Entrainment Protection must be provided for the gate system where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exists. The operator will NOT run without one or more monitored type B1 or B2 entrapment protection devices in EACH entrapment area.

UL 325 August 2018 Standard

Date Installed: ________________________________

Installer/Company Name: ______________________

__________________________________________________________________________

Phone Number: _____________________________

Circuit Board
Serial Number
and Revision Letter: _________________________

Leave Manual with Owner

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Conforms To UL STD 325
Certified To CSA STD C22.2 # 247
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6003 SPECIFICATIONS

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<tr>
<th>Class of Operation</th>
<th>Model 6003 - UL 325 Class I</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>Type of Gate</td>
<td>Vehicular Swing Gates Only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actuator Arm Voltage</td>
<td>24 VDC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current</td>
<td>3 Amps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor RPM</td>
<td>1400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Thrust</td>
<td>300 daN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Gate Weight</td>
<td>300 Lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Gate Length</td>
<td>10 Feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Useful Rod Stroke</td>
<td>14 inches of travel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cycles Per Hour</td>
<td>10 Per Hour with AC connected (Cycles will vary with battery power ONLY)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speed</td>
<td>90° in approximately 15 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control Box Types</td>
<td>• 115 VAC 60 Hz Single Phase Input Power - 24 VDC Output Power to Gate Operators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 24 Volt Solar Input Power - 24 VDC Output Power to Gate Operators</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type of wiring to be used on ALL external devices:
A) Type CL2, CL2P, CL2R, or CL2X.
B) Other cable with equivalent or better electrical, mechanical, and flammability ratings.

Entrapment Protection must be provided for the gate system where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exists. The operator will not run without one or more monitored type B1 or B2 entrapment protection devices in EACH entrapment area.

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Swing Gate Requirements

This operator is intended for installation only on gates used for vehicles. Pedestrians must be supplied with a separate access opening. For pedestrian access in the vicinity of an automated vehicular gate, separate pedestrian access shall be provided or available. The pedestrian access shall be in a location such that a pedestrian shall not come in contact with a moving vehicular gate access gate during the entire path of travel of the vehicular gate. A pedestrian gate shall not be incorporated into an automated vehicular gate panel.

Entrapment Protection must be provided for the gate system where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exists. The operator will NOT run without one or more monitored type B1 or B2 entrapment protection devices in EACH ENTRAPMENT AREA.

If distance is greater than 4 inches, entrapment protection is **REQUIRED** for this area.

If distance is **less than 16 inches**, entrapment protection is **REQUIRED** for this area.

If bottom of gate is 4” to 16” above the ground at **any** part of the gate’s traveling path, entrapment protection is **REQUIRED** for this area.

Gates shall have smooth bottom edges, with vertical bottom edged protrusions **NOT exceeding 0.50 inches**.
Swing Gate Requirements Continued

**Warning Signs**
Permanently mounted and easily visible from either side of the gate.

**Reverse Loop**
Minimizes the potential of the gate closing when a vehicle is present. Number and placement of loops is dependent on the application.

**Shadow Loop**
Provides a hold open command to the operator only if the gate is at the full open position.

**Reverse Loop**
Minimizes the potential of the gate closing when a vehicle is present. Number and placement of loops is dependent on the application.

**Separated Pedestrian Walkway**
Located so pedestrians cannot come in contact with the vehicular gate.

**Monitored Non-contact OPENING Sensor (Type B1)**
Minimizes the potential of the gate opening on vehicular or other traffic that loops cannot sense. Monitored device helps protect against entrapment when needed.

**Monitored Non-contact CLOSING Sensor (Type B1)**
Minimizes the potential of the gate closing on vehicular or other traffic that loops cannot sense. Monitored device helps protect against entrapment when needed.

**Monitored Contact OPEN/CLOSE Sensor (Type B2)**
Minimizes the potential of the gate striking vehicular or other traffic that loops cannot sense. Monitored device helps protect against entrapment when needed. Contact sensor may be necessary on bottom of gate.

Entrapment Protection must be provided for the gate system where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exists. The operator will NOT run without one or more monitored type B1 or B2 entrapment protection devices in EACH ENTRAPMENT AREA.

Moving Gate Can Cause Serious Injury or Death
KEEP CLEAR! Gate may move at any time without prior warning.
Do not let children operate the gate or play in the gate area.
This entrance is for vehicles only. Pedestrians must use separate entrance.
ASTM F2200 Standard for Gate Construction

Vehicular gates should be constructed and installed in accordance with ASTM F2200; Standard Specification for Automated Vehicular Gate Construction. For a copy of this standard, contact ASTM directly at 610-832-9585; service@astm.org; or www.astm.org.

Important Safety Instructions

WARNING - To reduce the risk of injury or death:

1. READ AND FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS.
2. Never let children operate or play with gate controls. Keep the remote control away from children.
3. Always keep people and objects away from gate. NO ONE SHOULD CROSS THE PATH OF THE MOVING GATE.
4. Test the operator monthly. The gate MUST reverse on contact with a rigid object or stop or reverse when an object activates the non-contact sensors. After adjusting the force or the limit of travel, retest the gate operator. Failure to adjust and retest the gate operator properly can increase the risk of injury or death.
5. Use the emergency release only when the gate is not moving.
6. KEEP GATES PROPERLY MAINTAINED. Read the owner’s manual. Have a qualified service person make repairs to gate hardware.
7. The entrance is for vehicles only. Pedestrians must use separate entrance.
8. SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS!

Instructions regarding intended installation:

• Install the gate operator only if:
  1. The operator is appropriate for the construction of the gate and the usage class of the gate.
  2. All openings of a horizontal slide gate are guarded or screened from the bottom of the gate to a minimum of 6 feet (1.83 m) above the ground to prevent a 2 ¼ inch (57.2 mm) diameter sphere from passing through the openings anywhere in the gate, and in that portion of the adjacent fence that the gate covers in the open position.
  3. All exposed pinch points are eliminated or guarded.
  4. Guarding is supplied for exposed rollers.

• The operator is intended for installation only on gates used for vehicles. Pedestrians must be supplied with a separate access opening. The pedestrian access opening shall be designed to promote pedestrian usage. Locate the gate such that persons will not come in contact with the vehicular gate during the entire path of travel of the vehicular gate.

• The gate must be properly installed and work freely in both directions prior to the installation of the gate operator. Do not over-tighten the operator clutch, pressure relief valve or reduce reversing sensitivity to compensate for a damaged gate.

• For gate operators utilizing Type D protection:
  1. The gate operator controls must be placed so that the user has full view of the gate area when the gate is moving.
  2. A warning placard shall be placed adjacent to the controls.
  3. An automatic closing device (such as a timer, loop sensor, or similar device) shall not be employed.
  4. No other activation device shall be connected.

• Controls intended for user activation must be located at least six feet (6’) away from any moving part of the gate and where the user is prevented from reaching over, under, around or through the gate to operate the controls. Outdoor or easily accessible controls should have a security feature to prevent unauthorized use.

• The Stop and/or Reset button must be located in the line-of-sight of the gate. Activation of the reset control shall not cause the operator to start.
• A minimum of two (2) WARNING SIGNS shall be installed, one on each side of the gate where easily visible.

• For gate operators utilizing a non-contact sensor:
  1. See the instructions on the placement of non-contact sensors for each type of application.
  2. Care shall be exercised to reduce the risk of nuisance tripping, such as when a vehicle trips the sensor while the gate is still moving in the opening direction.
  3. One or more non-contact sensors shall be located where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exist, such as the perimeter reachable by a moving gate or barrier.

• For gate operators utilizing contact sensors:
  1. One or more contact sensors shall be located where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exist, such as at the leading edge, trailing edge, and post mounted both inside and outside of a vehicular horizontal slide gate.
  2. One or more contact sensors shall be located at the bottom edge of a vehicular vertical lift gate.
  3. One or more contact sensors shall be located at the pinch point of a vehicular vertical pivot gate.
  4. A hardwired contact sensor shall be located and its wiring arranged so that the communication between the sensor and the gate operator is not subjected to mechanical damage.
  5. A wireless contact sensor such as one that transmits radio frequency (RF) signals to the gate operator for entrapment protection functions shall be located where the transmission of the signals are not obstructed or impeded by building structures, natural landscaping or similar obstructions. A wireless contact sensor shall function under the intended end-use conditions.
  6. One or more contact sensors shall be located at the bottom edge of a vertical barrier (arm).

• Be sure you have instructed the owner of the gate operator about safe and proper operation and testing of the gate operator.
Vehicular gate operator products provide convenience and security. However, gate operators must use high levels of force to move gates and most people underestimate the power of these systems and do not realize the potential hazards associated with an incorrectly designed or installed system. These hazards may include:

- Pinch points
- Entrapment areas
- Reach through hazards
- Absence of entrapment protection devices
- Improperly located access controls
- Absence of vehicle protection devices
- Absence of controlled pedestrian access

In addition to these potential hazards, automated vehicular gate systems must be installed in accordance with the UL 325 Safety Standard and the ASTM F2200 Construction Standard. Most people are unaware of, or are not familiar with, these standards. If an automated vehicular gate system is not properly designed, installed, used and maintained, serious injuries or death can result. Be sure that the installer has instructed you on the proper operation of the gate and gate operator system.

Be sure that the installer has trained you on proper and safe operation of this gate operating system and about the basic functions of the required reversing systems associated with your gate operating system and how to test them. These include reversing loops, inherent reversing system, electric edges, photoelectric cells, or other external devices.

- This Owner’s Manual is your property. Keep it in a safe place for future reference.
- Be sure that all access control devices are installed a minimum distance of 6 feet away from the gate and gate operator, or in such a way that a person cannot touch the gate or gate operator while using the device. If access control devices are installed in violation of these restrictions, immediately remove the gate operator from service and contact your installing dealer.

Opening device MUST be mounted a minimum of 6 feet from the gate and NOT accessible through the gate!

- Loops and loop detectors, photo-cells or other equivalent devices must be installed to prevent the gate from closing on vehicular traffic.
- The speed limit for vehicular traffic through the gate area is 5 MPH. Install speed bumps and signs to keep vehicular traffic from speeding through the gate area. Failure to adhere to posted speed limits can result in damage to the gate, gate operator, and to the vehicle.
- Be sure that all persons who will use the gate system are familiar with the proper use of the gate and gate operator and are familiar with the possible hazards associated with the gate system.
- Be sure that warning signs are permanently installed on both sides of the gate in an area where they are fully visible to traffic.
- It is your responsibility to periodically check all entrapment protection devices. If any of these devices are observed to function improperly, remove the operator from service immediately and contact your installing or servicing dealer.
- Follow the recommended maintenance schedule.
- Do not allow children to play in the area of the operator or to play with any gate-operating device.
- To remove the gate operator from service, operate the gate to the full open position and then shut off power to the operator at the service panel.
**UL 325 Entrapment Protection**

**UL 325 Classifications**

**Class I - Residential Vehicular Gate Operator**
A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in garages or parking areas associated with a residence of one-to four single families.

**Class II - Commercial/General Access Vehicular Gate Operator**
A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a commercial location or building such as a multi-family housing unit (five or more single family units), hotel, garages, retail store, or other buildings accessible by or servicing the general public.

**Class III - Industrial/Limited Access Vehicular Gate Operator**
A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in an industrial location or building such as a factory or loading dock area or other locations not accessible by or intended to service the general public.

**Class IV - Restricted Access Vehicular Gate Operator**
A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a guarded industrial location or building such as an airport security area or other restricted access locations not servicing the general public, in which unauthorized access is prevented via supervision by security personnel.

**Gate Operator Category**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type A</td>
<td>Inherent entrapment protection system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type B1</td>
<td>Non-contact sensor (photoelectric sensor or the equivalent).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type B2</td>
<td>Contact sensor (edge device or equivalent).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type C</td>
<td>Inherent force limiting, inherent adjustable clutch or inherent pressure relief device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type D</td>
<td>Actuating device requiring constant pressure to maintain opening or closing motion of the gate.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* B1 and B2 means of entrapment protection must be MONITORED.

**Vertical Barrier Note:** Barrier gate operators (arm) that is not intended to move toward a rigid object closer than 16 inches (406 mm) are not required to be provided with a means of entrapment protection.
**Glossary**

**GATE** - A moving barrier such as a swinging, sliding, raising, lowering, or the like, barrier, that is a stand-alone passage barrier or is that portion of a wall or fence system that controls entrance and/or egress by persons or vehicles and completes the perimeter of a defined area.

**RESIDENTIAL VEHICULAR GATE OPERATOR – CLASS I** - A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a home of one-to four single family dwelling, or garage or parking area associated therewith.

**COMMERCIAL / GENERAL ACCESS VEHICULAR GATE OPERATOR - CLASS II** - A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a commercial location or building such as a multi-family housing unit (five or more single family units), hotels, garages, retail store, or other building servicing the general public.

**INDUSTRIAL / LIMITED ACCESS VEHICULAR GATE OPERATOR - CLASS III** - A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in an industrial location or building such as a factory or loading dock area or other locations not intended to service the general public.

**RESTRICTED ACCESS VEHICULAR GATE OPERATOR - CLASS IV** - A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a guarded industrial location or building such as an airport security area or other restricted access locations not servicing the general public, in which unauthorized access is prevented via supervision by security personnel.

**VEHICULAR BARRIER (ARM) OPERATOR (OR SYSTEM)** - An operator (or system) that controls a cantilever type device (or system), consisting of a mechanical arm or barrier that moves in a vertical arc, intended for vehicular traffic flow at entrances or exits to areas such as parking garages, lots or toll areas.

**VEHICULAR HORIZONTAL SLIDE-GATE OPERATOR (OR SYSTEM)** - A vehicular gate operator (or system) that controls a gate which slides in a horizontal direction that is intended for use for vehicular entrance and exit to a drive, parking lot, or the like.

**VEHICULAR SWING-GATE OPERATOR (OR SYSTEM)** - A vehicular gate operator (or system) that controls a gate which moves in an arc in a horizontal plane that is intended for use for vehicular entrance and exit to a drive, parking lot, or the like.

**SYSTEM** - In the context of these requirements, a system refers to a group of interacting devices intended to perform a common function.

**WIRED CONTROL** - A control implemented in a form of fixed physical interconnections between the control, the associated devices, and an operator to perform predetermined functions in response to input signals.

**WIRELESS CONTROL** - A control implemented in means other than fixed physical interconnections (such as radio waves or infrared beams) between the control, the associated devices, and an operator to perform predetermined functions in response to input signals.

**INHERENT ENTRAPMENT PROTECTION SYSTEM** - A system, examples being a motor current or speed sensing system, which provides protection against entrapment upon sensing an object and is incorporated as a permanent and integral part of the operator.

**EXTERNAL ENTRAPMENT PROTECTION DEVICE** - A device, examples being an edge sensor, a photoelectric sensor, or similar entrapment protection device, which provides protection against entrapment when activated and is not incorporated as a permanent part of an operator.

**ENTRAPMENT** - The condition when an object is caught or held in a position that increases the risk of injury.
Prior to beginning the installation of the swing gate operator, we suggest that you become familiar with the instructions and illustrations in this manual. This will help insure that your installation is performed in an efficient and professional manner compliant with UL 325 safety and ASTM F2200 construction standards.

The proper installation of the vehicular slide gate operator is an extremely important and integral part of the overall access control system. Check all local building ordinances and building codes prior to installing this operator. Be sure your installation is in compliance with local codes.

**Hinge Placement Note:** It’s important to consider hinge placement on a pilaster or a thick wall when installing the gate. Placing hinges close to the corner can eliminate a potential entrapment area (See Swing Gate Requirements on pages 2 and 3).

**Manual Key Release**

Manually key release the actuator. Powered shaft can be pulled out.

**Sample Installation**

115 VAC Standard Control Box
Dual Gate Operators “Opening to the Inside”

Hinge Placement Note: It’s important to consider hinge placement on a pilaster or a thick wall when installing the gate. Placing hinges close to the corner can eliminate a potential entrapment area (See Swing Gate Requirements on pages 2 and 3).
“Opening to the Inside” Installation

Front Bracket Pivot Point

47.5” Closed Position

Rear Bracket Pivot Point

Cut Off Excess Bracket

Gate Hinge Pivot Point

Do not install the actuator in fully extended (Bottomed out) position. This will damage the arm. See page 11 to prevent this from happening.

Closed Position

Attaching Brackets to Surfaces

Bolt or weld brackets to gate and support post/wall.

Sleeve Anchors (Not Supplied)

Front Bracket

Bolt or weld to gate.

Wall

2" 2½"

5½"

3"

Angles will reduce operators distance from wall. See page 11.

Rear Bracket Options

Assemble straight out (shown) or 3 different angles.

Angled Configurations

Support Bar

A support bar must span the entire length of the gate to support the gate pickets. The pickets will bend if not supported.

Actuator arm MUST be level!

Support Post

Bottom Installation Note:

Make sure that the operator is mounted high enough off the ground that it will NOT come in contact with standing or flowing water. This will damage the operator.

Bottom

Middle

Gate in Closed Position
“Opening to the Outside” Installation

Attaching Brackets to Surfaces
Bolt or weld brackets to gate and support post/wall.

Front Bracket
Bolt or weld to gate.

Rear Bracket
Bolt rear support bracket to fabricated steel plate with supplied lock nuts.

Note: The brackets must be perpendicular (Plumb) to the gate and wall/post and horizontally level. If welding brackets to surfaces, weld completely around brackets.

Rear Bracket Fabrication
A rear bracket will need to be fabricated. The bracket will vary in size depending on the gate hinge inset. It can be attached to the wall by welding or bolting, depending on the type support post/wall. The bracket MUST be level and VERY secure to the wall. Extreme force will be exerted on this bracket during gate cycling.

Support Bar
A support bar must span the entire length of the gate to support the gate pickets. The pickets will bend if not supported.

Hardware
(Not Supplied)

Front Bracket Pivot Point

Cut Off Excess Bracket

Note: The brackets must be perpendicular (Plumb) to the gate and wall/post and horizontally level. If welding brackets to surfaces, weld completely around brackets.

Open Position

Do not install the actuator in fully extended (Bottomed out) position. This will damage the arm. See next page to prevent this from happening.

Bottom Installation
Note: Make sure that the operator is mounted high enough off the ground that it will NOT come in contact with standing or flowing water. This will damage the operator.
Mounting Actuator Arm

Gate must be in good working condition before the actuator arm can be installed. Determine what direction the actuator arm will open the gate: “Opening to the Outside” or “Opening to the Inside” Installation (See 2 previous pages).

Gate Support Bar

A support bar that spans the entire length of the gate must be installed to keep the pickets from bending. Do not mount the front bracket directly to gate pickets!

Prevent Powered Shaft from Bottoming Out

It is very important that the powered shaft is not fully extended when installed on the gate (bottoming out). This will damage the arm. To prevent this, manually release the arm and fully extend the powered shaft. Rotate it back two full turns before installing the arm.

Rear Bracket Configurations for Different Gate Hinge Insets

This illustrates when the gate is “Opening to the Inside” Only.

Welding Brackets to Surfaces

If brackets are going to be welded to the gate and/or wall, only tack weld the brackets with the arm attached. Protect the arm from welding sparks during tack welding. Remove arm before completely welding around the brackets. Make sure the brackets are level when tack welding them! The arm will not operate properly if not level.
Permanent wiring must be installed to the operator as required by local electrical codes (See the 115 VAC control box Wiring/Owner’s manual or Solar control box Wiring/Owner’s manual to wire operator). It is recommended that a licensed electrical contractor perform this work. Check local building codes prior to installing any permanent wiring to ensure all wiring and connections comply with local electrical code requirements.

Position the desired control box on the wall, close enough to the operator so the primary actuator cable can be easily routed inside the box. Make sure that the control box is mounted high enough off the ground that it will NOT come in contact with standing or flowing water. This will damage the internal components. Secure the control box to the wall with appropriate hardware (not included). Control box has pre drilled mounting holes. All power and control wires should be routed to control box in conduits with sweeps. Never run low voltage rated wire insulation in the same conduit as high voltage rated wire insulation.

- 3/4” conduit recommended. Use only sweeps for conduit bends and NOT elbow connectors. Elbows will make wire pulls very difficult and can cause damage to wire insulation.
- Remove fragile components from control box to protect them during installation if necessary.
- Installation of External Entrapment Protection is REQUIRED (photo sensor and/or reversing edge).

Dual Actuators Connection (115 VAC or Solar)

- Interconnection Cable 30 feet. P/N 2600-755
- Interconnection Cable 40 feet. P/N 2600-756
- Interconnection Cable 50 feet. P/N 2600-757

DoorKing interconnection cable (Sold separately) inside underground conduit
**Mounting Control Box Continued**

**ONLY Mount One 24 Volt Solar Panel!**
The 24 volt - 10 watt or 20 watt solar panel must be correctly installed for the system to function correctly. See the solar control box Wiring/Owner’s manual for more information about concerns, considerations and recommendations for proper solar panel positioning and mounting.

**DO NOT use a 12 volt solar panel. Damage WILL occur!!**

---

**Solar Control Box**

**Primary Actuator**

**Secondary Operator Conduit**

**Input Power Conduit**

**Loops Conduit**

**Flexible Conduit**

**Junction Boxes**

**Elbow No**

**Conduit Sweep Yes**

**Mounting Pole Not Provided**

**Installation of External Entrapment Protection is REQUIRED** (photo sensor and/or reversing edge).

---

**Solar Cabinet Mounting Holes and Conduit Holes**

Remove fragile components from control box to protect them during installation if necessary.

DoorKing offers a mounting post kit (P/N 1000-045) when no vertical surface is available to mount the solar control box cabinet to.

---

**Typical conduit configuration (not supplied).**

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**To attach post to concrete, DoorKing recommends four (4) 3/8” x 3” sleeve anchors (not supplied). Do Not mount post on asphalt.**

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**6003-065-E-3-20**
Install Warning Signs

This DoorKing Swing Gate Operator is shipped with two warning signs. The purpose of the warning sign is to alert uninformed persons, and to remind persons familiar with the gate system, that a possible hazard exists so that appropriate action can be taken to avoid the hazard or to reduce exposure to the hazard. See page 3 for suggested mounting positions of signs.

- Permanently install the supplied warning signs in locations so that the signs are visible by persons on both sides of the gate.

- Use appropriate hardware such as wood or sheet metal screws (not supplied) to install the warning signs.

In-Ground Loops

To help protect the operator from accidentally closing on vehicles in the gate’s path, DoorKing highly recommends that loops and loop detectors be installed. Loops are laid underneath, cut into asphalt or concrete driveways or buried beneath gravel and earth driveways. A loop detection system will sense a vehicle like a metal detector and send a signal to the gate operator preventing the gate from automatically opening or closing on a vehicle when it is in the gate’s path. DoorKing recommends that a licensed installer perform this work.

Automatic Exit Loop

Automatically opens the gate for exiting vehicles without having to use a transmitter or keypad. The exit loop can be placed a minimum of 4 feet away from the reverse loop or far enough away from the gate so the gate has started or completely opened by the time you drive up to it (Free exit).

Reverse Loops

Reverse loops are placed just outside the gate’s swinging path to prevent the gate from closing on a vehicle in these areas. They will reverse the cycling of the gate while a vehicle is in or near the gate’s swing pathway.

Shadow Loop

The shadow loop is placed inside the gate’s swinging path to prevent the gate from closing on a vehicle in this area. It is only active when the gate is in the full open position. Vehicles in the shadow area will activate it. It will not allow the gate to close unless this area is clear. After a closing cycle begins, the shadow loop will not reverse the gate. Reverse loops work in conjunction with the shadow loop and both should be used.
Entrapment Protection Locations

External Entrapment Protection Devices:
In addition to the inherent reversing sensor system, this operator has a UL 325 terminal for the connection of photo sensors-Type B1 and/or reversing edges-Type B2 entrapment protection required by UL 325 standards. **Entrapment Protection must be provided for the gate system where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exists. The operator will NOT run without one or more monitored type B1 or B2 external entrapment protection devices installed in each entrapment area.** Install these devices where the risk of entrapment or a safety hazard exists. Installations can vary. See the 115 VAC control box Wiring/Owner's manual OR Solar control box Wiring/Owner's manual to wire entrapment protection devices.

**IMPORTANT:** Photo sensors must use Normally Closed (NC) contacts with the beam set for light operate (relay activated when beam is not obstructed). Some manufacturer's photo sensor contacts are labeled as Normally Open (NO) but their relay functions the same way as described above. See specific manufacturer’s wiring manual for more information about their specific relay function.

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In addition to the inherent reversing sensor system, this operator has a UL 325 terminal for the connection of photo sensors-Type B1 and/or reversing edges-Type B2 entrapment protection required by UL 325 standards. **Entrapment Protection must be provided for the gate system where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exists. The operator will NOT run without one or more monitored type B1 or B2 external entrapment protection devices installed in each entrapment area.** Install these devices where the risk of entrapment or a safety hazard exists. Installations can vary. See the 115 VAC control box Wiring/Owner's manual OR Solar control box Wiring/Owner's manual to wire entrapment protection devices.

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Type of wiring to be used on all external devices:
A) Type CL2, CL2P, CL2R, or CL2X.
B) Other cable with equivalent or better electrical, mechanical, and flammability ratings.

If the distance between an entrapment or obstruction exists less than 16” from the open gate, then entrapment protection is REQUIRED for this area.

**Open to the INSIDE**

**Open to the OUTSIDE**

If the distance between an entrapment or obstruction exists less than 16” from the open gate, then entrapment protection is REQUIRED for this area.
A monitored reversing edge (Type B2) or a monitored photo sensor (Type B1, see previous page) **MUST** be installed in EACH entrapment area or operator **WILL NOT** function.

**Note:** If bottom edge of gate is less than 4" or greater that 16" above the ground, then **NO** reversing edge is required on bottom of gate.

**Monitored Reversing Edge Note:**
Input is active in BOTH directions of gate travel.

See the 115 VAC control box Wiring/Owner’s manual OR Solar control box Wiring/Owner’s manual to wire entrapment protection devices.

**Entrapment Protection Locations Continued**

Reversing Edges are wired in series

**Optional wireless transmitter can be used.**
Receiver MUST monitor for the presence of the transmitter.

**Typical Monitored Reversing Edge mounted on end of gate.**

**Typical Wireless Reversing Edges mounted on bottom and end of gate when needed.**

**If the bottom edge of gate is greater than 4" but less than 16" above the ground at any point in its arc of travel, entrapment protection is **REQUIRED** for this area.**

**Greater than 4" but less than 16"**

**Gate in Open Position**
(Open to the outside shown here)
Accessory Items

UL 325 Monitored Entrapment Protection Devices available for the model 6003 swing gate operator.

Type B2 Contact Sensors (Reversing Edge)
- DoorKing 8080 Series Sensing Edges
- Miller Edge Sensing Edges - all models with a T2 (resistive) termination.
- Miller Edge wireless monitored transmitter/receiver model RB-G-K10
- ASO GMBH Sentir GF Series sensing edges

Type B1 Non-contact Sensors (Photo Cell)
- DoorKing Model 8080-057 Retro-Reflective Photocell
- Miller Edge Reflective-Guard Model RG
- Miller Edge Prime-Guard Model PG
- EMX Industries Model IRB-MON
- EMX Industries Model IRB-RET
- Omron Model E3K-R10K4
- Seco-Larm Model E-936-S45RGGQ
- Seco-Larm Model E-960-D90GQ

Monitored Expansion Kit
- Miller Edge Multi-Input Module Model MIM-62

Accessory items available for the model 6003 swing gate operator.

Control Box Types
- Fully controls actuator arm(s) with built-in battery back-up system.
  - P/N 4302-111: 115 VAC Standard Control Box, 115 VAC 60 Hz Input to box, 24 VDC output to gate operator.
  - P/N 4302-112: 115 VAC Deluxe Control Box, 115 VAC 60 Hz Input to box, 24 VDC output to gate operator. 3-115 VAC convenience outlets.
  - P/N 4302-114: 18 ah Solar Control Box, 24 VDC 20 Watt Input to box, 24 VDC output to gate operator. 2 - 12 Volt 18 Amp Hr batteries.
  - P/N 2000-075 - One (1) 24 volt 10 watt solar panel required for 18 ah solar control box.
  - P/N 4302-115: 35 ah Solar Control Box, 24 VDC 20 Watt Input to box, 24 VDC output to gate operator. 2 - 12 Volt 35 Amp Hr batteries.
  - P/N 2000-075 - Two (2) 24 volt 10 watt solar panels required for 35 ah solar control box.

Plug-In Loop Detector
- Detectors plug directly into ports on circuit board simplifying wiring. (Not for use with the solar control boxes)
  - Single channel detector - P/N 9410-010
  - Dual channel detector - P/N 9409-010
  - Single channel detector with aux relay - P/N 9411-010
  - Single channel low power draw detector - P/N 9416-010
  - Dual channel low power draw detector - P/N 9415-010

External Loop Detector
- Reno A&E 12/24 VDC or 24 VAC - 9402-045
- Reno A&E 120 VAC - 9402-047
- Carlo Gavazzi 24 VAC/VDC - 9402-044
- Diablo 10-30 VAC/VDC low power draw - 9402-050

Loop Hardware
- DoorKing offers a complete line of loop components to complete your gate operator system.
  - See DoorKing's web site - www.doorking.com
  - See the free manual “Loop and Loop- Detectors Information” PDF located at Doorking's web site - www.doorking.com

Magnetic Lock
- Magnetic Gate Lock Kit provides an excellent means to secure swing gates and is a fail-safe device allowing emergency vehicle access upon power outage.
  - P/N 1216-080 and P/N 1216-081

Interconnection Cable
- Interconnect wire cable contains all the necessary wires to interconnect primary / secondary operators.
  - Cable length 30 feet. P/N 2600-755
  - Cable length 40 feet. P/N 2600-756
  - Cable length 50 feet. P/N 2600-757

Time Clock
- 7 day time clock can be used to automatically open gate at pre-set time and days. Compact clock fits inside the control box.
  - P/N 2600-791 - 7 day clock

Hinges
- Heavy-duty ball bearing hinges provide easy swing gate operation.
  - P/N 1200-009 (Flange), P/N 1200-019, P/N 1200-039. Two (2) required.

Speed Bumps
- Prefabricated six-foot speed bump reduces traffic speed through gate system. P/N 1610-150
Quick Guide for 6003 Limit Sensors

This guide is for installers familiar with DoorKing products ONLY. DO NOT use this as your only source to wire, adjust limit sensors and DIP-switches if you are unfamiliar with this operator. Please refer to the control box manual you are installing for complete wiring, adjustments and DIP-switch settings for this operator.

Power to the circuit board must be ON when adjusting the limit sensors.

A. Manually un-lock actuator arm with key and remove limit cover with 4 screws.

B. Manually move the gate to the desired open or closed position. Loosen limit nut and slowly slide the limit assembly until the corresponding LIMIT LED on the circuit board lights up and tighten nut. Manually move the gate to other position. Repeat process with the other limit assembly.

C. Re-lock actuator arm with key and test the gate stopping positions. Re-adjust if necessary.

D. Re-install the limit cover.

E. Adjust the secondary actuator limit sensors if dual actuators have been installed. DIP-switch SW 1, switch 2 controls secondary actuator opening direction. DIP-switch SW 1, switch 7 MUST be ON when using dual actuators.

IMPORTANT: The operator MUST OPEN GATE upon initial power up and OPEN command. If the operator closes gate after giving first open command, shut off power and reverse DIP-switch SW1, switch 1 setting otherwise operator will NOT function correctly.

Note: 3 and 5 limit LEDs can be Open or Close limits depending on DIP-switch SW 1, switch 1 and 2 settings.

Factory wired jumpers MUST be removed.
Actuator Arm and Control Box Mounting

To wire this operator and complete the installation, refer to the specific control box "Wiring/Owner’s manual".

6003-065-E-2-20

Entrapment Protection must be provided for the gate system where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exists. The operator will NOT run without one or more monitored type B1 or B2 entrapment protection devices in EACH entrapment area.

UL 325 August 2018 Standard

THIS PRODUCT IS TO BE INSTALLED AND SERVICED BY A TRAINED GATE/DOOR SYSTEMS TECHNICIAN ONLY.
Visit www.doorking.com/dealer-locator to find a professional installing and servicing dealer in your area.