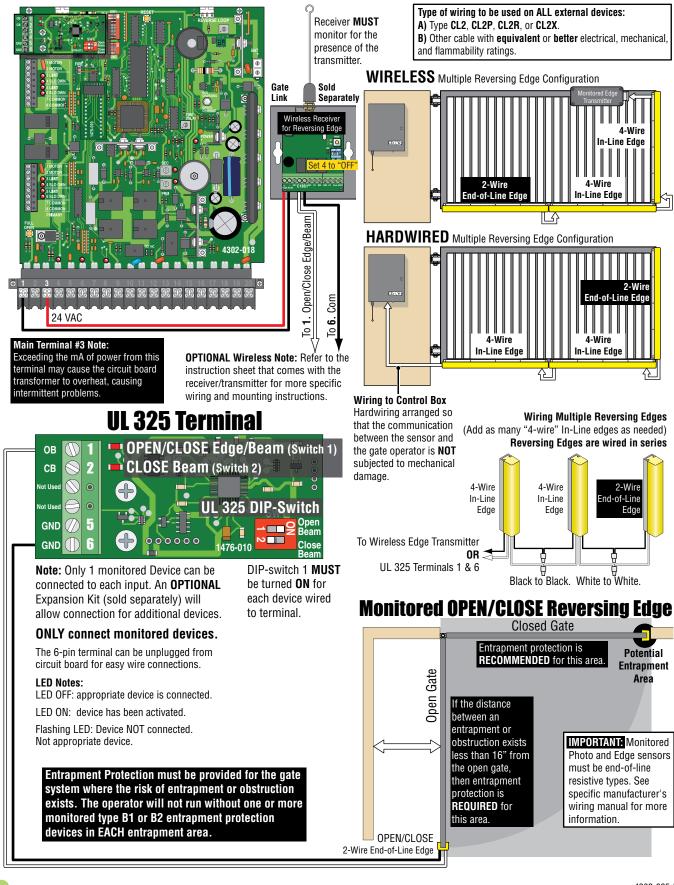
### DoorKing 8080-057 Retro-Reflective Photocell Type B-1

This retro-reflective photocell (UL 325 Type B-1) complies with the 2018 UL 325 standards. It **must** be wired to the control box using the photocell's **NORMALLY OPEN** input so the control box can **monitor the photocell**. The photocell is powered by 10-25 VAC **OR** 12-30 VDC from the circuit board if desired. The relay output is rated for 1 Amp @ 24 VDC and 1 Amp @ 120 VAC maximum.

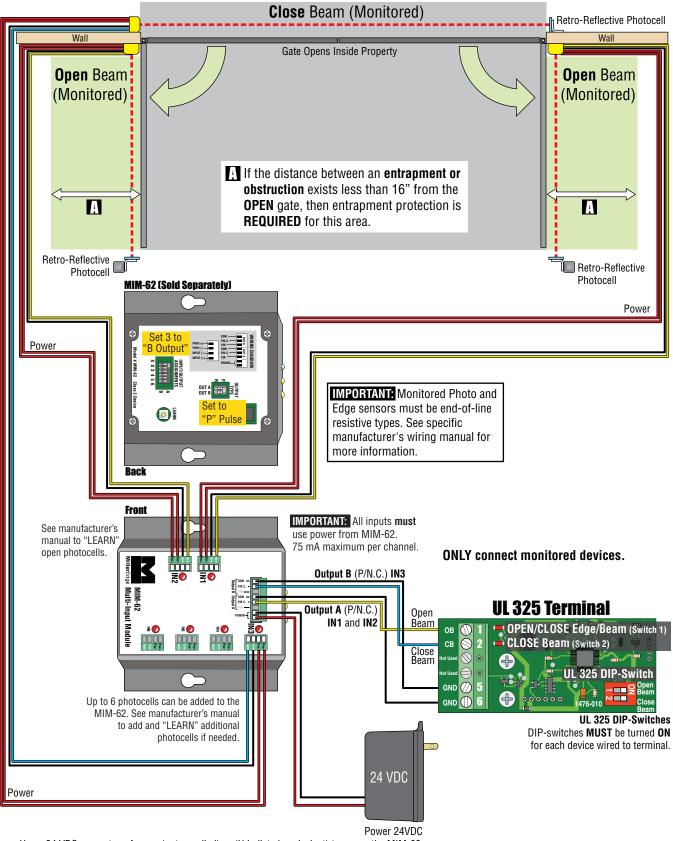
It **MUST** be mounted vertically as shown and not horizontally to protect it from the weather. The green LED will remain lit when the reflector is aligned correctly with the photocell. **The photocell has a max sensing range of 35 ft.** 

#### Adjustment Installation After photocell has been mounted, spring mounted beam 🕥 Green LED sensors can be precisely adjusted "Fine tuned" using the 3 screws to help keep the Beam Sensors GREEN LED ON if necessary. Longer Roundhead 2lastic Screws X4 Sleeve Anchors Neather **M@@**M@ Protection AC10-25V NO NC CON Beam Cover Max Sensing Range 35 ft Beam reflects back Retro-Reflective Photocell to photocell and lights green LED Flathead Screws Mount photocell vertically and wire **BEFORE** mounting reflector. Shorter Roundhead See previous page for locations of Screw X1 your chosen gate operator type. Reflector Wiring Photocell A<sub>SSembly</sub> 27 Photocell can be Green LED powered by the remains ON circuit board if <sup>astic</sup> when reflector Sleeve desired or use a is properly Anchors separate UL listed aligned. power supply. **DO NOT** connect Position reflector directly across from mounted photocell. power supply to a Green LED on photocell will remain lit when reflector is in receptacle controlled correct position. Permanently mount reflector making sure Relay Power by a ON/OFF switch. LED remains lit. "Fine tune" photocell alignment if necessary, 10 10 see above. COM Relay to UL 325 Terminal: Power to To GND Main Terminal #1 & #3 To #1 Open Beam **OR** #2 Close Beam To Ground/Common (depending on mounting location, see previous page) To 10-25 VAC 0R Intertek 12-30 VDC Note: Relay contacts are labeled with power applied. UL 325 Compliant

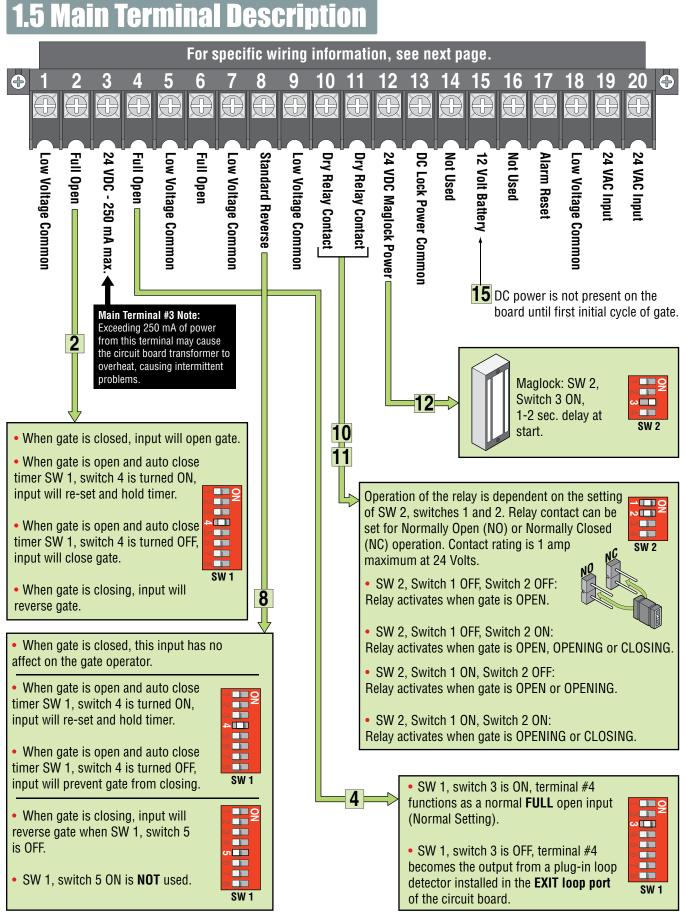
## **1.3 Entrapment Protection Continued**



## **1.4 Dual Gates Multiple Photo Sensors Wiring Sample**



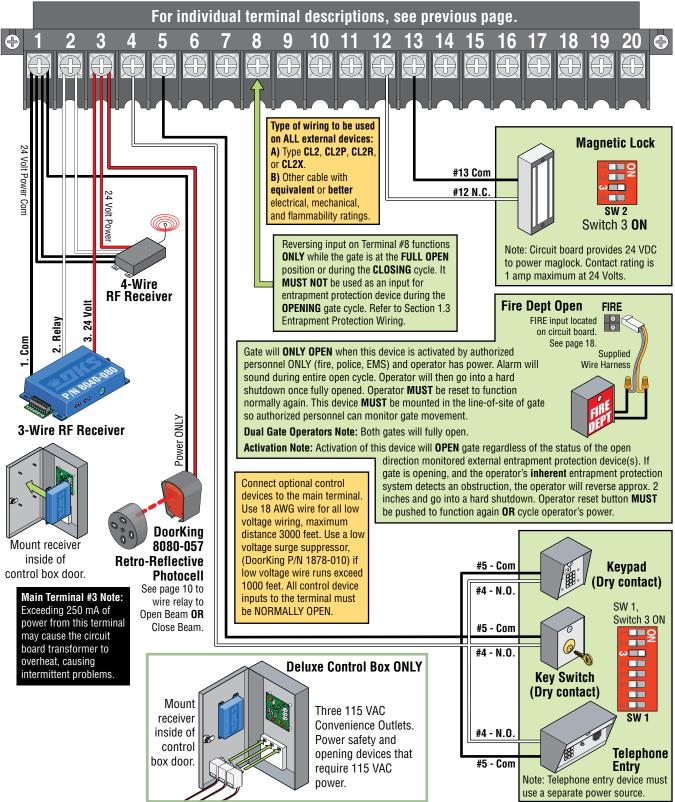
Use a 24 VDC power transformer (not supplied) or (U.L. listed equivalent) to power the MIM-62. (P/N 1812-136)



#### 4302-065-H-2-24

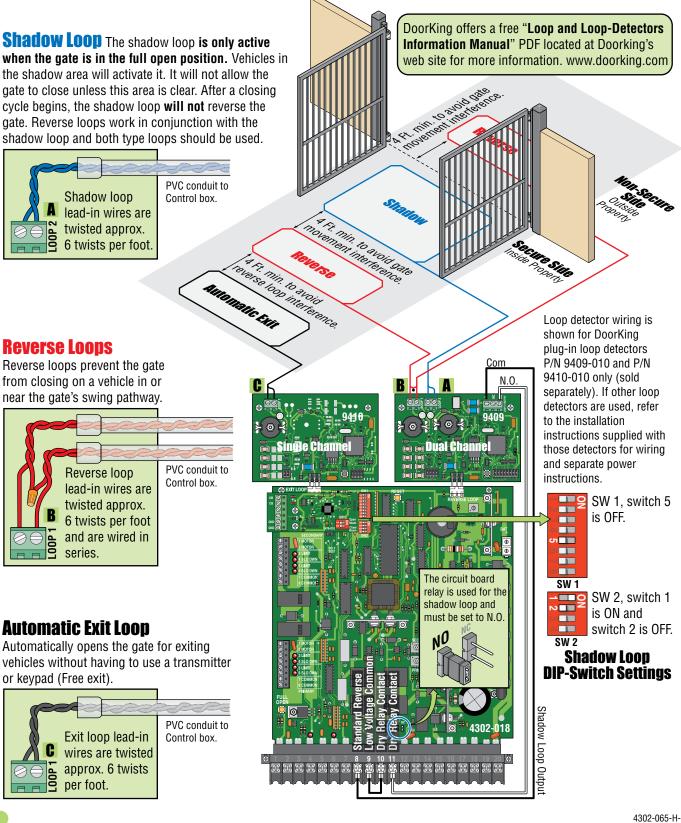
## **1.6 Main Terminal Wiring**

Controls intended for user activation must be located at least six (6) feet away from any moving part of the gate and where the user is prevented from reaching over, under, around or through the gate to operate the controls. Emergency access controls only accessible by authorized personnel (e.g., fire, police, EMS) may be placed at any location in the line-of-sight of the gate. When installing electrical equipment make certain all wiring complies with local code requirements. Do not power any control devices from the circuit board other than low voltage devices.

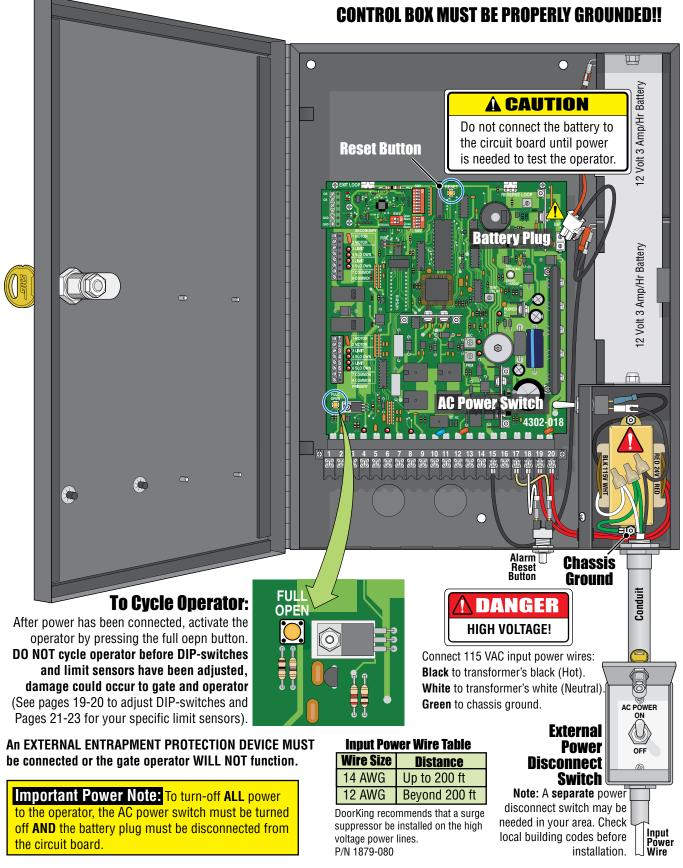


## 1.7 Loop Detector Wiring

To help protect the operator from accidentally closing on vehicles in the gate's path, DoorKing highly recommends that loops and loop detectors are used. A loop detection system will sense a vehicle like a metal detector and send a signal to the gate operator preventing the gate from automatically opening or closing on a vehicle when it is in the gate's path. DoorKing recommends that a licensed installer perform this work.



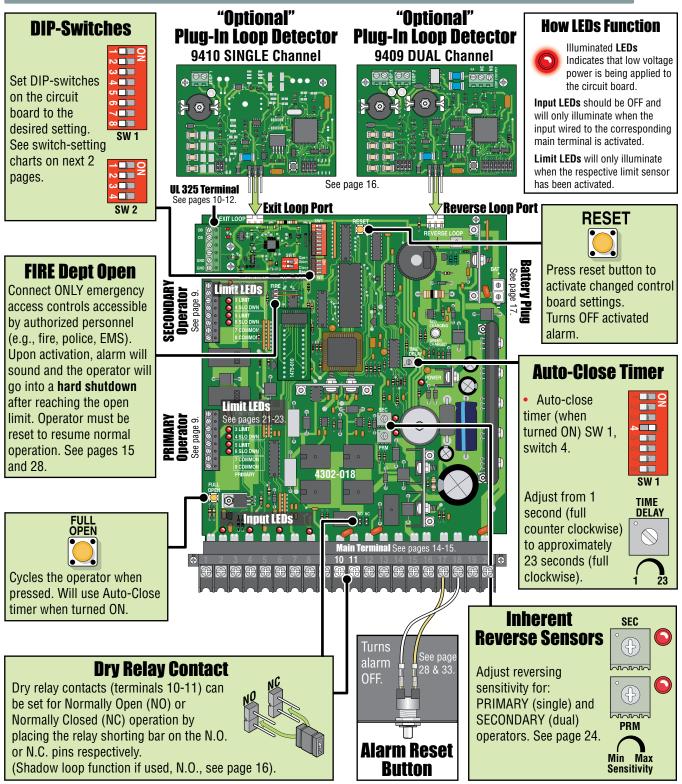
## **1.8 High Voltage Wiring and Battery Connection**



## **SECTION 2 - ADJUSTMENTS**

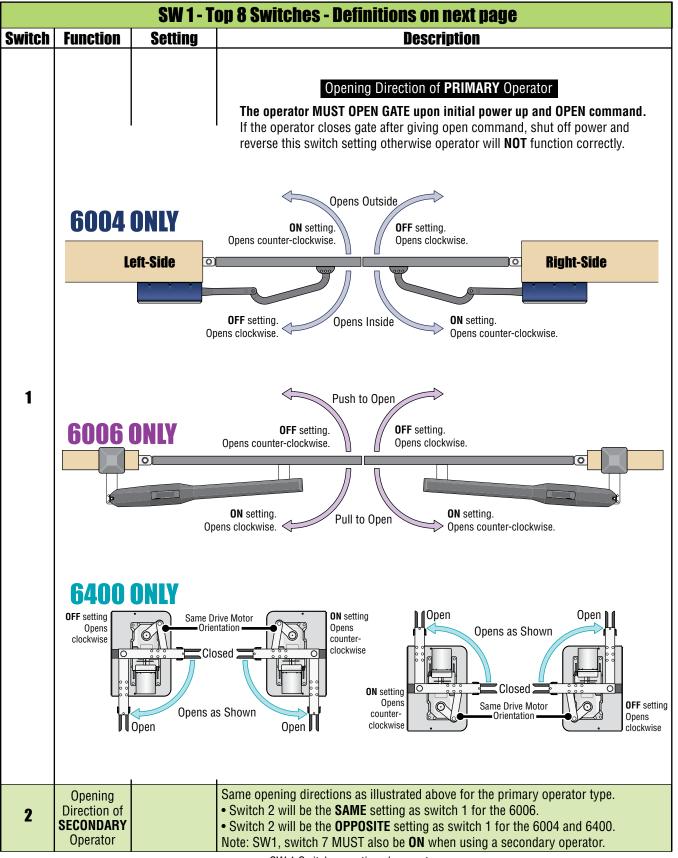
The switch settings and adjustments in this section should be made after your installation and wiring to the operator(s) is complete. Whenever any programming or switch setting on the control board are changed, press the reset button for new settings to take effect.

### 2.1 4302 Circuit Board Description and Adjustments



## 2.2 DIP-Switches

Whenever any programming or switch setting on the control board is changed, press the reset button for new settings to take effect.



## 2.2 DIP-Switches Continued sw

SW 1 (Top 8 Switches) continued

Switch	Function	Setting	Description
3	Exit Loop Port Output OF		Terminal #4 is output from plug-in exit loop detector installed in EXIT loop port.
	Open Input	ON (normal)	Terminal #4 is normal open command.
л	Auto-Close	OFF	Auto-close timer is OFF. Manual input required to close gate.
	Timer	ON	Auto-close timer is ON. Adjustable from 1-23 seconds.
5	Reverse	OFF (normal)	Terminal #8 is a standard Reverse input.
J	Not Used	ON	On setting is NOT used.
•	Overlapping	OFF	Both operators start at the same time.
6	Gates	ON	Secondary operator opens 1-2 seconds before primary operator. Vice-versa when closing.
7	Single	OFF	Switch must be OFF for single operator.
<b> </b>	Dual	ON	Switch must be ON when (dual) operators are used.
8	Input Power	OFF	Switch MUST be in the OFF position.

### SW 1 Switch Definitions:

**SW 1-Switch 1:** PRIMARY motor direction switch - **Must** OPEN the primary gate upon initial AC power up and open command. If the open command begins to close the primary gate, turn AC power off and reverse this switch.

**SW 1-Switch 2:** SECONDARY motor direction switch - **Must** OPEN the secondary gate upon initial AC power up and open command. If the open command begins to close the secondary gate, turn AC power off and reverse this switch.

**SW 1-Switch 3:** Determines if the output of the loop detector (DoorKing plug-in loop detectors only) installed into the **EXIT loop port** will be sent directly to the microprocessor to open the gate (Normal), or if the output is directed to Terminal #4 where it can then be connected to other input terminals.

SW 1-Switch 4: Turns the auto-close timer on or off. Maximum time that the close timer can be set for is approximately 23 secs.

**SW 1-Switch 5:** OFF setting is Standard Reverse for a **CLOSING** gate. An input to terminal #8 (e.g.: N.O.-photo beam gets obstructed, **NOT** entrapment protection) **AND/OR** reverse loops get activated will stop and **reverse** the gate back to the full open position. If the auto-close timer is ON, when gate reaches the open position, timer **will not** close the gate. Another input command is needed to reset and close the gate. **DO Not** use the **ON** setting.

**SW 1-Switch 6:** When the gate overlap is **OFF**, the **DUAL** gate operators will start the open and close cycles at the **same time**. This is the normal setting for a **SINGLE** gate operator.

Turning the gate overlap **ON** when using dual gate operators will cause the secondary operator to start the **OPEN** cycle 1-2 seconds **before** the primary operator. The primary operator will start the **CLOSE** cycle 1-2 seconds **before** the secondary operator. This feature is useful when a magnetic lock is used to secure the gates.

SW 1-Switch 7: Sets up the circuit board for single or dual (Primary / Secondary) gate operation.

SW 1-Switch 8: Input power switch. Switch MUST be in the OFF position for the 115 VAC control box. DO NOT turn switch ON.

	SW 2 - Bottom 4 Switches					
Switch	Switch Function Setting Description					
	Relay Operation	1-0FF 2-0FF	Relay activates when gate is fully open.			
<b>1 and 2</b>		1-0FF 2-0N	Relay activates when gate is not closed.			
i anu Z		1-0N 2-0FF	Relay activates when gate is opening and open. Shadow loop setting if used.			
		1-0N 2-0N	Relay activates when gate is opening and closing.			
3	Maglock	ON	1-2 second delay to disengage maglock.			
J	Solenoid lock	OFF	5 second delay to disengage solenoid lock.			
4	Spare	OFF	Leave in the OFF position.			

### SW 2 Switch Definitions:

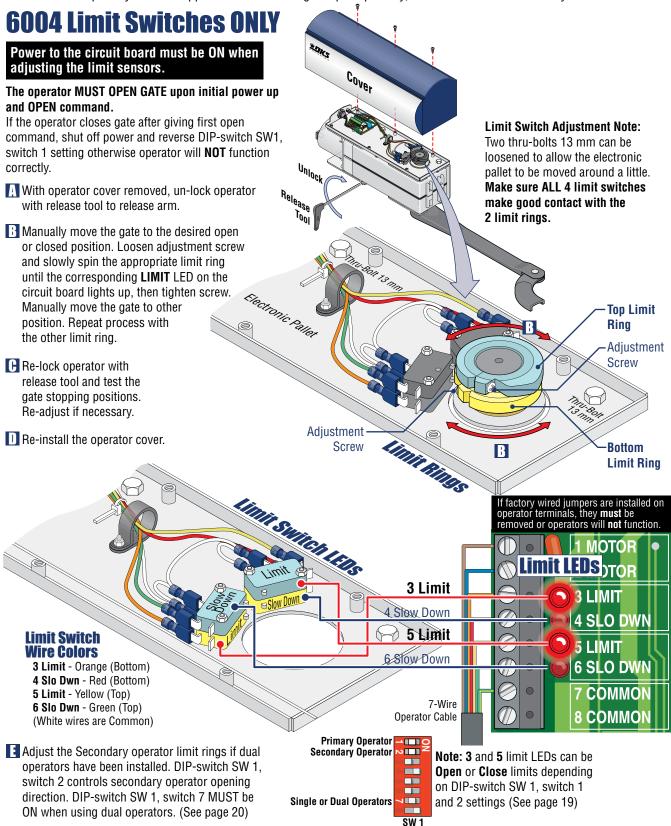
**SW 2-Switch 1 and 2:** These work in conjunction with each other and determine when the relay on the board will be activated. This relay can be used as a switch for various functions such as illuminating a warning light when the gate is moving, or turning on a green light when the gate is full open. This relay is not available for these uses if it is being used for the shadow loop function.

SW 2-Switch 3: Used for a maglock (N.C.) when turned ON. Used for a solenoid lock (N.O.) when turned OFF.

SW 2-Switch 4: Spare switch. Leave in OFF position.

## 2.3 Limit Sensors Adjustment - Select your specific operator

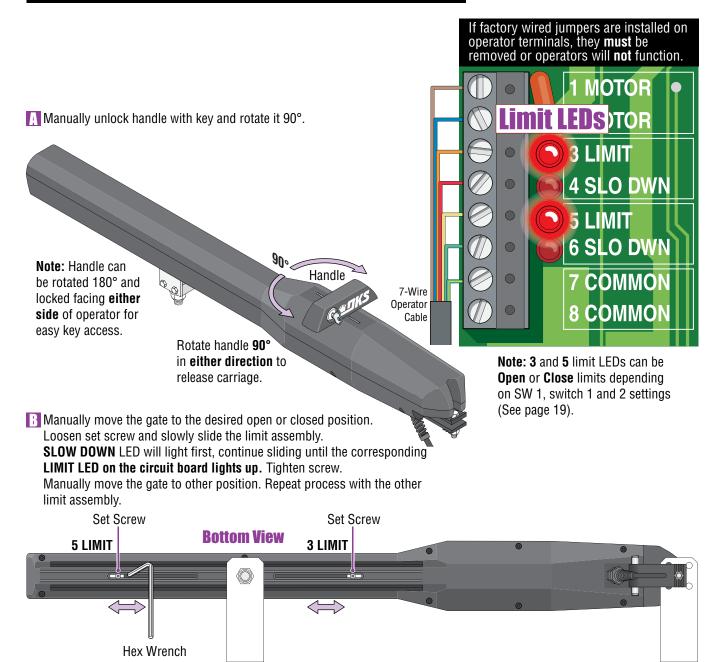
The limit sensors on the operator **MUST** be adjusted to control the travel of the gate and to precisely set the **full** open and **full** closed position of the gate. **Use ONLY the limit sensor instructions for your SPECIFIC operator type (6004, 6006 or 6400).** This feature is especially useful in applications where the gate opens partially, such as on a curved driveway.



## 2.3 Limit Sensors Adjustment Continued

### 6006 Limit Sensors ONLY

Power to the circuit board must be ON when adjusting the limit sensors.



B Rotate handle back 90° and re-lock it. Test the gate stopping positions. Re-adjust if necessary.

Adjust the secondary actuator limit sensors if dual actuators have been installed. DIP-switch SW 1, switch 2 controls secondary actuator opening direction. DIP-switch SW 1, switch 7 MUST be ON when using dual actuators (See page 20).

#### IMPORTANT: The operator MUST OPEN GATE upon initial power up and OPEN command.

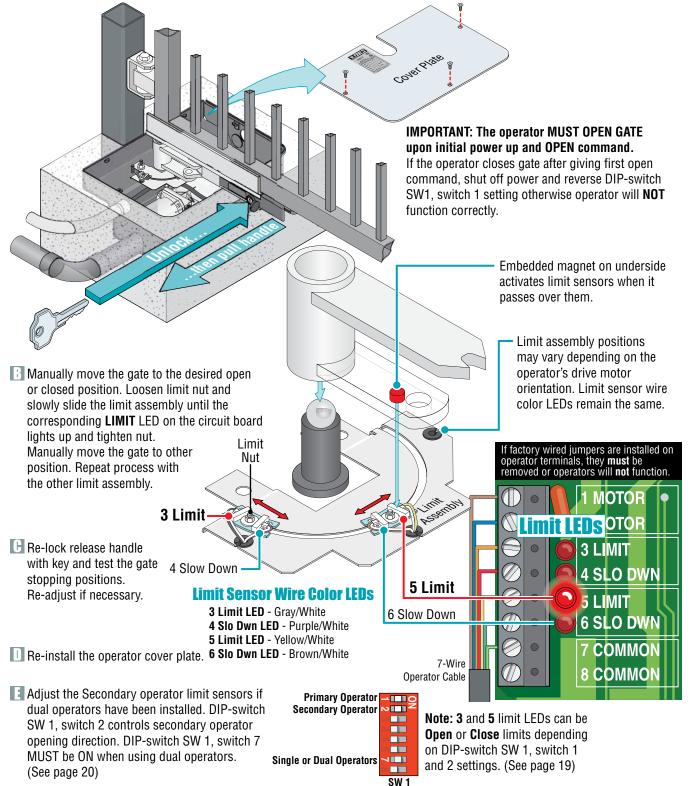
If the operator closes gate after giving first open command, shut off power and reverse DIP-switch SW1, switch 1 setting otherwise operator will **NOT** function correctly.

## **2.3 Limit Sensors Adjustment Continued**

### 6400 Limit Sensors ONLY

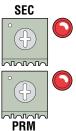
Power to the circuit board must be ON when adjusting the limit sensors.

🔣 With operator cover plate removed, un-lock release handle and pull handle to release gate.



## 2.4 Inherent Reverse Sensor Adjustment

This vehicular gate operator is equipped with an inherent (Built-In) adjustable reversing sensor (Type A) that is used as entrapment protection system according to the UL 325 standards. The gate will reverse direction upon encountering an obstruction in either the **opening or closing gate cycle**. For the reverse system to function correctly, the gate must be properly installed and work freely in both directions. A good set of roller bearing hinges is essential for proper swing gate operation.



The ideal adjustment will allow the operator to move the gate through its entire travel cycle without reversing, but will reverse upon contact with an obstruction with no more than 40 Lbs of force. This force can be measured with a gate scale.

The amount of force required for the gate to reverse direction depends on the reverse sensitivity potentiometer.

### Adjust the operators reversing sensitivity:

#### **CAUTION:** Keep pedestrians and vehicles clear of the gate while adjusting and testing sensors!

#### While operator has AC power:



**1** Press the Full Open button to cycle the gate **OPEN**.

Note: "FULL OPEN" button will use the Auto-Close timer if turned ON (SW 1, switch 4 ON).

2 While gate is opening, slowly rotate PRM - **Primary** reverse sensor clockwise until the **reverse LED lights up** and the gate reverses direction. Rotate the primary reverse sensor back counter-clockwise approximately 1/8 turn to decrease the sensitivity (LED will turn off).

Note: The LED will light up during the first seconds of gate travel. Wait until it turns off before adjusting the reverse sensor.

3 Press the Full Open button (or wait for Auto-Close timer to time-out if turned ON) and CLOSE the gate. Make sure the gate closes completely. If it reverses and opens (LED will light up), rotate the primary reverse sensor counter-clockwise a little more to decrease the reverse sensitivity (LED will turn off).

Cycle the gate a few times to be sure that it cycles completely in **BOTH** directions, re-adjusting the primary sensor as necessary.

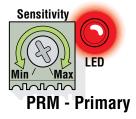
### **Dual Operators:**

Secondary operator must be individually adjusted if dual operators have been installed. Use the **SEC - Secondary** reverse sensor.

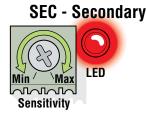
### Test the operators reversing sensitivity:

Place an immobile object along the gate path, allowing the gate to strike it while in the **open** or **close** cycle. The gate must reverse direction after striking the object. If it does not, increase the reverse sensitivity (steps **2** and **3**) and repeat this test until the correct sensitivity has been set for the **OPEN** and **CLOSE** directions.

Note: The LED will turn on briefly when AC power is turned on.



**Safety Note:** The LED will remain ON after a cycling gate gets obstructed during **normal** operation to indicate that the reverse sensor has been tripped. Always check the gate area for possible obstructions before putting operator back in service.



## "Optional" Radio Receiver Model (8040-0

The 8040-080 receiver operates at 318 MHz and **MUST** be used with either the DoorKing Micro**Plus® OR** Micro**Clik®** transmitters.

### **MicroPlus<sup>®</sup> Transmitters** (Sold Separately)

Over 286,000,000 transmitter codes available plus an encrypted sync code (often called a "rolling code") that changes every time the transmitter is used. Available in 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 button versions. Micro**Plus<sup>®</sup>** transmitter codes cannot be copied assuring that only the original

intended transmitters will activate the access control system. As such, MicroPlus<sup>®</sup> transmitters are NOT compatible with

the HomeLink<sup>®</sup> system found in many automobiles.

P/N 8069





P/N 8071 MicroPlus<sup>®</sup> Transmitters P/N 8096

### **MicroClik® Transmitters** (Sold Separately)

Over 1,000,000 transmitter codes available. Available in 1 - 2 - 3 button versions. Micro**Clik**<sup>®</sup> transmitters **ARE compatible** with the HomeLink<sup>®</sup> system found in many automobiles.



Coaxial Cable Antenna

0

00

-Program Selector

**Program Button** 

Program LED

DoorKing Model 8040-080

**Radio Receiver** 

See next page to check receiver

mode.

Connection

#### P/N 8066 P/N 8067 MicroClik<sup>®</sup> Transmitters Quick Setup for a MicroPlus<sup>®</sup> Transmitter (Sold Separately)

The DoorKing MicroPlus® transmitter can be quickly learned if desired. The MicroPlus® type transmitter is the factory default setting for this receiver and can be quickly setup with minimal programming.



1. Turn the Program Selector to Position 1.

2. Press and HOLD Program Button until the Program LED flashes ONCE and receiver will BEEP once. Receiver is now in "Learn Mode" and will flash and beep for 10 seconds.



3. Press a specific button on the MicroPlus® transmitter to be "Learned" within 10 seconds, wait for the receiver to time-out. Micro**Plus<sup>®</sup>** transmitter can now operate the gate.

### Setup for a MicroClik<sup>®</sup> Transmitter (Sold Separately)

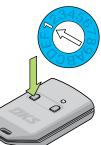
The 8040-080 receiver **MUST** be changed to Micro**Clik**<sup>®</sup> mode before learning a Micro**Clik**<sup>®</sup> transmitter.



1. Turn the Program Selector to Position C.

2. Press and HOLD Program Button until the Program LED flashes ONCE and receiver will BEEP once. Press and hold button again, LED will flash and receiver will beep. Press and hold button a third time until LED continually flashes and beeps.

Note: If receiver does not emit a continuous beep after pressing the button 3 times, try repeating this step faster or slower until it does.



3. Turn power OFF, then back ON. Receiver will BEEP TWICE for MicroClik® mode. (Three times for MicroPlus® mode)

4. Turn the Program Selector to Position 1.

5. Press and HOLD Program Button until the Program LED flashes ONCE and receiver will BEEP once. Receiver is now in "Learn Mode" and will flash and beep for 10 seconds.

6. Press a specific button on the MicroClik<sup>®</sup> transmitter to be "Learned" within 10 seconds, wait for the receiver to time-out. Micro**Clik**<sup>®</sup> transmitter can now operate the gate.

## 2.5 Radio Receiver Continued

## Check if Receiver is set for MicroPlus® or MicroClik® Mode

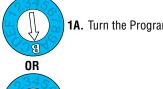
1. Turn receiver's power OFF then back ON.

2. Receiver will BEEP TWICE for MicroClik<sup>®</sup> mode. Receiver will BEEP THREE times for MicroPlus<sup>®</sup> mode (Factory Setting).

 $\underline{\mathsf{If} \ \mathsf{you} \ \mathsf{need}}$  to change the receiver's mode, follow the steps below.

**CAUTION:** Changing an **EXISTING** programmed receiver from one mode to the other will erase **ALL EXISTING MEMORY** that has been previously programmed in the receiver. **This cannot be UNDONE.** 

## Change Receiver Mode - MicroPlus® or MicroClik®



1A. Turn the Programming Selector to "Position B" will change to MicroPlus® mode.

1B. Turn the Programming Selector to "Position C" will change to MicroClik® mode.

- 2. Press and hold Program Button until the Program LED flashes ONCE and receiver will BEEP once. Press and hold button **again**, LED will flash and receiver will beep. Press and hold button a third time until LED continually flashes and beeps.
- **Note:** If receiver does not emit a continuous beep after pressing the button 3 times, try repeating step 2 faster or slower until it does.
- 3. Turn power OFF, then back ON. Receiver will BEEP twice for MicroClik® mode (1B) or three times for MicroPlus® mode (1A).

### Learn Master Transmitters (Up to 4 Transmitters)

Up to 4 **Master** transmitters can be created to quickly program new transmitters in the future. After programming is complete for a master transmitter's button, when that desired button is pressed, it puts the receiver into "**Learn Mode**" for that button. New transmitters can then be programmed in. Press each **NEW** transmitter's desired button within a 10 sec. time period to have receiver learn new transmitters. Wait for receiver to time out (10 sec) when finished.



1. Turn the Programming Selector to "Position 7".

- 2. Press and hold Program Button until the Program LED flashes ONCE and receiver will BEEP once. Receiver is now in "Learn Mode" and will flash and beep every second for 10 seconds.
- 3. Press the button on the master transmitter to be "Learned" within 10 seconds. Receiver will reset 10 second timer after each master transmitter button has been pressed.
- 4. Press other master transmitter buttons to be learned, each within a 10 second time period.
- 5 After all desired master transmitters have been learned by the receiver (up to 4 total), wait for the receiver to time-out. Note: Keep master transmitters is a secure place.

### **Erase ALL Memory - This CANNOT be UNDONE**



1. Turn the Programming Selector to **Position A**.

- 2. Press and hold Program Button until the Program LED flashes ONCE and receiver will BEEP once. Press and hold button **again**, LED will flash and receiver will beep again. Press and hold button **a third time**, LED will flash and receiver will beep a third time.
- 3. The receiver will then emit a long flash and long beep indicating ALL memory, including master transmitters have been erased from memory.

Note: If receiver does not emit a continuous beep after pressing the button 3 times, try repeating step 2 faster or slower until it does.

For complete advanced programming features for the **8040 radio receiver**, go to DoorKing's web site for Micro**CLik®** RF Controls **OR** Micro**Plus®** RF Controls to download the **8040-065** instruction sheet for the **8040** under technical downloads.

## 2.6 Shutdown Conditions

Under various entrapment conditions the operator will assume either a **SOFT** or **HARD (alarm)** shutdown. To determine what type of reset action is required, you will need to understand how the different entrapment conditions affect the gate operator.

### Soft Shutdown.

This occurs in various situations where the inherent or external entrapment protection devices have been activated. In a soft shutdown condition, the operator **will not** respond to any input that was present when the entrapment protection device sensed or encountered an obstruction. If the gate stops at the open position, the operator **will not** respond to the automatic close timer and a "manual input" is required to close the gate.

• **Example 1** - A time clock keys the gate open in the morning and an entrapment protection device senses an obstruction prior to the gate reaching the full open position. If the entrapment is sensed by the inherent system, the gate will reverse and run back to the closed position. The time clock input is still present, but the gate will not re-open.

**Note:** In some systems, the time clock input comes from the telephone entry system relay. This same relay may also provide open commands for a card reader, MicroPLUS transmitters and the visitor telephone entry. If so, these devices will also be disabled in a soft shutdown condition.

- **Example 2** If the gate is closing and an entrapment protection device is activated, the gate will either stop or reverse and run back to the open position, depending upon if the secondary or inherent device was activated. The automatic close timer will not close the gate.
- **Example 3** If a moving vehicle runs over a loop while the gate is cycling open and hits the opening gate, the operator's inherent entrapment protection is activated. The gate will reverse direction and run back to the closed position. A soft shutdown condition **does not occur** and the loop provides an immediate reset of the operator. Once the loop area is clear and another open command is given, the gate will cycle open.

### **Resetting a Soft Shutdown**

In some conditions, a soft shutdown will reset as soon as the entrapment condition clears. For example, if a non-contact sensor (photo sensor) is sensing an obstruction, the operator will stop the gate and assume a soft shutdown condition. When the photo sensor clears (Obstruction is no longer there), the operator will return to normal operation.

When the operator is in a soft shutdown, activation of any "intended input" will reset the operator. An "intended input" includes any command input device, any standard safety input device and any loop input. Activating any of these inputs will reset the gate. At that point the gate will return to normal operation. If the gate is open, the automatic close timer will then time out and close the gate.

### **2.6 Shutdown Conditions Continued**

### Hard Shutdown (Alarm Activated)

A hard shutdown condition occurs when: (1.) The inherent entrapment protection system (Type A) gets activated TWO consecutive times before the gate completes the open or close cycle. (2.) The reversing edge (Type B2) gets activated and reverses but before the gate completes the reverse cycle the inherent entrapment protection system (Type A) gets activated.

- Example of a Hard Shutdown The gate is closing and the inherent entrapment protection system senses an obstruction and causes the gate to reverse direction. As the gate begins to run in the open direction, a second obstruction is sensed prior to the gate reaching the full open position. Once the second obstruction has been sensed, the operator will stop, the audio alarm will sound and all standard inputs are shut down (including open commands, safety commands, loop inputs, etc.).
  - To silence the alarm, press the reset button or after 5 minutes, the audio alarm will shut off but will "chirp" every 5 seconds. This indicates that the operator is in a hard shutdown condition (The reset button must be pressed to reset the operator and stop the alarm "chirping").

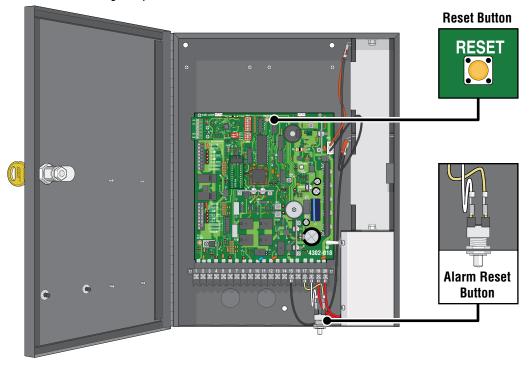
### **Resetting a Hard Shutdown**

The operator is in a hard shutdown condition when the audio alarm is sounding OR "chirping" every 5 seconds.

• Before resetting a hard shutdown, determine why the shutdown occurred. Inspect the gate for any obstructions along its path that could have activated the inherent entrapment sensing system. Inspect the gate and gate hardware.

The audio alarm will sound for five minutes, or until the operator's reset button is pushed. After (5) five minutes the alarm will "chirp every 5 sec." and the hard shutdown condition will remain in affect until the reset button is pushed.

**Note:** DoorKing operators have a built-in alarm reset push buttons on the circuit board and on the bottom of the control box for quick access. Activating either one of these buttons will return the gate operator to normal operation, but **will not** activate the gate operator.



Once the gate has been reset, an open or close command is needed to start the gate operator. Most activating commands will cause the gate operator to cycle to the open position. This includes activation of a key switch or open command and activation of the automatic exit loop (If used). Activation of a close command will run the gate to the closed position.

## **SECTION 3 - MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING**

Inspection and service of this gate operator by a qualified technician should be performed anytime a malfunction is observed or suspected. High cycle usage may require more frequent service checks.

## **3.1 Maintenance**

When servicing the gate operator, always check any external reversing devices (loops, photo sensors, etc.) for proper operation. If external reversing devices cannot be made operable, do not place this operator in service until the malfunction can be identified and corrected.

Always check the inherent reversing system when performing any maintenance. If the inherent reversing system cannot be made operable, remove this operator from service until the cause of the malfunction is identified and corrected. Keeping this operator in service when the inherent reversing system is malfunctioning creates a hazard for persons which can result in serious injury or death should they become entrapped in the gate.

When servicing the gate operator, be sure that the AC power switch is turned OFF AND battery plug is disconnected (Page 17).

Operator	Maintenance		Monthly Interval		
Component			6	12	
Warning Signs	Check that warning signs are on BOTH sides of the gate area.				
Alarm	Activate the primary (inherent) reverse system by blocking the gate with a solid object. When the gate reverses, block the gate in the opposite direction prior to the limit being reached. The entrapment alarm should activate. Press the reset button to silence the alarm.	1			
Batteries	Check the batteries for any leakage or loose connections. Batteries should be replaced every two years. P/N 1801-009. Two (2) required.	1			
Fire Dept.	Check emergency vehicle access device for proper operation.				
Gate	Inspect for damage. Check gate hinges for wear and grease if necessary.		$\checkmark$		
Primary Reverse System	Check that the gate reverses on contact with an object in both the opening and closing cycles. Adjust the reversing sensor if necessary. See page 36.	1			
Loop(s)	Check vehicular reverse and shadow loops for proper operation.	<b>V</b> ,			
Manual Release	Check manual release for proper operation. See page 35.				
External Entrapment Device	Check monitored external reverse device(s) stop or reverse the gate when activated. See page 36.	1			
Complete System	Complete check of gate and gate operating system.				

## **3.2 Diagnostics Check**

Have the following diagnostic tools available: VOM meter with minimum voltage memory or min-max range to check voltage and continuity. Meg-ohm meter capable of checking up to 500 megohms of resistance to properly check ground loop integrity. A malfunction can be isolated to one of the following:

Gate Operator
 Loop System

Keying Devices.

#### Disconnect all external inputs to the circuit board.

**1.** Check the input indicator LED's. They should only come ON when a keying device (card reader, push button, etc.) is activated. If any of the input LED's are ON continuously, this will cause the gate operator to hold open. Disconnect the keying devices one at a time until the LED goes OFF (see troubleshooting guide).

2. If the operator stops or holds open, check external entrapment protection devices for any shorts or malfunction.

**3.** A malfunction in a loop or loop detector can cause the gate operator to hold open, or not detect a vehicle when it is present over the loop. Pull the loop detector circuit boards from the loop ports on the operator circuit board. If the malfunction persists, the problem is not with the loop system. For more information refer to the loop detector instruction sheet and the DoorKing Loop and Loop Detector Information Manual. Continued on next page.

## **3.2 Diagnostics Check Continued**

**4.** Check that there are no shorted or open control wires from the keying devices to the gate operator. If a keying device fails to open the gate, momentarily jumper across terminals 1 and 2 on the control board. If the gate operator starts, this indicates that a problem exist with the keying device and not with the gate operator.

**5.** Check the supply voltage and batteries. A voltage drop on the supply line (usually caused by using too small supply voltage wires) will cause the operator to malfunction. Batteries should be fully charged for proper operation, replace batteries every two years on average.

## **3.3 Troubleshooting**

Symptom	Possible Solution(s)
Operator(s) will not run. Power LED is OFF.	<ul> <li>Check that AC power to the operator is turned ON.</li> <li>Check battery power.</li> <li>Check for 24 VAC at terminals 19 and 20. If voltage measures OK, check terminal strip or replace the circuit board.</li> </ul>
Operator(s) will not run. Power LED is ON.	<ul> <li>Insure that a minimum of one (1) external entrapment protection device is connected in EACH entrapment area and the inputs are connected and enabled (UL 325 DIP-switches are turned ON).</li> <li>Momentarily jumper terminal 1 to terminal 2. If the input LED does not come ON, check the terminal strip or replace the circuit board. If LED does come ON, proceed to next steps.</li> <li>Check the fuses.</li> <li>Check Motor(s): Remove the circuit board. With two 14 AWG insulated jumper wires, momentarily jumper the battery terminals to the motor terminals (1, 2) of the Primary operator connector. The operator should run. Swap the two wires at the terminal strip. The operator should run in the opposite direction. Repeat these steps using the Secondary operator connector.</li> <li>If the operator(s) run in both directions in the step above, replace the control board. If the operator(s) or a bad control board.</li> </ul>
Operator will not run, entrapment protection input(s) LED is ON.	• The entrapment protection device has a fault or the wiring to it is shorted.
Operator will not run, entrapment protection input(s) LED is Blinking.	• The entrapment protection device is not connected or the wiring to it is open.
Gate opens a short distance, then stops and reverses.	<ul> <li>Check the reversing sensitivity.</li> <li>Check the secondary safety devices.</li> <li>Disconnect the gate from the gate operator and check that the gate swings freely without any binding.</li> <li>Continue troubleshooting or replace the circuit board.</li> </ul>
Gate opens but will not close.	<ul> <li>Check the input LEDs. Any ON will hold the gate open and indicates a problem with a keying device.</li> <li>Check the secondary safety devices. Any activated will hold the gate open and indicates a problem with the safety device.</li> <li>Check the loop detectors. Any activated can hold the gate open and indicates a problem with the loop detector or ground loop.</li> <li>Operator may be in a "soft shutdown." Activate any keying device to determine if operator returns to normal operation.</li> <li>If automatic close is desired, be sure SW 1, switch 4 is ON.</li> </ul>
Gate closes but will not open.	<ul> <li>Operator may be in a "soft shutdown." Check input LEDs. If any are ON, momentarily disconnect, then re-connect the wire going to the respective terminal. Operator should open.</li> <li>Check to be sure that the operator is running in the proper direction. Turn power OFF, and then back ON. Activate a keying device. Operator should run in the open direction. If operator runs in the close direction, turn power OFF and change direction switch SW 1, switches 1 and/or 2. Go to above section if operator now opens but will not close.</li> <li>Be sure that the respective LED on the control board lights when the keying device connected to the respective terminal is activated. If LED does not light, momentarily place a jumper wire from terminal 1 to the input terminal being checked. If LED lights and gate opens, problem is with the keying device. If LED does not light, replace control board.</li> <li>Check motor as described above "Operator(s) will not run. Power LED is ON".</li> </ul>
Operator has intermittent functionality problems that vary.	• The main terminal #3 250 mA power has been exceeded. Check total amp draw of connected device(s).

## **3.4 Accessory Items**

#### UL 325 Monitored Entrapment Protection Devices available for the 115 VAC Control Boxes.

#### Type B2 Contact Sensors (Reversing Edge)

DoorKing 8080 Series Sensing Edges Miller Edge Sensing Edges - all models with a T2 (resistive) termination. Miller Edge wireless monitored transmitter/receiver kit model RB-G-K10 ASO GMBH Sentir GF Series sensing edges

#### Type B1 Non-contact Sensors (Photo Cell)

DoorKing Model 8080-057 Retro-Reflective Photocell Miller Edge Reflective-Guard Model RG Miller Edge Prime-Guard Model PG EMX Industries Model IRB-MON EMX Industries Model IRB-RET Omron Model E3K-R10K4 Seco-Larm Model E-936-S45RRGQ Seco-Larm Model E-960-D90GQ

#### **Monitored Expansion Kit**

Miller Edge Multi-Input Module Model MIM-62

#### Accessory items available for the 115 VAC Control Boxes.

Plug-In Loop Detector - Detectors plug directly into ports on circuit board simplifying wiring.

Single channel detector - P/N 9410-010

Dual channel detector - P/N 9409-010 Single channel detector with aux relay - P/N 9411-010 Single channel low power draw detector - P/N 9416-010 Dual channel low power draw detector - P/N 9415-010

#### **External Loop Detector**

Reno A&E 12/24 VDC or 24 VAC - 9402-045 Reno A&E 120 VAC - 9402-047 Carlo Gavazzi 24 VAC/VDC - 9402-044 Diablo 10-30 VAC/VDC low power draw - 9402-050

Magnetic Lock - Magnetic Gate Lock Kit provides an excellent means to secure swing gates and is a fail-safe device allowing emergency vehicle access upon power outage. P/N 1216-080 and P/N 1216-081

Interconnect Cable - Interconnect wire cable contains all the necessary wires to interconnect primary / secondary operators. Cable length 30 feet. P/N 2600-755 Cable length 40 feet. P/N 2600-756 Cable length 50 feet. P/N 2600-757

**Time Clock** - 7 day time clock can be used to automatically open gate at pre-set time and days. Compact clock fits inside the operator. P/N 2600-791 - 7 day clock

Torsion Rods - Torsion rod assembly is used on uphill swing gates for counter balance. P/N 1203-084

Hinges - Heavy-duty ball bearing hinges provide easy swing gate operation. P/N 1200-009, P/N 1200-019, P/N 1200-039.

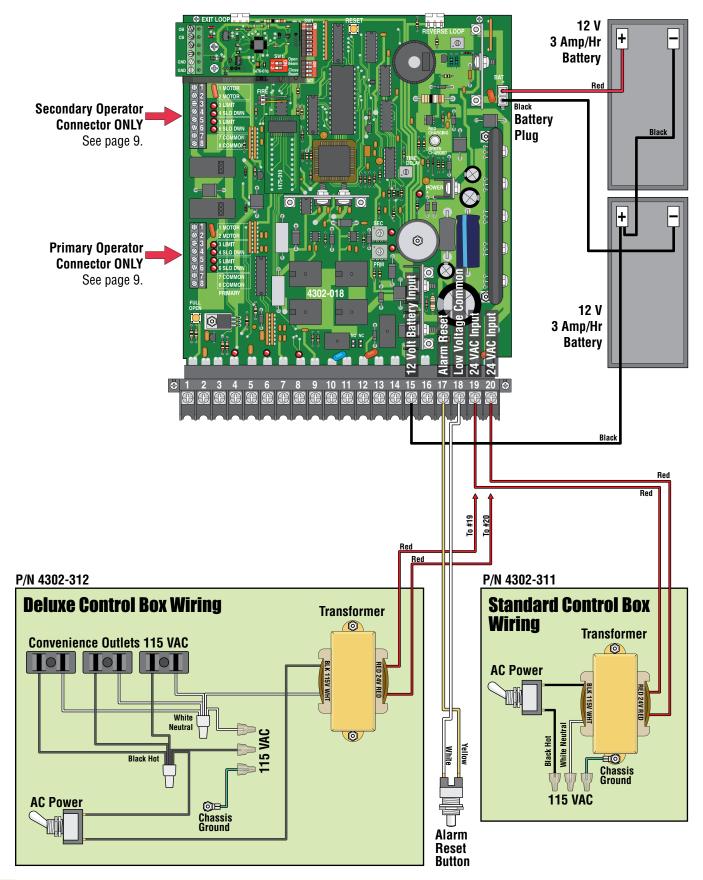
**Surge Devices** - High and low voltage surge suppressors help prevent circuit board failure caused by lightning strikes and power surges. P/N 1879-010 - High Voltage P/N 1878-010 - Low Voltage

Speed Bumps - Prefabricated six-foot speed bump reduces traffic speed through gate system. P/N 1610-150 Battery - 12 Volt 3 Amp Hour. P/N 1801-009. Two (2) required.

DKS 8040 Radio Receiver and Antenna - Operates at 318 MHz and MUST be used with either the DoorKing MicroPlus<sup>®</sup> OR MicroClik<sup>®</sup> transmitters. P/N 8040-080

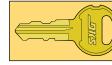
Coaxial Cable Antenna Kit - External antenna with mounting bracket and 15 ft of coaxial cable. P/N 1514-073

## **115 VAC Standard or Deluxe Control Box**



### Alarm Sounding OR "Chirping" and Gate WILL NOT Operate

Operator is in a HARD Shutdown Condition: The alarm will sound for (5) five minutes. After five minutes the alarm will start "Chirping" every 5 seconds and continue "Chirping" until operator gets reset.



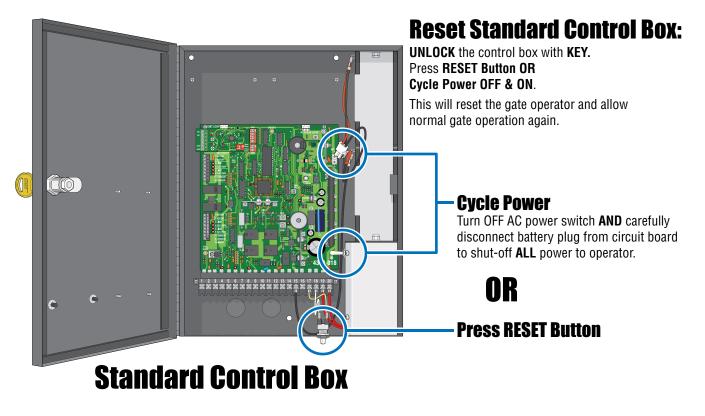
A KEY has been supplied that will unlock the power switch cover on this gate operator. **Note:** The **owner** of the gate operator is responsible for the **KEY** availability.

# When Alarm is Sounding OR "Chirping" Always check the entire gate area for any obstructions or damage first.



- If a Fire Dept Access Device has been activated by **emergency personnel**, then operator can be **reset** and put back into normal operation again. Alarm will **always** sound when this access device gets activated.
- If the cause of the alarm **CAN** be identified and **CORRECTED**, then operator can be **reset** and put back into normal operation again.
- If the cause of the alarm **cannot be corrected**, shut-off power and **DO NOT** place this operator back into service until the malfunction can be identified and **CORRECTED**.

IMPORTANT: Putting this gate operator back into service WITHOUT CORRECTING the cause of the alarm could result in serious injury or DEATH!

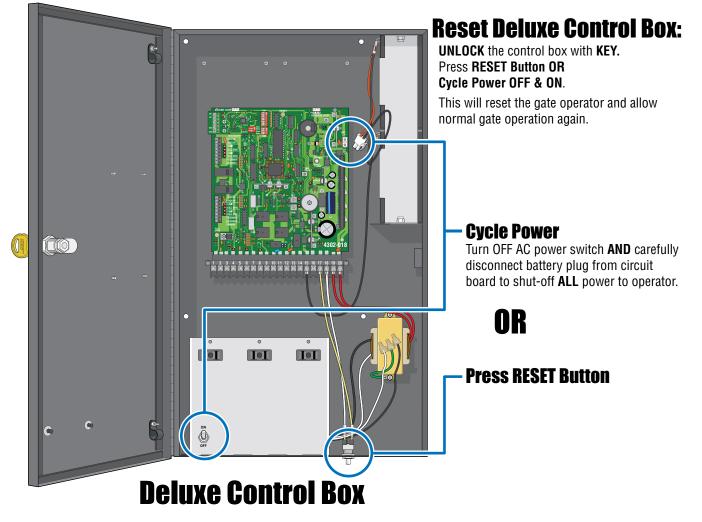


## Alarm Sounding OR "Chirping" Continued

Operator is in a HARD Shutdown Condition: The alarm will sound for (5) five minutes. After five minutes the alarm will start "Chirping" every 5 seconds and continue "Chirping" until operator gets reset.



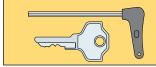
A KEY has been supplied that will unlock the power switch cover on this gate operator. **Note:** The **owner** of the gate operator is responsible for the **KEY** availability.



**Operator HARD Shutdown Condition occurs when:** 



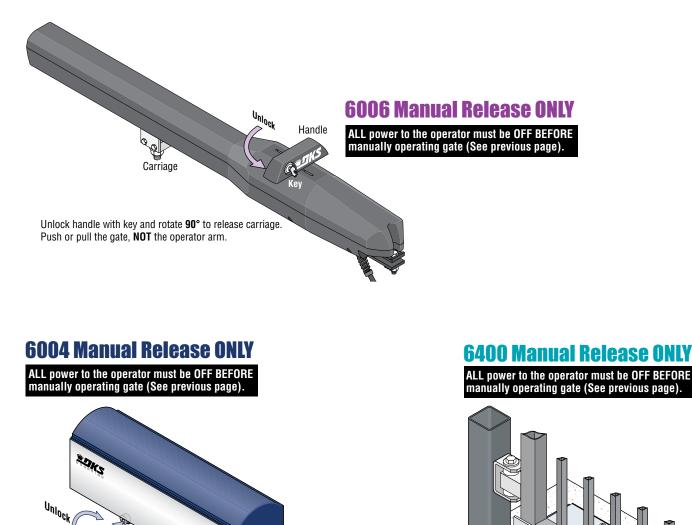
- 1. Fire Department (Emergency Access) input has been activated by Police, Fire Department, EMT, Ambulance etc.
- 2. The inherent entrapment protection system (Type A) gets activated TWO consecutive times before the gate completes the open cycle OR the close cycle.
- 3. The reversing edge contact sensor (Type B2) gets activated and reverses, but before the gate completes the reverse cycle the inherent entrapment protection system (Type A) gets activated.



A RELEASE TOOL (6004) or a KEY (6006 & 6400) has been supplied that will unlock the gate operator. **Note:** The **OWNER** of the gate operator is responsible for the **KEY** or **RELEASE TOOL** availability.

## Manually Operating the Gate (NO Power)

Choose your operator model and follow directions to unlock the operator and manually move the gate.



Operator Arm

Insert key and turn to release handle.

Release

Tool

Insert release tool and turn to

gate, **NOT** the operator arm.

release the arm. Push or pull the

, pu the

## Gate Operator's Monthly Checkup

### **Caution:** Make SURE gate area is clear BEFORE testing the gate operator!

**DO NOT** repair or adjust gate systems yourself. Contact a trained gate systems technician with any questions or to make any repairs or adjustments. If you feel uncomfortable performing any of these inspections or testing, a qualified service technician will perform the visual inspections and testing for you.

You can find a trained service technician at DoorKing's "Dealer Locator" at www.doorking.com

## **Visual Inspection**

Visually inspect the rollers, fasteners, brackets and other gate hardware for proper alignment, proper tightness, and signs of damage, breakage, looseness, rust or wear. Moving parts should be lubricated and should not be squeaking. Visually inspect wiring for fraying or exposure. If a malfunction is found, contact a trained service technician to make adjustments or repairs.

## Test Built-In Reversing Sensor

Begin with the gate in the fully **OPEN** position. Stand just outside the path of the gate and close the gate (typically auto-timer will time-out and close gate automatically). As the gate is **closing**, firmly press a solid object against the end of the gate frame in the direction opposing the travel of the gate. The gate should **stop** within 2 sec. and **reverse** to the **OPEN** position. Another input command is needed before the gate will reset and close again. Repeat this test while **opening** the gate. Start from the fully **CLOSED** position. While **opening**, gate should **stop** and **reverse** to the **CLOSE** position. If gate does **NOT** respond like it should in **either** direction of gate travel, contact a trained service technician to make adjustments or repairs.

## Test Photo Sensors

If the gate has a photo sensing device protecting the path of a **closing gate**, perform the following test. Begin with the gate in the fully **OPEN** position. Stand just outside the path of the gate and close the gate (typically auto-timer will time-out and close gate automatically). Pass an object across the path of the closing photo sensing beam. The gate should **stop** within 2 sec. and **reverse** to the **OPEN** position. Typically the auto-timer times out and gate closes again.

If the gate has a photo sensing device protecting the path of a **opening gate**, start from the fully **CLOSED** position. **OPEN** gate. Pass an object across the path of the opening photo sensing beam. The gate should **stop**, the gate will resume opening when the beam is clear. If gate does **NOT** respond like it should in **either** direction of gate travel, contact a trained service technician to make adjustments or repairs.

## **Test Reversing Edges**

If the gate has a reversing edge(s) protecting the path of a **closing gate**, perform the following test. Begin with the gate in the fully **OPEN** position. Stand just outside the path of the gate and close the gate. As the gate is closing, firmly press a solid object against the reversing edge in the direction opposing the travel of the gate. The gate should **stop** within 2 sec. and **reverse** to the **OPEN** position (typically auto-timer will time-out and close gate automatically). If the gate encounters **another** obstruction before it is closed, the gate will **stop** and reverse to the **OPEN** position **again**. A input command is needed before the gate will reset and close again, auto-timer will **NOT** close gate (Typically, press your remote button for input command). If the gate has a reversing edge(s) protecting the path of a **opening gate**, starting from the fully **CLOSED** position. Stand just outside the path of the gate and open the gate. **OPEN** gate. As the gate is opening, firmly press a solid object against the reversing edge in the direction opposing the travel of the gate. gate should **stop** and **reverse** to the **CLOSE** position. If gate does **NOT** respond like it should in **either** direction of gate travel, contact a trained service technician to make adjustments or repairs.

**Note:** This gate operator uses high levels of force to move the gate and most people underestimate the power of these systems and do not realize the potential hazards associated with this system if **NOT** maintained properly. **Scheduled maintenance visits are offered by most qualified service technicians to MAINTAIN your gate operator system.** 

### **New Installation Checklist for Installer and Property Owner**

**Instructions:** Check the space next to each item (" $\checkmark$ ") to indicate that it has been addressed by installer **AND** property owner. If it is not applicable, enter N/A. Please note that the checklist is intended to be a summary of many **important** automated vehicular gate aspects, **But may not inclusively identify all potential hazards of every specific gate system installation**.

#### Each item listed and checked has been examined by the Installer and is CLEARLY understood by the Property Owner.

Installer	Property Owner	Description
		The operator is installed on a gate used for vehicles only. Verify that separate pedestrian access is provided or available, and the access is such that pedestrians cannot come in contact with the moving vehicular access gate during its entire length of travel.
		<b>Gate/Hardware:</b> Insure that there is a means to prevent the gate from falling over in the event of a roller or hinge failure. Insure the gate has physical limit stops and that gravity will not initiate motion of the gate. Insure that all rollers are guarded or covered to eliminate the possibility of a finger being inserted between the roller and gate.
		<b>Slide Gate:</b> Insure that the maximum opening in the gate and in that portion of the adjacent fence that the gate covers when the gate is in the open position is such that a 2 ¼" sphere cannot pass through the openings up to 72 inches above the ground or to the top of the gate, whichever is less. If the gate and adjacent fence do not meet this requirement, wire mesh (or other means) must be added to meet this requirement before placing the gate system in operation.
		Insure that any gaps between the slide gate and stationary posts/pilasters is less than 2 1/4" and that these areas are protected with an entrapment protection device.
		The gate operator system is in compliance with the <b>entrapment protection requirements of UL 325.</b> Identify all potential entrapment zones and ensure they are protected. Potential pinch areas have been guarded so as to be inaccessible OR have a contact (reverse edge) and/or non-contact (photocell) obstruction sensing devices installed. Verify that the system has in place external entrapment protection, independent from the inherent entrapment protection. Edge sensors or photocells are typical, other means are possible. For more information see your <b>specific</b> installation/owners manual for entrapment protection installation and locations.
		The installer has properly adjusted the <b>inherent entrapment protection feature</b> on the gate operator, and has tested the gate to make sure that the gate stops and reverses a short distance upon striking an immovable object.
		Check that placement of <b>user operational controls</b> are six (6) or more feet away from the gate. If any operational control is closer than six (6) feet to the gate, <b>DO NOT</b> place the automated vehicular gate into service.
		Warning signs have been installed so that they are visible from each side of the gate - whether the gate is open or closed.
		The installer has instructed the property owner in the <b>proper use of the gate operator</b> and has reviewed the operational functions, obstruction-sensing devices, alarm, and reset as outlined in <b>your specific</b> installation/owners manual.
		The installer has instructed the property owner in the proper use of the operator's <b>manual release feature</b> as outlined in <b>your specific</b> installation/owners manual.
		The installer has <b>reviewed all safety instructions with the property owner</b> , including the need to never let children operate or play with gate controls, to keep the remote control away from children, and to always keep people and objects away from the gate.
		The installer has explained to the property owner that a <b>regular maintenance schedule</b> for both the gate and the gate operator is recommended, including regular testing of entrapment protection as outlined in the manufacturer's instructions.
		The installer has left the installation/owners manual with the property owner for future reference.

### Wiring / Owner's Manual

## **4302 115 VAC Control Boxes for**

6004, 6006 and 6400 gate operators

Use this manual for circuit board 4302-018 Revision A or higher.

4302-065-H-2-24

Entrapment Protection must be provided for the gate system where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exists. The operator will NOT run without one or more monitored type B1 or B2 entrapment protection devices in EACH entrapment area.

UL 325 August 2018 Standard



THIS PRODUCT IS TO BE INSTALLED AND SERVICED BY A TRAINED GATE/DOOR SYSTEMS TECHNICIAN ONLY. Visit www.doorking.com/dealer-locator to find a professional installing and servicing dealer in your area.

www.doorking.com

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